Part One.. MARION WEEKLY STAR. Pages 1-8

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SYSTEM OF THE SCHOOL

It's Simply Followed by Midshipman Meriwether.

FIGHT FORCED ON HIM BY OPPONENT

He Simply Has To Resort to Time-Honored Policy.

It Develops That There Have Been Eight Fights at Annapolis Since the Death of Branch, Who Succumbs to the Pommeling Given Him by Meriwether—Such Fighting Said To Be Approved.

Annapolis, Md., Nov. 23.—Before the court-martial of Midshipman Minor Meriwether is concluded, there promises to be thrown into issue not only the circumstances of the fatal encounter of November 5, but the entire honor system of the academy, with its remedy for breaches of middy etiquet by personal combat.

The defense, it is understood, will develop two phases of the case. First that Meriwether was systematically persecuted by the second classmen, particularly Branch, and second, that under the time-honored system, his only recourse was the policy he adopted in his affair with Branch.

It will be shown not only that fighting is not prohibited at the academy, but has been tacitly and expressly approved by the authorities.

Eight Fights Since.

From stories being related about the campus, a finish fight occurred the evening following the Branch-Meriwether battle, and there have been, all told, some eight fights under the code between classmen in Bancroft hall since Branch's death.

While not a nightly occurrence in the midshipmen's dormitory, the customary method of settling personal disputes by fighting among 880 full-blooded lads must be rather frequently invoked. Nevertheless the record of eight fights in less than three weeks is considered going some even by the old officers who recall the piping days of twenty years ago when affairs of the "code" were settled back of the gas-house without the modern accompaniment of hot shower facilities in Bancroft hall.

Second Day's Session.

The secod day's session of the court-martial commenced promptly at 10 o'clock this morning at the Naval academy, Admiral Ramsay, president of the court, and other members were all present.

Meriwether, spick and span in his full dress uniform, was accompanied by his counsel, Lieutenant Commander Robinson, and his uncle, Colonel W. C. McNutt of Memphis, Tennessee.

During a brief delay, pending the arrival of the record of yesterday's proceedings, Rear Admiral McCormick moved that the judge advocate be instructed to seek more suitable quarters for the accommodation of the court. The small room in the recitation hall is poorly ventilated and inadequate in size. The court may move later to Bancroft hall.

Captain Marx read the record of the trial yesterday and distributed among the witnesses who appeared yesterday copies of their testimony for approval. These formalities occupied the better part of an hour.

Access to Regulations.

To prove that midshipmen have access to the naval regulations which prohibit fighting between persons in the navy, Marx called Lieutenant Commander H. J. Ziegmeier, executive officer on the training ship, Hartford. He testified that Meriwether was on last summer's cruise for a month and a half and during that time the regulations were read to the midshipmen and were posted on the gun deck for the information of all hands.

Branch's injury and the operation to save his life were described by Lieutenant Commander J. A Stone, chief medical officer of the academy.

Injuries of Branch.

Dr. Stone testified that Branch was unconscious when he examined him, with his face, head and forearms bruised and discolored. The left arm and leg were evidently paralyzed and the other arm and leg threshed about. The patient gradually quieted, the right foot twisting in, and his general condition grew worse. Medical Inspector Byrne and Stone summoned Dr. J. M. T. Finney and Dr. Thomas from Baltimore.

Branch's father in the meantime had arrived at Annapolis and late the day following the fight consented to what Stone called an "exploratory operation" by Finney. The first incision caused a very free hemorrhage, said Stone.

Skull Is Opened.

"When the skull was opened," Stone said, "it was discovered that the brain membranes were under great tension. As soon as the outer membrane was divided, there was a free discharge of fluid, while the blood vessels appeared turgid and strained. There were a few small blood clots, evidently originating in the apex of the brain. These were removed by irrigation so far as was safe. Upon the application of treatment, the pulsation of the brain, which had been suspended, re-appeared. The wound was dressed and the patient returned to bed."

Branch Grows Worse.

The midshipman's condition was apparently improved by the operation but grew worse early the following day. He died at 10:05 o'clock the morning of November 7. Stone, in answer to questions by Marx, said that Branch's injury was a brain lesion caused by concussion. While the actual cause of death could not be determined, owing to there being no autopsy, Stone believed it to have been an obliteration of the vital centers of the brain, due to odemia The latter condition, Stone said, was an absorption of fluid by the brain tissues much after the manner of a sponge. The location of this trouble was apparently deep within the brain at a point where death would have resulted from an effort to reach the trouble for treatment.

Injuries Possible from Fight.

"Were Branch's injuries such as could have resulted from an encounter of twenty-three and a half rounds of fighting with an opponent the size of Meriwether using punching bag gloves?" asked Judge Advocate Marx.

"I think they could," replied Stone.

Asked if Branch's life could have been saved by the earlier treatment than he received the surgeon replied he thought Branch would have died anyway from what could be judged of his trouble through the symptoms developed prior to the operation and the conditions as shown by the examination of the brain.

Cross-examination by Rear Admiral Barker carried Stone over a wide field of medical science. He gave it as his opinion that the affection of Branch's brain was caused by the repeated blows on the side of his head.

Concussion Would Be Unusual.

"Do physicians consider it usual for concussion of the brain to result from fist blows?" asked Commander Fisk.

"My own opinion is that it would be unusual."

Stone, in resonse to Admiral McCormick, said he did not consider boxing under ordinary conditions with padded gloves dangerous, but with punching bag gloves greater danger attached.

"These gloves, I understand," he said, taking up those used in the Meriwether-Branch fight, "when sweaty, are worse than naked fists."

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HEBREWS MOURN FOR THEIR DEAD

Thousands March Through the Streets of New York.

THE BAND PLAYS FUNERAL DIRGES

Settlers from Southern Russia Give Details of Horrible Atrocities Committed by the Mobs—Children Are Brutally Beaten and Women Are Stabbed to Death.

New York, Nov 23.—The Jews on the East Side made today a day of mourning for the victims of their race who perished in the Russian massacres. Six thousand men and women passed through the streets of the Ghetto in a mourning parade, behind a band with muffled drums, playing funeral dirges. Many prayer meetings were held simultaneously with the parade.

Letters received by Jews from survivors of the massacres tell tales of horror in southern Russia. One of the letters read:

"With my own eyes, I saw some of the mob take little babies and children, throw them as high in the air as they could, and let them fall on the paving stones to be crushed to death. Others took little babies, raised them over their heads and threw them down as hard as they could, killing many in this way. Women were stabbed and cut open with big knives.

"We who remain envy those who are dead."

NEW RULERS OF NORWAY

They Depart for Their Future Home Today.

TARDY ENTHUSIASM OF PEOPLE AROUSED

Cannon at the Forts Are Fired, in Salute.

King Haakon and Queen Maud Drive Through the Streets of Copenhagen in a Gilded Chariot—Squadron of Danish Warships Convoys the Danneborg to Christiana—Departure of Prince Affects Father.

Copenhagen, Nov. 23.—The people who have at last been aroused to tardy enthusiasm over the election of Prince Charles of Denmark to the throne of Norway today for the first time gave the new King Haakon and Queen Maud a notable ovation, as the new Norwegian rulers were taking their departure for their future home.

At first the masses of the people held aloof and showed little interest in the selection of a Danish prince to the new crown The enthusiasm among royalists and the elaborate descriptions in the newspapers of the ceremonies with which Prince Charles was informed of his election and accepted the crown aroused them to greater enthusiasm.

City Gaily Decorated.

Today the city was gaily decked out with flags and great crowds of people thronged the streets. A holiday was decreed and the presence of great throngs of children added to the spectacle. The weather was ideal and this resulted in bringing out thousands, who engaged in all kinds of holiday festivities. Haakon and Maud drove in a golden coach through the crowds of people, escorted by a detachment of hussars, to the harbor, where they boarded King Christian's yacht, Danneborg. All members of the Danish royal family and all Danish officials participated in the ceremony with which the young rulers were started on their journey to Norway Haakon wore the uniform of an admiral of the Danish navy, a position conferred on him by King Christian Christian and Haakon were visibly moved as they said good-by to each other. Maud was calm and chatted of the future plans of herself and husband.

Fortress Guns Boom.

As the Danneborg started on her journey, Haakon, Maud and their son, Prince Olaf, the young crown prince of Norway, waved handkerchiefs to the huge crowds assembled at all points of vantage about the harbor. The guns of the Sixtus fortress boomed out a salute of sixteen guns as the Norwegian flag was run up at the masthead of the Danneborg, and this was succeeded by rounds of cheers from the people.

A squadron of Danish warships will accompany the Danneborg to Christiania. By starting today, the new king will arrive at Christiania a day earlier than was at first arranged. This change in the program was made so that Maud will have time to recuperate after the seasickness which it is feared she will experience, if this is necessary, so that she will be in conditon to stand the strain of the official reception arranged in honor of the new rulers of Norway.

IN FAVOR OF LOCKS; NOT THE SEA LEVEL

Minority Report of Consulting Engineers May Be Adopted.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Secretary Bishop of the Panama canal commission has intimated that the members of the commission and the president, who have to review the reports of the consulting board of engineers, will probably recommend to congress the adoption of the minority report which was signed by five American engineers and which recommends the construction of the canal with locks at an elevation of thirty feet.

The foreign members of the board feel very much hurt at the reported dissatisfaction of President Roosevelt with their recommendation for a sea level canal.

Jewish Relief Fund.

New York, Nov. 23.—Subscriptions to the fund to relieve the sufferers from the Jew massacres in Russia today total $669,756.82.

MARQUIS ITO IS ATTACKED BY MOB

Tokyo, Nov. 23.—A message from Seoul says that Marquis Ito was attacked by riotous Koreans, Wednesday night, and struck by a stone and slightly injured. No details of the affair are given.

GIRLS KICK GOALS: WHITEWASH BOYS

Military Academy Students Suffer a Complete Defeat.

South Norwalk, Conn., Nov. 23.—In a hard-fought game of football between the girls' team of Mrs. M. E. Mead's private seminary of Hillside and the eleven of boys from the Overlook-Sollick Military academy of Norwalk, the girls won, twelve to naught. After the game, the academy voted to take the colors and letters from the boys for one month as punishment for suffering defeat from girls.

The contest was played under the regular rules and was contested vigorously. Basket-ball and gymnasium work had put the girls in excellent physical condition, and they broke through the boys' line of defense time and again. They displayed surprising knowledge of the game and its tricks.

Miss Mary Rider was captain of the seminary team. At center, she not only bore the brunt of the contest, but proved an adept at kicking goals.

THIRTEEN MONKS DIE IN EARTHQUAKE

They Are Crushed by Falling Rocks on Mt. Athos.

Vienna, Nov. 23 —Thirteen monks were killed during an earthquake at Mount Athos by the fall of rock, which crushed them. Several others who were in a boat were drowned by a sea wave caused by the earthquake.

Carnegie Sends Check.

Terre Haute, Ind., Nov. 23.—Andrew Carnegie has sent a check for $12,000 to the Westfield, Illinois, college, an United Brethren school, his stipulation that a like amount be raised by subscription having been complied with.

COUNT WITTE'S HEALTH IS A SOURCE OF GREAT ANXIETY TO HIS FRIENDS

London, Nov. 23.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Standard says he has excellent authority for stating that Count Witte's health is causing the gravest anxiety. He had a paralytic seizure last week, partially disabling his left arm several hours, accompanied by brief attacks of fainting. This is the second time he has suffered from paralysis.

SARAH BERNHARDT AND HER FAREWELL TOUR.

Sarah Bernhardt, who is now in the United States for what she declares shall be her farewell tour of North America, is generally regarded as the greatest actress the world has produced since the time of Rachel, who, like Bernhardt, was a Frenchwoman and a Jewess. Mme. Bernhardt has visited the United States several times and has made a great deal of money for her managers and herself. The great actress, who has long been a grandmother, is sixty-five years of age and is the proprietor of the Theatre Sarah Bernhardt, in Paris.

REALM OF SICK MAN

The Macedonian Situation Is Becoming Serious.

SULTAN OF TURKEY FEARS REVOLUTION

The Proposal of the Powers Is Rejected.

Foreign Ambassadors Are Conferring at Constantinople—The Powers Are Surprised at The Porte's Attitude—The Young Turkish Party Renews Activity — An Important Ministerial Council Held.

Paris, Nov. 23.—A prominent diplomatist this morning made a statement to the correspondent of the Scripps-McRae Press association explaining the real situation in Turkey regarding the demand made by the powers for international control of the finances of Macedonia. Said he:

"Confused reports are the result of conflicting decisions on the part of the Turkish council of ministers The council at its first meeting three days ago decided to yield to the demand of the powers. Then it learned that Germany's interests favored backing the sultan at least morally, in order to create a disunion in Europe before the Algeciras conference on Moroccan affairs, so the council was directed to reject all demands. Finally, after remaining in constant session to discuss the matter until yesterday, the answer was sent to the ambassadors which has caused such surprise to the powers The reply rejects the proposals of the powers.

Question Not Solved.

"Despite the apparent conciliation offered in agreeing to extend the terms of civil agents of the powers in Macedonia to two years, the question is not solved in any way. Further consideration is necessary, however, in view of this development.

"The foreign ambassadors are now conferring in Constantinople and will communicate with their governments, when a further exchange of views will follow. In the meantime, the international fleet will continue to concentrate at Piraeus so as to be ready to sail when ordered.

"The demonstration is considered more necessary now than ever before unless all hope of settling Macedonian affairs in accordance with the dictates of humanity is to be renounced. It is expected that the orders to the fleet to sail will be only a question of hours."

Great Uneasiness Caused.

Constantinople, Nov. 23.—The Porte has received advices from Macedonia that if the sultan accepts the plans of the European powers for international control of the finances of Macedonia, he will seriously weaken the loyalty of the Turks in Macedonia.

This news, in connection with the renewed activity on the part of the young Turkish party, since the Russian revolution has been in progress, is causing the greatest uneasiness to the advisers of the sultan at Yildiz Kiosk. The sultan's counsellors fear the possibility of a revolution in Turkey in the near future and are greatly worried over the prospect.

An important ministerial council was held this week at the Yildiz Kiosk. It is understood at this time the possibility of the sultan being obliged to grant a constitution to Turkey was discussed, but it is not known what decision was reached.

Decision Is Approved.

Constantinople, Nov. 23.—The sultan today issued an order approving the decision of the council of ministers to reject the demands of the powers for international control of the finances of Macedonia

Vice Admiral Husni Pasha has started on a special steamer for the Dardanelles, presumably with instructions for the commander of the forts regarding the commander's conduct in the event of the appearance of the international fleet. Similar instructions have been sent to the governors of the Turkish islands in the archipelago.

BANKER SKIPS OUT TO AVOID ARREST

Is Charged With Making Illegal Deals.

Mount Sterling, Ky., Nov. 23.—L. P. Morgan, vice president of the Leonora National bank, which failed at Morehead, Rowan county, last Saturday, has left for parts unknown and is badly wanted.

Warrants have been sworn out for his arrest on the charge of having obtained two checks for $550 by an illeged illegal deal in railroad securities with an eastern Kentucky firm. Morgan was president of the Wheeler-Holden Lumber company, which did a large business in the Sandy valley, and held other large interests. This firm borrowed $18,000 from the Leonora bank and, when the amount fell due, the company went under. The failure of this company is mainly responsible for the closing of the bank. When last heard from, Morgan was in St. Louis. It is thought he has gone to British Honduras.

CHARTER MAY BE REVOKED

A Quo Warranto Proceeding May Be Had.

CHICAGO AND ALTON TO HAVE A HEARING

The Company Is Charged With Excessive Over-Capitalization and It Must Answer in Court December 11—Attorney Healy Declines To Deny or Affirm Statement.

Chicago, Nov. 23.—Quo warranto proceedings against the Chicago and Alton railroad, involving the possible annulment of its charter because of alleged excessive capitalization, may result from a hearing before State's Attorney Healy, December 11. Healy admitted that there was to be a hearing before him on that date in relation to matters affecting the Chicago & Alton, although declining either to deny or affirm specifically that quo warranto proceedings were contemplated.

"Quo warranto proceedings would not be taken without full knowledge of the facts," said Healy.

"Will the facts necessary to reach a decision be known after December 11?" Healy was asked.

"Yes," was the answer.

Will Not Notice Lawson.

Butte, Mont., Nov. 23.—Senator William A. Clark, who has just returned from a long trip abroad, says he will take no notice of the charges made by Tom Lawson.

IN SHADOW OF GALLOWS

Mrs. Mary Rogers Faces Death by Hanging.

SEEMS CARELESS OF HER AWFUL FATE

Governor Bell Will Not Pardon Her Crime.

Disclosures of Immorality and Debauchery Within the Prison Walls Are Made—The Story of Vermont's Shame Told to the Prison Authorities—All Former Sympathizers Have Deserted Her.

Montpelier, Ver., Nov. 23.—Mrs. Mary Rogers will be hanged December 6 unless the United States supreme court, before nightfall November 27, decides that the woman's rights have been infringed by the state of Vermont, and directs that she be given a retrial, or be released.

Technically and actually, she is a ward of the United States, under marshal's control, and for the last week, perhaps, the convicted slayer of her husband enjoys communion with friends and the world.

Governor Bell has spurned a seat in congress or election to the United States senate, if it be the price of gubernatorial clemency, and is determined that justice, thrice thwarted, shall be meted out to the young woman if the federal court of last resort says that the state judges have not erred.

Shocking Revelations.

Shocking revelations of Mrs. Rogers' conduct while in prison, under death sentence, were unfolded before the commissioners, who heard the story of Vermont's shame.

The condition of affairs at the state prison at Windsor, where free love was flaunted, where all jail officials from highest to menials and even favored prisoners, met on a common ground of debauchery, was learned. A figure of it all was Mary Rogers. The wave of pity which swept the state a few months ago has entirely disappeared, and even clergymen change the topic when asked if they will again intercede for the woman.

Already in Windsor prison the gallows are being erected. If the word from Washington is "death," then Mrs. Rogers will be placed again in the death room with the death watch over her.

Prisoner Appears Careless.

The woman whose life is in the balance is nonchalant. Three days ago she said:

"I told you they never would hang me, and they won't. There's never yet been a man who wouldn't do most anything for me, after I had a talk with him."

The woman jeers at religion. "Enjoy yourself," is her motto. She had powerful friends a few months ago. Now not even the fact that she was about to become a mother when she killed her husband has the slightest effect upon the former friends.

JAPS TO HAVE AN UP-TO-DATE NAVY

Russian Troops Returning Home from Manchuria.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 23.—Mail advices from the Orient state that Japan is preparing to enter a naval program calculated to bankrupt a richer nation. A naval official says the best ships of the navy are already out of date and plans have been made for the construction of battleships of 22,000 tons, capable of making twenty knots and carrying fourteen twelve-inch guns.

Already a score of smaller vessels are under construction and others will be begun soon.

Mail advices also state the Russians propose to send six army corps home from Manchuria and allow three army corps, 322,000 men, and 1,400 guns to remain for the time being.

School Girls' Peril.

Lawrence, Mass., Nov. 23.—Four hundred school girls had a narrow escape yesterday from fire in a French parochial school. Twenty-five girls dropped from the third story. All but one were caught without injury.

Dinser Convicted.

New York, Nov. 23.—After deliberating many hours, a jury before which Gustav Dinser, slayer of the child of Mrs. Agnes Renoud, was found guilty of murder in the second degree early yesterday in the court of general sessions.

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CANVASS OF VOTE IN OHIO

Secretary of State Laylin Has Completed the Task.

PATTISON'S PLURALITY 42,647

Total Only Forty Thousand Below the Presidential Vote of Last Year. Falling Off Shown In the Number Cast by the Minor Parties—Miscellaneous News of Buckeye State.

Columbus, O., Nov. 24.—The official canvass of the vote cast at the state election Nov. 7 has been completed by the secretary of state, who announces the following results:

Vote on governor: Herrick, 430,617; Pattison, 473,264; Pattison's plurality, 42,647. Results on the other state candidates: Harris, 456,341; Houck, 427,162; Harris' plurality, 29,179. McKinnon, 462,447; Mason, 418,515; McKinnon's plurality, 43,932. Ellis, 461,402; Rice, 418,954; Ellis' plurality, 42,448. Davis, 462,115; Mathers, 417,420; Davis, plurality, 44,695. Kirtley, 462,081; McGovern, 415,532; Kirtley's plurality, 46,549.

The party vote on governor stood as follows: Pattison, 473,264; Herrick, 430,617; Cowen (Socialist), 17,795; Watkins (Pro.), 13,061; Steiger (Socialist Labor), 1,808. This will compel only the latter to petition for a place on the state ticket next year.

The Prohibition vote decreased a trifle more than one-third, the Socialist vote nearly one-half, the Socialist Labor about one-third. Last year the Prohibition vote was 19,252, the Socialist 32,703 and the Socialist Labor 2,534. The vote was unusually heavy for a gubernatorial election, being less than 40,000 below the presidential vote of last year. Mr. Pattison almost fulfilled the desires of his campaign managers that he poll as large a vote as did W. J. Bryan, who had 474,822.

Pattison carried 57 counties, with pluralities totaling 66,656; Governor Herrick 31 counties, with 24,009. Governor Herrick's largest plurality was in Montgomery county, 2,975. Mr. Pattison's largest plurality was in Cuyahoga county, 15,908.

The total vote cast in the state was 961,505 and the total vote for governor was 936,545, leaving 24,906 voters who did not vote for governor at all. This rather high percentage was doubtless due to the large amount of scratching and unfamiliarity with the rules of voting.

Characteristics of Convicts.

Columbus, O., Nov. 24.—According to the annual report of the Ohio penitentiary intemperance and illiteracy are characteristics of the prisoners. Nearly a third of them blame liquor for their downfall and about one-third can neither read nor write. Nearly all claim to have had religious instruction of some kind before entering the prison. The records also show that a very large proportion were forced to earn their own living at an early age. Of the 1,553 prisoners confined on Oct. 31, 172 were foreign-born. Of the inmates 1,497 were males and 56 were females. Of the males 998 were white and 499 were colored. Of the females 27 were white and 29 colored. These prisoners had living children to the number of 1,742. Since the organization of the penitentiary in 1815 and down to Oct. 31, 1905, the close of the fiscal year of the institution, just 30,512 have served time behind the walls.

Speakership Contest.

Columbus, O., Nov. 24. — Nothing definite regarding the speakership developed at the conference here of Republican representatives-elect. The meeting, however, revealed another candidate, William E. Roll of Warren. Another conference will be held two weeks hence.

Woman Burned to Death.

Frazeysburg, O., Nov. 24. — Mrs. William Wilson was burned to death at her home. It is thought that her clothing caught fire from her pipe, as she was smoking at that time.

Barge Founders.

Ironton, O., Nov. 24. — The Chesapeake and Ohio transfer barge with six loaded cars sank in the Ohio river. The steamer Bob Ballard had a narrow escape. Loss, $16,000.

By Falling Tree.

Salem, O., Nov. 24.—Orlo Camp, 18, near Tecgarden, 10 miles south of here, was killed by a falling tree, the trunk striking and crushing Camp.

Ban Johnson Indorsed.

Chicago, Nov. 24. — President Ban Johnson came out of the annual meeting of the American Baseball league entirely vindicated of the charges made against him of trying to wreck the organization by bringing about an amalgamation with the National league. In a resolution offered by Secretary Minor of the Washington club and seconded by F. J. Navin of the Detroit club, and voted for by every club in the league, the Chicago club included, President Johnson's management of the affairs of the league is freely indorsed.

Ends in Deadlock.

Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 24.—Independent glass manufacturers and representatives of their workmen met here to effect an organization to keep up prices and to adjust wage scales. The conference ended in a deadlock, and will be resumed in Pittsburg Dec. 5.

MANNING'S STORY.

Depew's "Up-River Friend" Before the Insurance Investigation.

New York, Nov. 24. — William S. Manning of Albany, referred to in letters addressed to John A. Nichols by Senator C. M. Depew at a previous session as the "rantankerous friend up the river," was called to the stand at the insurance investigation. Manning detailed his work for the various companies for many years, and came gradually to the time when he took up insurance work in Albany and, as he testified, was paid $450 a year by John A. Nichols "to protect life insurance interests, always in the interests of the business but not in the interests of the officers."

An interesting part of the testimony was reached when Mr. Hughes inquired concerning the state insurance investigation of 1877. Manning said he acted as an expert there and found that the reports of the proceedings were "garbled and untrue." He testified that he secured a corrected report of the proceedings from the official stenographer and had a volume printed, the alleged garbled parts being printed in italics. This report was sold to some insurance companies for $50 a copy. The volume was copyrighted, but Mr. Manning declined to admit that this copyright was secured to prevent the publication of testimony contained in the work. He denied also that he had ever made arrangements with insurance companies to stop the publication of his book. "I just gave it up," he said, when Mr. Hughes inquired.

CRUSHED IN ICE.

Arctic Explorer's Vessel Wrecked, but Crew Escape.

Dundee, Scotland, Nov. 24.—George Cleveland of Massachusetts returned to Dundee from a whaling expedition in Davis strait, bringing news from Eskimo sources that Captain Amundsen's Arctic expedition ship Gjoa had been crushed in the ice at Boothia Felix (the northernmost part of the mainland of North America), and that the explorers escaped and have been living with the natives. The Dundee whalers who were appointed to meet Captain Anderson with stores have not been able to trace him.

Cause of Cadet's Death.

Annapolis, Md., Nov. 24.—The prosecution used its heavy artillery in the line of medical testimony during the session of the courtmartial which is trying Midshipman Meriwether for manslaughter in connection with the death of Midshipman Branch. The operation upon Midshipman Branch consisted of lifting and folding over a portion of the skull in order to remove such bloodclots as might be formed. It was brought out that the injury, though on the right side, was occasioned by the successive fist blows on the left side of the head. All the medical officers gave it as their very positive conviction that Branch died from the effect of the blows he had received in his fight with Midshipman Meriwether.

Retirement of General Chaffee.

Washington, Nov. 24.—With his departure from Washington for a month's visit to southern California, Lieutenant General Chaffee practically terminated his active connection with the army. Although he will return here during the Christmas holidays to attend a reunion of his family, it is not believed that he will resume the actual duties of the office of chief of staff, as it is his purpose to go on the retired list shortly thereafter. Major General John C. Bates, now assistant chief of staff, will act as chief of staff during the absence of General Chaffee, and on the retirement of the latter he will be regularly assigned to duty as chief of staff with the rank of lieutenant general.

Rockefeller to Testify.

New York, Nov. 24. — Subpoenas were issued for John D. Rockefeller, Henry H. Rogers, Henry M. Flagler and other financiers to appear as witnesses in the two suits pending in Missouri to oust the Standard Oil company and two other oil companies from doing business in that state. The subpoenas directed the witnesses to appear on Dec. 4 before Frederick H Sanborn of this city, who was appointed by Governor Folk to act as commissioner for the state of Missouri. The suits were filed in Missouri March 29, 1905, and include besides the Standard Oil company, the Republic Oil company and the Waters-Pierce Oil company.

British Claim.

Washington, Nov. 24.—The British ambassador to this country, Sir Mortimer Durand, called on Secretary Root regarding the question which has come up through a claim of the Manila and Dagupan railroad for $1,500,000 damages. This railroad is in the hands of English capitalists, who claim that during the war between Spain and the United States and during the revolution following the American occupation of the Philippines, the use of the railroad for military purposes made them suffer damages to the extent of $1,560,000.

Dougherty Weakens.

Peoria, Ill., Nov. 24. — Newton C. Dougherty, former superintendent of Peoria schools and now in jail on the charge of [illegible] several hundred thousand dollars of the city's money, has weakened and told his attorneys that he would plead guilty to the charge of embezzlement. The intended action on the part of Dougherty has been kept very quiet by the attorneys in order that there may be no crowd when the prisoner appears in court.

FLEET SAILS FOR TURKEY

Admiral of International Squadron Receives the Order.

MAY SEIZE IMPORTANT PORT

Powers Determined to Secure the Acquiescence of the Sultan In the European Control of the Administration of Proposed Macedonian Reforms—Porte May Yet Yield.

London, Nov. 24. — The refusal of the Turkish government to accept European control of the revenues of the vilayets of Macedonia, notwithstanding the ultimatum presented by the allied powers, is about to lead to the putting into operation of the threat of a naval demonstration with the view of compelling the acquiescence of Turkey in the European control of the administration of the proposed reforms in Macedonia.

The powers are said to have agreed, as the first part of their procedure, on the seizure of the harbors and custom houses of the island Mitylene, the island of Lemnos, in the northern part of the Aegean sea, and the island of Tenedos, on the west coast of Asia Minor.

The fact that the session of the council of ministers at which the proposals of the powers were rejected was a stormy one, and that all the ministers except the minister of war favored yielding to the ultimatum, leads to the belief that the sultan will yield at the first show of determination on the part of the powers, after satisfying his people that he is yielding to superior forces.

The obduracy of the sultan apparently is based on the belief that he had the passive support of the emperor of Germany and upon the jealousies supposed to exist among the powers interested. In diplomatic quarters it had been supposed to the very last the sultan would yield, and even now it is expected that he will do so before the international fleet takes active measures.

Fleet Ordered to Move.

Vienna, Nov. 24.—Baron Von Calice, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador at Constantinople, has telegraphed Admiral Ritter Von Jedine for a portion of the international fleet to sail immediately, proceeding either to Mytilene (an island of the Grecian archipelago belonging to Turkey in Asia), or for Besika bay (near the entrance to Dardanelles).

Commanders Confer.

Athens, Nov. 24.—It is understood the international fleet will sail today. The ministers paid visits to the commanders of the warships of their respective countries. The commanders later held a conference on board the Austrian flagship.

IN A FOG.

Construction Trains In Collision. Six Fatalities.

Albion, Ind., Nov. 24. — Five men are dead and one fatally injured as a result of the collision of two construction trains on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad, two miles west of here. The dead: Engineer Odenkirk, Garrett, Ind., of the work train; John C. Deitch, Avilla, Ind., fireman on gravel train; J. M. Cress, Fort Wayne, brakeman; two Roumanian brakemen. Fatally injured: R. W. Stronse, Avilla, Ind., of the gravel train. In a dense fog a work train, eastbound, crashed into a gravel train westbound. Both engines had right of way orders and neither is blamed for the disaster.

Burton's Motion Overruled.

St. Louis, Nov. 24. — In a lengthy opinion, United States Circuit Judge Willis Van Devanter overruled a motion to dismiss all the counts in the indictment against United States Senator J. Ralph Burton, charged with having accepted compensation to act as an attorney for the Rialto Grain and Securities company before the postoffice department at Washington, which was filed by the defense immediately following the close of the government's case. Testimony adduced today was regarded as very damaging to Senator Burton. The witness, Charles H Brooks, testified that Senator Burton had been introduced to him on the recommendation that he employ the senator, who would, it was stated, be a valuable man for him in the light of a pending investigation by the postoffice department of an investment concern of which he was the president.

Will Enlarge Toledo Plant.

Syracuse, N. Y., Nov. 24.—Lyman C. Smith and H. S. Wilkinson of this city have incorporated in Maine the Toledo Shipbuilding company, capital $1,100,000. The corporation has purchased the Craig Shipbuilding company at Toledo and will enlarge the plant. Alexander McVittie resigns as president and general manager of the Detroit Shipbuilding company, Detroit, to accept a similar position with the new company.

Faces Another Charge.

Tucson, A. T., Nov. 24 — R. Allyn Lewis, vice president of the late International bank of Nogales, who has been on trial here on a charge of connivance in the publication of an alleged false statement as to the financial condition of the bank, was acquitted. He was then placed on trial on a charge of embezzling $5,500.

FAVORS HOME RULE.

British Liberal Leader Outlines His Attitude Toward Ireland.

Stirling, Scotland, Nov. 24.—Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, leader of the Liberal party, speaking here, plainly outlined his attitude toward home rule for Ireland. He said that the only way to heal the difficulties of the Irish government and make Ireland strong instead of weak was to give the Irish people the management of their own domestic affairs. Opinions regarding Ireland in this respect were becoming stronger.

Balfour Will Resign.

London, Nov. 24.—Tremendous activity developed in political circles consequent on the circulation of a well-founded report that Premier Balfour had decided to bring his ministry to a close and to directly or indirectly appeal to the country. Rumors regarding the resignation of the cabinet and the dissolution of parliament have been thick for three months past, but when two of the leading government organs, almost in the same terms, "suggested" the immediate resignation of the premier on account of the unmendable breach in the Unionist party over the fiscal question, the "suggestion" was looked upon as having been inspired by Mr. Balfour himself.

GENERAL BALLOT

Demanded by the Zemstvoists, Who Pledge Witte Support.

Moscow, Nov. 24.—By a scant majority of 20 the zemstvo congress accepted the first section of the program drafted by the executive committee declaring the solidarity of the congress with the principles of the imperial manifesto of Oct. 30, and assuring the government of the support of the great majority of zemstvos and municipalities in carrying into effect the liberties promised by the manifesto, but laying down as the sole means of guaranteeing the authority of the douma and restoring order in the country the election of representatives by a general, direct, equal and secret ballot and the formal grant to the first douma of the power to elaborate a constitution for the empire. The friends of Count Witte on the floor made a stout fight against the provision for a direct ballot, the one concession which the premier considers it impossible to grant, but this provision was carried over their heads by a two-thirds majority.

Ordered to Shoot Agitators.

Warsaw, Nov. 24. — Governor General Skallon has sent a confidential circular to the temporary military governors recently appointed in the 10 Polish provinces, ordering them to consider agitators and rioters as insurgents and to shoot them down until they are all exterminated, and also to disperse public meetings by the use of firearms.

Canal Appropriation.

Washington, Nov. 24.—It was stated at the war department that while congress would be asked to appropriate a total of $16,000,000 to meet the needs of the Panama canal work to June 30 next, it is not expected that congress will appropriate it in a lump sum. What is expected by the canal officials is that congress will pass a bill making available a portion of this amount to meet the immediate wants of the commission, because, it was explained, congress would probably investigate to learn how the money thus far expended has been used before appropriating the full $16,000,000.

Exceeded Contract Speed.

Boston, Nov. 24. — The battleship Virginia completed her official speed tests in a four-hour race run down the coast, during which she slightly exceeded her contract speed of 19 knots an hour by maintaining an average revolution of her propellers of 129.5 a minute. Her speed as announced by the trial board was 19.01 knots an hour.

GRAIN AND LIVE STOCK.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle: Export, good to choice, $4 75@5 50; shipping steers, $4 35@4 75; butchers' cattle, $3 70@5 00; cows, $2 00@3 75; bulls, $2 25@3 75; milkers and springers, $20 00@55 00. Sheep and Lambs — Good to choice yearlings, $5 75@6 00; wethers, $5 50@5 65; mixed, $5 25@5 50; ewes, $4 75@5 00; spring lambs $6 00@7 55. Calves—Best, $8 00@8 75. Hogs—Heavies and mediums, $5 05@5 15; Yorkers, $5 00@5 10; pigs, $5 10; roughs, $4 25@4 50; stags, $2 00@4 00.

CLEVELAND — Cattle: Steers, choice fat, $4 50@5 10; common and rough, $3 25@4 00; heifers, $4 25@4 09; cows, $2 00@2 75; bulls, $2 25@3 25; milkers and springers, $15 00@50 00. Sheep and Lambs—Good to choice lambs, $7 00@7 10; culls, $5 75@6 25; wethers, $5 00@5 25; mixed sheep $4 65@5 00; ewes, $4 50@5 00. Calves—$7 50 down. Hogs—Mixed weights, $5 00, medium heavy, $5 00; pigs, $5 00 down; stags and roughs, $3 50@4 35.

CHICAGO—Cattle: Common to prime steers, $2 90@6 50; cows, $2 80@4 25; heifers, $2 00@5 00; bulls, $2 00@4 00; stockers and feeders, $2 15@4 15. Sheep and Lambs — Sheep, $3 75@5 50; yearlings, $5 50@6 00; spring lambs, $6 75@7 50. Calves—$2 00@7 00. Hogs—Good to prime heavy, $4 85@4 95; medium to good heavy, $4 75@4 85; strongweight butchers', $4 85@4 95; good to choice heavy mixed, $4 70@4 80; packing, $4 30@4 50.

PITTSBURG — Cattle: Choice, $5 25@5 50; prime, $5 00@5 20; tidy butchers', $4 10@4 40; heifers, $2 25@3 80; cows, bulls and stags, $2 00@3 50; fresh cows, $25 00@50 00. Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, $5 25@5 50; mixed, $4 40@5 20; lambs, $5 00@7 50. Calves—Veal, $5 00@7 75. Hogs—Prime heavy, $5 10; heavy Yorkers, mediums and light Yorkers, $5 05@5 10; pigs, $5 00@5 05.

CINCINNATI—Wheat: No. 2 red, 88½@89½c. Corn—Mixed, 41c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 33½@34c. Rye—No. 2, 73c. Lard—$6 50. Bulk meats—$7 37½. Bacon—$8 50. Hogs—$4 00@4 95. Cattle—$2 00@4 75. Sheep—$3 00@4 75. Lambs—$4 50@7 25.

NEW YORK—Wheat: No. 2 red, 90¾c. Corn—No. 2, 57¼c. Oats—Mixed, 35@36c.

TOLEDO—Wheat, 88c; corn, 46½c; oats, 31½c; rye, 67½c; clover seed, $8 10.

CHARGED WITH BIG SHORTAGE

Cashier of a Federal Assay Office Placed Under Arrest.

SAID TO HAVE CONFESSED

Thirty-five Thousand Dollars In Gold Stolen From the Office Since Last March—Twelve Thousand In Currency Found on the Person of the Suspect—Official's Statement.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 24.—Accused of the theft of $35,000 in gold dust, George Adams, cashier of the United States assay office here, was placed under arrest by secret service officials.

Twelve thousand dollars were found on Adams' person by Secret Service Agent Connell, who has been at work on the case for several weeks. Mr. Connell claims that Adams has made practically complete confession that he has abstracted more than $30,000 from miners' pokes since June last and substituted sand to maintain the weight. Adams was taken before United States Commissioner Keifer and held in $30,000 bonds to appear for preliminary examination. Adams made no statement other than to demur as to the amount alleged to have been taken.

Secret Service Agent Connell, on the witness stand, testified that from the result of his investigation and examination of Adams' account he had reason to believe that the shortage would exceed $35,000.

A secret service official said: "The Seattle assay office is used by the Klondike miners. Usually there is a loss of one-fourth of 1 per cent, the impurities in the assay of gold ore seldom varying from that, but during the last few months the impurities at the Seattle office had run to three-fourths of 1 per cent and even higher. This led to suspicion. Then ore from the same vein was sent to both San Francisco and Seattle, with the result that the former assay was normal and the latter far from it. When Agent Connell reached Seattle he found that Adams had access to the vault where the dust was deposited. Connell provided tests with 2,000 ounces of gold dust. He had it assayed and weighed and placed in the vault within reach of Adams. When Adams was arrested a pair of gold scales and a supply of back sand was found in the vault. The gold dust is deposited in cans with the names tagged onto each. Adams took out three ounces from each of the cans and then put back three ounces of black sand."

LEADER OF PLOT

Said to Be a Congressman, Who Will Be Arrested.

Havana, Nov. 24. — Congressman Pino Guerra is charged by the prosecuting judge of San Juan y Martinez with the leadership of the insurrectionary plotting in that vicinity. It is alleged that the congressman was present with other leaders when their place of meeting was raided recently, but that he escaped. The leading members of this band, it is pointed out, served in the revolution as officers of the regiment of which Congressman Guerra was colonel. The exemption of congressmen from arrest, it is said, will not prevent Guerra's apprehension. Some minor arrests have been made as the result of the investigation into the seizure of arms in the suburb of Cerro, but none of them is of importance.

Slap at Labor Unions.

Atlantic City, N. J., Nov. 24.—Before adjourning sine die the National Grange adopted a resolution declaring "that we, as American citizens, believe it is every man's privilege to work as many hours as he wills for pay and that energy, thrift and activity are entitled to encouragement and should command rightful compensation for the services rendered." This is taken as a direct aim at labor unions, and may mean a contest between the farmers and organized labor. Another resolution adopted provides that "when a granger is found to be dealing in liquor or conducting a saloon he shall be dropped from the roll without notice." Denver, Colo., was chosen as the place for the next annual meeting.

Prominent Horseman Ill.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 24. — Captain Samuel S. Brown, multi-millionaire and prominent horseman of this city, lies dangerously ill at his residence on Squirrel hill. Captain Brown has had two paralytic strokes and for the past year has suffered almost continuously with stomach trouble. Captain Brown is known all over the country as a lover of horses. His stables at Lexington, Ky., and other places are the most complete to be found anywhere, and contain a number of thoroughbreds of national reputation.

Finland's Governor General.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 24.—While Nicholas N. Gerhard is Count Witte's selection for governor general of Finland, he is not the choice of the Finnish delegation here, who preferred Prince Peter Sviatapolk-Mirsky. The members of the delegation say the new governor general probably will be entirely acceptable to the Finnish nation. He is a man of liberal views, is regarded as an authority on matters of jurisprudence, and it is believed will make a good administrator.

SENSATION

Created by Testimony of Former Official of Standard Oil.

St. Louis, Nov. 24.—William A. Morgan, former manager of Standard Oil company at Sedalia, Mo., testified at the oil inquiry here that the Standard Oil company issued orders to its agents to undersell competitors at all hazards. He asserted that upon one occasion he was supplied with false gauges to be used in the attempt to "drive the enemy from the field." Morgan's testimony created a sensation, and the Standard Oil attorneys offered frequent and vigorous objections. Morgan testified that he went into the employ of the Standard Oil company Jan. 15, 1898, as a salesman. Soon after he was made a resident manager of the company, with headquarters at Sedalia. "When I took charge of the Sedalia office," said the witness, "the Standard Oil company controlled 50 or 60 per cent of the business in that territory. Inside of a short period I had taken the business from competitors. I was told to go into the field of our enemy and destroy our competitors. I was ordered to sell all goods possible—to cut prices wherever necessary." Morgan also testified that the company furnished him with false barrel gauges by which he would be able to show a customer that a competitor sold "short" barrels.

Japanese Bank Robbed.

Los Angeles, Cal., Nov. 24.—Robbers broke into the local Japanese bank at 111 East Fifth street and took cash amounting to $15,000. The robbers gained access to the bank, which is a branch of the Nachi Bei Cinko, by opening the door of a bicycle shop in the adjoining building, cutting a hole through the back wall into the bank and thus reaching the rear of the safe. They had intended, it appears, to break into the safe by the use of dynamite, as tools and dynamite caps were found by the police behind the safe. Evidently they feared the noise of an explosion so near to a busy corner and resorted to the use of chisels. With these a hole was cut through the back of the safe, a task that must have required several hours' steady work. Through this hole the strong box was reached.

Baron De Rosen Spoke.

Philadelphia, Nov. 24.—Before a distinguished audience of educators Baron De Rosen, the Russian ambassador to the United States, appeared on the public platform for the first time since the czar gave freedom to the Russians, and expressed his great faith in the new era on which his country has entered. Charles Emory Smith paid a great compliment to Emperor Nicholas, Count Witte and and Baron Rosen, and expressed his firm belief that the commercial relations between the United States and Russia will be far more intimate than they have been in the past. He said there will be great opportunities for American merchants in Russia after that country settles down to the new order of things.

Mayor Only as a Hold-Over.

New York, Nov. 24. — Counsel for W. R. Hearst raised the legal point that Mayor McClellan will be mayor of New York only as a hold-over after Dec. 31 next unless Mr. Hearst's fight for a recount is ended before that time. This was said to be due to the fact that under an order issued last week by Justice Amend of the supreme court the board of canvassers of New York county can not issue a certificate of election either to Mayor McClellan or the comptroller or president of the board of aldermen until the proceedings attending the movement for a recount are ended.

Minnesota Failure.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 24.—Francis A. Theopold and Herbert S. Theopold, doing business at Faribault, Minn., as the Theopold Mercantile company, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the United States court. Francis A. Theopold's liabilities as scheduled are $362,913.59 and assets $127,644.09. The liabilities of Herbert S. Theopold are given as $345,276.62 and his assets as $36,250. This action follows an involuntary petition filed against the company about two years ago. The creditors are widely scattered throughout the country.

CUT TO THE QUICK.

Rev. John Shaffer, said to be the oldest preacher in the world, celebrated the one hundredth anniversary of his birth at his home at North Benton, O.

Walter L. Hoover, 35, a railroad detective, disappointed at not being able to solve the mystery of Mrs. Todd's death, committed suicide at his home, Wilmington, Del.

At Milwaukee, Wis., J. M. Doesberg pleaded guilty to offering a bribe of $1,500 to supervisors in connection with the awarding of a county hospital contract, and was fined $1,000.

Miss Mary Ross, residing near Madisonville, Ky., took her life by shooting with a revolver. It is said she killed herself on account of the loss of her lover, Robert Wyatt, who was killed in a duel.

M. E. Stone, manager of the Kentucky Distillery company, is charged in the federal court of the southern district of West Virginia of shipping and selling liquor C. O. D. into the district contrary to law.

J. T. Haskell of Wellington, O., has announced himself as a candidate for congress from the Fourteenth Ohio district to succeed A. R. Webber of Elyria, who did not support Herrick in the recent campaign.

MEETING OF THE TRUSTEES

Annual Report of Y. M. C. A. Secretary J. H. Oatey.

A PROSPEROUS YEAR FOR INSTITUTION

The Report Gives an Idea of the Interest Taken in the Y. M. C. A. and Notes an Increase of Ninety-Five in the Membership. During the Year.

The trustees of the Young Men's Christian association held their last meeting of their fiscal year at the association building, Monday evening, and received the annual report of General Secretary J. H. Oatey.

Among other things the secretary's report showed that the membership standing is: Men 604, boys 103; total, 707. At the last meeting a year ago the total was 612 a gain of ninety-five members within the year.

The men and boys enrolled in the gymnasium classes and taking regular systematic work are 145, the total attendance at the gym during the year being 6,148. The number of games of ten pins bowled was 10,430.

There were 14,429 baths during the year, while the number of members who passed the gate during the year was 36,954. The total number of people using the building, however, was 59,445.

In the educational department it was reported that sixty-five students were enrolled, all of whom were very much pleased with the unusually high standard set by the superintendent of this department, Homer R. Waddell.

An important feature of the meeting was the report of the committee on the special improvements which were made during the summer. This committee consisted of A. H. Kling and J. F. Lust, Mr. Kling making the report, which showed that the improvements, costing about $1,000, had been entirely paid for. A vote of thanks was tendered the members of this committee for their untiring service in the executon of the work assigned to them.

The general finances of the association were reported as being in very good condition and from the present outlook the year to come promises to be a prosperous one in the association's history.

At the next meeting of the board to be held the first Tuesday in December, the new trustees elected by the association, November 6, will be sworn in and reorganiaztion will then take place. The new trustees are George D. Copeland, who succeeded J. W. Miller; A. H. Kling, S. E. Barlow, J. D. Owens, C. E. Sawyer, William C. Stafford, F. S. Keiler and C. B. Jenkins.

Those present at the meeting were E. C. Smith, president; J. F. Lust, George W. King, B. P. Sweney, W. J. Grills, J. E. Waddell, A. H. Kling, S. E. Barlow, J. D. Owens, W. C. Stafford and the secretary, J. H. Oatey.

WILL CELEBRATE AN ANNIVERSARY

Ladies' Aid Society of Kirkpatrick M. E. Church.

Kirkpatrick, Nov. 23.—[Special.]—Frank Foos and family visited at the home of Abram Mason last Sunday afternoon.

The anniversary celebration of the Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church will be held at Thomas Lyon's, the evening of November 24, instead of the 17th, as announced last week.

Mrs. B. W. Furnis of near Green Camp, who has been visiting relatives in this vicinity the past few days, left last Friday for Birdsell, New York, where she will make her future home.

Mrs. Dora Clutter visited with Mrs. Allie Young, last Monday afternoon.

Lewis Murphy of Columbus has been visiting relatives in this vicinity the past week.

Mrs. Minnie Mason spent Sunday with Mrs. Orpha Reeder.

Protracted meetings still continue at the Disciple church. Five new members have been added to the church.

John, the little son of Rev. Mr. Coons, is suffering a very bad cold.

SCHUYLER ZENT LEAVES COMPANY

Automobile Company May Pass into Receivership.

In regard to the Zent automobile factory at Bellefontaine, the Index of that place says:

There seems to be something doing in the Zent Automobile Manufacturing company. S. W. Zent, according to C. E. Yoder, a stockholder of the company, has severed his connection with the local company and may move his family from this city. Clyde Butler is now superintendent of the factory. It is said that a receiver for the company may be appointed by the stockholders. Mr. C. E. Yoder went to Columbus this morning and, it is said, the plant may very soon be moved to that city.

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TO BE TRIED FOR MURDER

Midshipman Meriwether Faces Court-Martial.

PROVOKES A FIGHT THAT PROVES FATAL

The Court Assembles for Duty This Morning.

The Penalty for Manslaughter, If Found Guilty, Is Dismissal and Ten Years' Imprisonment—The Court Consists of the Maximum Number Allowed by law—Is Very Imposing.

Annapolis, Md., Nov. 22.—Upon charges of manslaughter, conduct prejudicial to good order and discipline and violation of the naval regulations in having provoked and engaged in a fight with Midshipman James R. Branch, Jr., Midshipman Minor Meriwether of Lafayette, Louisiana, was placed on trial before a general court-martial this morning at the naval academy. Branch's death two days after the fight November 5 is the basis of the manslaughter charge and constitutes the gravest accusation on which a midshipman has ever been brought to trial at the academy. The other charges are incidental to this, but if the court fails to convict Meriwether of manslaughter, which offense is punishable under the naval regulations by dismissal and a maximum imprisonment of ten years at hard labor, the midshiman may be sentenced to dismissal for the lesser offenses.

Since the Schley court of inquiry and the court of inquiry on the Maine disaster, no more imposing naval court has been assembled than that called to order this morning by Rear Admiral Francis H. Ramsay, retired, for Meriwether's trial. The court assembled in one of the recitation rooms in the temporary school building on the academy campus. The judge advocate, Captain Adolph Marx, who is conducting the prosecution, served in the same capacity before the Maine court of inquiry. Besides Ramsay the court personnel, which is the maximum allowed by law, is as follows: Rear Admirals Alex H. McCormack and Albert S. Barker, retired; Captains Richard Wainwright and Samuel P. Comly, Commanders Sidney A. Staunton, Bradley A. Fiske and R. B. Bary; Lieutenant Commanders George R. Clark and John E. Craven and Lieutenants Orton F. Jackson, Gridley McLean and Edward T. Constiens.

Counsel for Meriwether challenged Commander Staunton for having expressed an opinion that Meriwether should be dismissed. In a statement to the president, Staunton admitted having told friends at the Metropolitan club in Washington that he considered a midshipman, who had killed another an unfit person for the service and that he should be dismissed. At that time he supposed the matter a subject of academy discipline and did not know he would be called to serve on the court-martial. After a secret conference, Ramsey announced that Staunton was excused from serving.

SYSTEM OF THE SCHOOL

Continued From Page One.

Admiral McCormick asked Stone if he was prepared to swear that Branch's brain trouble and death were not caused by diseased arteries.

"I am not prepared so to swear," responded the witness. "In the absence of an autopsy, which was forbidden by the father, I cannot say certainly what caused death."

Examination Interrupted.

The examination of today's witnesses was interrupted for the purpose of making minor corrections in the record of the testimony taken yesterday. Midshipman Fitch, the referee, in addition to clearing up some ambiguous points in what he said, yesterday, gave additional testimony to the effect that while he was not certain, he thought he had participated in about nineteen fights. He said boxing is encouraged at the academy and regular instruction is given fourth-class men at the gymnasium in using their fists. "The gloves used in this fight are those furnished at the gymnasium for bag punching, Fitch said. "I know of no prohibition against men boxing with them instead of the more heavily padded gloves, although I never saw a match at the gymnasium in which they were used. When these light gloves get wet with perspiration they cling closely to the fist and act only as a protection to the hand."

The man on the treadmill doesn't enjoy seeing the wheels go round.

AN INDIANA MAN WEDS MARION LADY

Mr. M. M. Hardin and Miss Estella Richeson Are Married.

Mr. M. M. Hardin of Crawfordsville, Indiana, and Miss Estella Richeson of this city were married at 9 a. m. Wednesday, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Richeson of 726 east Farming street, Rev. J. H. Bailey of Epworth M. E. church officiating. The wedding was a very quiet affair and immediately thereafter Mr. and Mrs. Hardin left for Cincinnati and the South.

The groom is a well-known hardwood lumber dealer in Crawfordsville, and the bride a very lovable young lady who came to Marion from Frankfort, Indiana, some four years ago. Mr. and Mrs. Hardin will make their home at Crawfordsville, Indiana.

MISS ROOSEVELT IS ILL AT AUNT'S HOME

Her Condition Not Serious, but She Is Merely Run Down.

Hartford, Conn., Nov. 23.—Miss Alice Roosevelt is ill at the Farmington home of her aunt, Mrs. W. S. Cowles, wife of Captain Cowles, U. S. N. The illness is not at all serious, although Miss Roosevelt is obliged to remain in bed, being "all run down."

YOUNG PEOPLE OF COUNTY MARRIED

Union of Miss Hattie Place and Mr. Harry Hecker.

Miss Hattie Place of Waldo and Mr. Harry Hecker of Prospect were married at the Reformed church parsonage at Waldo, Thursday at 11 o'clock, Rev. H. G. Copenhaver officiating.

AMERICANS TO BE SHOT

Mexican Court Condemns Men to Death.

THEY ARE ACCUSED OF CAPITAL CRIME

The Trial Is Begun Three Years Ago.

It Is Alleged the Condemned Men Kill a Man, Named Devers, To Obtain the Money on His Life Insurance—They Are Said To Have Employed Crooked Methods at Rochester, New York.

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 23.—In Chihuahua the Mexican court sentenced T. C. Richardson, C. S. Harle and William Mason, Americans, to be shot. The men were accused of murdering two men in Chihuahua for life insurance money. Richardson was an insurance agent; Mason, his brother-in-law, the assistant agent, and Harle was the examining physician. It was charged that they murdered a man named Devers, whom they decoyed from El Paso, and a man named Mitchell, who is said to be a half-brother of Mason. Richardson is from Rochester, N. Y., where he married Mason's sister. The case has been in the Mexican courts three years. Harle formerly was an El Paso physician.

In Rochester Mason was known as William Mitchell and Richardson went by the name of Leslie E. Hulbert. They left there suddenly because of alleged crookedness in divorce cases which they handled. Mrs. Richardson (Miss Mitchell then) was a stenographer in Richardson's office before she married him. The case is one of the most noted in the history of American manipulation in Mexico, and is declared to be the boldest life insurance swindle on record.

PRESS COMMENT.

Fears Congress More.

Secretary Root is said to fear a tariff war with Germany. It is causing less alarm, however, than the fear of a tariff war with congress.—Washington Post.

Very Natural.

It is one of the most natural things in the world that Pennsylvania, in its present frame of mind, should begin to agitate for a reconsideration as to that Quay statute.—Chicago Tribune.

Never Forgets 'Em.

President Roosevelt has a way of never forgetting a man who betrays his confidence, and he generally makes things very uncomfortable for the offender.—Columbus Dispatch.

During courtship the happy couple coast down the hill together. After marriage the poor man is compelled to pull both the sled and woman up the hill.—Chicago News.

All for Roosevelt.

Close observers of political conditions are discussing a remarkable suggestion which has been put forth seriously by men of influence in several parts of the country. It is that President Roosevelt be nominated for re-election by the Democratic national convention as well as by the Republican convention. Such a proposition, at first sight, seems a wild fantasy, but a few of the southern newspapers have taken it up and some of the most experienced political veterans in Washington are seriously discussing it.

President Roosevelt considers the filling of McKinley's unexpired term as much a first term for himself as though he had been elected to it and has emphatically declined to consider re-election for a moment. He prohibits any reference to the subject in his presence.

Yet here is the line of argument advanced as the basis of the bi-party nomination suggested: President Roosevelt completely won the people of the South during his recent tour. Bryan has more than once applauded his policies. The Democrats have no one who can fulfill the requirements of the great leader they need. No president since Lincoln has had the place in the hearts of the people of any section that Roosevelt holds. Democrats as well as Republicans trust him. If the Democrats nominate him first, the Republicans will be forced to follow suit. Such a call could not be refused by any man. Roosevelt, untrammeled by party obligations, would be able to carry out more quickly and effectively the policies which have won him the confidence of the entire people.

The matter is not being taken too seriously—the discussion is merely over the fact that influences working in this direction have become apparent in several quarters. It is almost inconceivable that the Democratic party should nominate him. It is doubtful whether the party organization would survive such a revolutionary procedure.—Cleveland Leader.

JAMES HAZEN HYDE.

Hitherto the country in general has known this gentleman chiefly as a semi-idiotic dude, a silly farceur, given over to foolish and vulgar display—in fact, everything that is insignificant and contemptible. Since last week, however, we know him as a very brave and honest and intelligent young man. On Tuesday, before the so-called Armstrong insurance committee, he gave the clearest, most convincing, and most candid testimony that has yet been elicited by that prince of cross-examiners, Mr. Hughes, told his story without evasion or hesitation—told it concisely, freely, and unreservedly. So far from exhibiting nervousness, imbecility, or a desire to mislead, he spoke with perfect frankness and illumination, and with a courage that cannot be too highly commended.

It is evident that the country has had a very unjust and false impression of James Hazen Hyde. In their readiness to accept the lampoons and caricatures of the New York papers, and out of the fullness of their not unnatural disposition to think the worst of the particular "set" of which he was one of the most vividly conspicuous representatives, they forgot the facts of his extreme youth and the mischevious environment into which he was plunged the very day after his graduation at a fashionable college. As a matter of fact, Mr. Hyde is still little more than a boy—not yet thirty—and when he took his place in the management of the Equitable he must have been absolutely without any guides or standards save those which had been established long before and were already hallowed by custom and observance. It is possible to think of him in connection with Clive's famous epigram: "By heaven, I am astonished at my moderation!"

But we shall see young Mr. Hyde in a new and better light hereafter. At least, he is a man—one with a clear head on his shoulders and a fearless heart in his bosom.—Washington Post.

MANY SHIPS ARE WRECKED AT SEA

A Big Steamer Blows Up Off Beaver Harbor.

OTHER LOSSES MADE KNOWN AT HALIFAX

A Heavy Gale Sweeps the Coast of Nova Scotia—Record of Losses in Recent Years Is Broken, Both as to Lives and Vessels—Number of Dead Unknown.

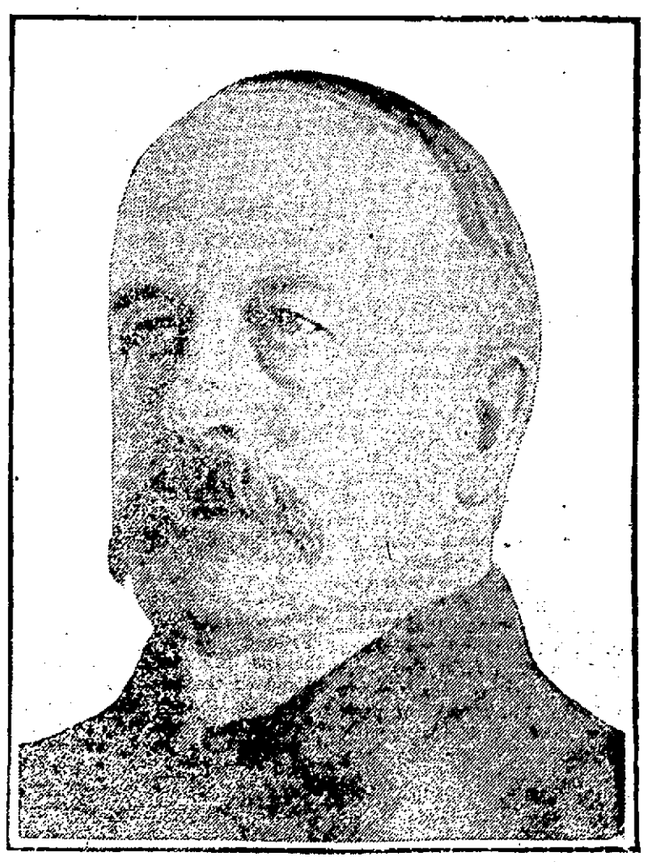
Halifax, N. S., Nov. 22.—Disaster quickly follows disaster as the result of the severe gale which swept the coast of Nova Scotia the latter part of last week. Following the wreck of the steamer which struck ledges off Mud island, near Cape Sable, Friday, news of the foundering of another is made known here.

Captain Allen of the steamer, Kilheel, which arrived here from Port Hastings, reports that a large two-masted steamer blew up and went to the bottom off Beaver harbor. Her identity has not been established, and, so far as can be ascertained, not a man of her crew survived.

The Kilheel met a stiff gale and ran into Beaver harbor for shelter.

Another wreck is reported from Ship harbor, a large schooner, bottom up, having been sighted off that port. Not in recent years have so many wrecks been reported on the Nova Scotia coast with apparently so large loss of life. So far not a survivor of three vessels has been reported, nor is the number of lives lost known.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Miller of Dalles, Oregon, November 12. Mrs. Miller was formerly Miss Blanche Bain of this city.



JAMES B. DILL, WHO IS PROBING INTO THE MANAGEMENT OF THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

James B. Dill, who is engaged in the task of probing into the methods of the Mutual Life Insurance company, with a view to improving them to the greatest possible extent, is probably the best known trust attorney in the United States. He is now, however, a member of the New Jersey bench, although the acceptance of that position probably involved the surrender of a law practice of more than $100,000 a year. Mr. Dill is said to understand the formation of industrial combinations better than any other man living, and his book on corporation law is accepted as authority by the greatest legal lights of the country.

ARE MARRIED AT THE JACOBY HOME

Wedding of Mr. H. S. Jacoby and Miss Ruth Smith.

Mr. Howard S. Jacoby and Miss Ruth Smith were married Wednesday evening at the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Jacoby of Pearl street. The ceremony was performed by Rev. A. Sulder of Galion, formerly pastor of the United Brethren church of this city, and was witnessed by a company of twenty-five friends and relatives.

Both young people are well known. The bride is a daughter of Mr and Mrs. John W. Smith of Prairie street. The groom is employed as a clerk at the Chicago and Erie freight-house.

Following the ceremony Wednesday evening, an excellent supper was enjoyed. The guests from a distance were Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Munroe of Galion.

FUNERAL SERVICES HELD AT DELAWARE

Funeral Party Passes Through the City Wednesday Morning.

The remains of Seth, the eleven-year-old son of Dr. and Mrs. A. Edwin Smith of Ada passed through the city Wednesday on Hocking Valley train, No. 32, enroute from Ada to Delaware. Mrs. Smith was unable to accompany the remains owing to illness.

About forty friends of the bereaved family from this city went to Delaware to attend the services which were held at the home of Mrs. Smith's father, F. P. Vergon.

Rev. F. W. Stanton of Ada and Rev. C. W. Barnes of Delaware conducted the services, after which the remains were laid to rest in the cemetery at Delaware.

IN FAVOR OF WITTE

Zemstvoists To Support the Premier of Russia.

RESOLUTION ASKS FOR THE ASSEMBLY

Proposed Program Looks to Universal Suffrage.

The Subject Elicits a Prolonged Debate in Which Nearly Forty Speakers Participate—The Resolution Is Referred Back to the Committee for Amendment or Modification Made Necessary by Criticism.

Moscow, Nov. 23.—A resolution outlining the proposed program of the zemstvoists favoring the support of the government in its efforts to establish the liberties promised by the imperial manifesto of Oct. 30, but asking for the transformation of the first douma into a constituent assembly to be elected on the basis of direct and universal suffrage, which was introduced by the executive committee in the zemstvo congress, was the subject of a prolonged debate in which nearly 40 speakers participated, and at the end of a long session the resolution was referred back to the committee for the incorporation of any modifications made necessary by the criticism of it.

Excitement Among Peasants.

Moscow, Nov. 23.—The excitement among peasants in the central and southeastern provinces is spreading rapidly, and it is feared that it will be impossible to suppress the movement, which promises to develop into a general uprising, bringing devastation and untold horror to the whole country. Revolutionists among the peasants are industriously spreading the story that the imperial reform manifesto really decreed a division of the lands, but that the nobles and Jews distorted it and took all the freedom for themselves, and the peasants therefore have the right to possess themselves of the lands the emperor granted them.

Peasants Defy Troops.

Kursk, Russia, Nov. 23.—The agrarian disorders in the district of Subzha have assumed such violence that the troops are unable to cope with them. The whole northern half of the district is in the hands of peasant rioters, who are pillaging the estates and burning the harvested crops. During the pillaging of one estate a company of Cossacks looked on, being unable to interfere. In the Jurieff and Alexandrovsk districts peasant mobs are demanding the surrender of the stocks of provisions and are threatening to set the torch to the whole locality and to storm the country treasuries.

Threw Pastor From Pulpit.

Pernau, Russia, Nov. 23.—During a prayer meeting in the Esthonian church a crowd of Socialists entered and threw the pastor from the pulpit. The congregation fled in panic.

BIG SUMS ARE SPENT

Isthmian Canal Finances Are in Bad Shape.

NEW LIABILITIES ARE INCURRED

Congress To Be Asked To Appropriate $16,000,000.

The Entire $10,000,000 Appropriated by Congress Four Years Ago Is Exhausted—The Investment by the End of June Will Aggregate $70,000,000—Heavy Expenses Incurred by Operating Plant.

Washington, Nov. 22.—Besides spending the entire $10,000,000 cash appropriated by congress, the Panama canal commission has made contracts to the amount of $9,000,000 more, payment on which will become due before the end of June next. In addition to this, Secretary Bishop says the commission now owes a lot of bills, payment on which is overdue. These, together with the ordinary running expenses of the commission here and on the isthmus, including salaries and wages, for the next six months, will amount to $7,000,000 more.

In order to meet the debts now due and the liabilities incurred, the commission will ask congress for an emergency appropriation of $16,000,000 to become immediately available. The commission hopes the money will be appropriated before congress takes its Christmas recess. By the end of June therefore, the commission will have expended in four years $26,000,000 and the investment of the United States on the canal will have reached an aggregate of $76,000,000. Bishop points out that the heavy liabilities have been incurred in purchasing the plant for the construction of the canal.

MARRIED AT GREEN CAMP WEDNESDAY

Mrs. Nancy J. Morris Becomes Mrs. James Fletcher.

Mrs. Nancy J. Morris and Mr. James Fletcher were married at the home of the bride at Green Camp, Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, Rev. G. H. Beaschler officiating. They will make their home at Green Camp.

COURT RULES ON FREIGHT RATES

The Interstate Commerce Decision Is Affirmed.

JUDGE THOMPSON RENDERS OPINION

The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, the Big Four and the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Are Defendants—Injunction Issued To Forbid Increased Charges.

Cincinnati, Nov. 23.—Judge Thompson, of the United States district court affirms the decision of the interstate commerce commission in the case of Procter & Gamble. The opinion of the court was filed Wednesday. Prior to the protest against freight rates filed by Procter & Gamble with the interstate commerce commission, the railroads listed carloads of soap for the purpose of classification in the sixth class and lots less than carload lots in the fourth class. Next the railroad reduced the carload lots to the fifth class and the lesser bulk to 20 per cent. less than third class. This reduction in classification brought out the protest upon which the matter went to the interstate commerce commission. The commission held that the reduction in classification of carloads was proper, but that the reduction of fractions of carloads was improper and ordered the railroads to desist on that point. The railroads refused. The attorney general ordered District Attorney McPherson to bring suit against the offending common carriers. This was done. The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, the Pennsylvania, the Big Four and the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern were made defendants.

The result is the interstate commerce commission is sustained, and injunction issues against the increased rates on fractional lots.

True, the world loves a quiet man, but it gives a lot of attention to the fellow who gets up and howls.

Foot Comfort

Found only in a pair of our nice warm lined shoes. Just suited for these nice, clear, cool days.

Petty & Starr.

THE LEWIS GROCERY.

Buy Your Thanksgiving Order Here.

We will have everything you want.

Special Cucumbers, Lettuce, Spinach, Radishes, Celery, Oysters and Cape Cod Cranberries.

R. T. Lewis & Co.

N. Main St., opp. Court House.

If there is any department in this store that saves people money it's surely the hardware department— Low prices our foundation.

Good coffee grinders	25c
Best coffee grinders	50c
Padlocks	5, 10, 15, 25 & 45c
Hasp and staples	5-8 3c
Sure catch mouse trap	5c
Leather shoe soles pair	10, 15, 15 & 25c
Hold fast shoe nails per box	5c
Hammers	5c
Steel hammers	40 & 50c
Warranted hand saws	40c
Carpenters hand saws	$1.50, $1.25 & 75c
2-foot carpenters squares	$1.50, 75 & 30c
Try squares	35, 25 & 25c
Stock drill bits	10c
Set fine firmer chisels	$6.00
Ratchet braces	$1.00 & 50c

The ARK

145 & 147 S. Main St.

Every Day Prices---

Granulated sugar, per lb	5c
Cider vinegar, per gal	15c
Pure apple butter, per gal	65c
Lenox soap, per bars	4c
Star soap, per bar	4c
Dutch Java coffee, per lb	10c
Lion coffee, per lb	15c
New corn meal, per lb	2c
10 lbs. pure buckwheat	35c
Table syrup, per qt	9c
Baking molasses, per qt	9c
Country butter, per lb	21c
Eggs guaranteed to be good, at	

THE CONSUMERS Wholesale Grocery.

Y. M. C. A. BUILDING.

PHONES Citizens 1174, Bell 317 Y

NEGRO KILLS WIFE AND HER PARENTS

He Makes His Escape and Is Pursued by Officers.

Meridian, Miss., Nov. 23.—A triple murder of unusual cold bloodedness was committed in this city last night. John Brown, a negro carpenter, shot to death his wife, mother-in-law and father-in-law. The contents of a double-barreled shotgun were emptied into the hearts of each. Brown killed the three because his wife would not live with him. The negro population is aroused to fury and hundreds of enraged blacks are aiding the officers in scouring the country in search of the murderer. If they get ahead of the officers, he will surely be lynched, probably burned. Governor Vardaman has offered $150 reward and the negroes of this city are making up an additional reward.

New Russian Loan.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 23.—It is reported that a new Russian loan for 100,000,000 marks at seven per cent. has been negotiated through Berlin capitalists.

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MARION WEEKLY STAR.

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SATURDAY - - NOVEMBER 25

"Will the new state legislature," asks the Cleveland Leader, "have stamina enough to put all the county offices on a salary basis?" Pshaw! Isn't the Leader willing to assume that all county officials are patriots without putting them to a test like that?

President McCurdy has cut his salary in half. The policy-holders might emulate the "Immortal J. N.," and, refusing to be outdone in generosity, throw off the other half.

The board of engineers recommends that a sea-level canal be built. The public doesn't care so much whether it is lock or sea-level, just so it's built and built on the level.

Mr. Rockefeller recommends plenty of cheese, slow eating and exercise for good health. The last two are within the reach of all of us.

The Columbus Dispatch points out that there will be little excuse for careless law-making this winter with fifty-four lawyers in the Ohio legislature. Did the Dispatch ever see three fielders take after a ball, which, each assuming that one of the others had it, was allowed to drop "safe?"

Carnegie says poverty is the best legacy. Isn't that human nature for you? We're always hankering for that which the other fellow has.

Maybe Mr. McCurdy is like Mr. Hyde, and feels that $75,000 is more than he could get any place else.

Mr. McCurdy has cut his salary in half, but what's the rest of the family going to do?

Someone has suggested that the only way to make Thanksgiving what it should be is for those who have to divide with those who have not. If this plan is to be inaugurated it should be understood that figures returned to the assessor don't go.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon intimates that Mr. Roosevelt is trying to "hold the country up by the tail." Be that as it may, it's pretty evident that if congress doesn't get into line with the president's policies the country will hold it up by the tail.

Now that time to think the thing over has been had, may it not be possible that the Democracy simply wanted to show Mr. Bryan what it could do when he remained out of the game?

In the future the railroad companies will be slow about contributing to a campaign fund to elect a president who can't see his way clear to riding on passes.

Still, it must be remembered that Messrs. Odell and Harriman applied their own coats of whitewash.

The fact that there are to be over half a hundred lawyers in the legislature, this winter, might lead one to assume that the batch of laws turned out would be high-class. But it's well to recall the old saying about too many cooks.

Rev. Ian Maclaren writes in the Chicago Tribune of the "Humors of Marrying and Being Married." Even our distinguished ecclesiastical friend manifestly realizes that there's a difference.

The Washington Post suggests that "Uncle Joe" Cannon should take Mr. Roosevelt into consideration before deciding what is or is not to be done by congress. And thus we have another eminent authority in support of the contention that it's the man behind the gun who does the business.

Secretary Taft may not have a presidential bee buzzing in his bonnet, as he claims, but he talks a good deal like a man who has.

A minister, up in the northern portion of the state, has been reproved for neglecting himself and children through excessive zeal for church work. Manifestly the reproving body knew something of religion.

There's a strong suspicion that Lieutenant Fortescue's resignation was knocked out of him with a big stick.

Of course, you're looking around for something nice to contribute to the Old Ladies' home during it's harvest festival week.

The gentleman who threatens to introduce at the next session of the Buckeye legislature an anti-cigaret bill along the lines of that in force in Indiana may mean well, but it's an open question whether there is a demand for such a bill and what, if it became a law, it would accomplish. Gentlemen newly-honored with a place in the general assembly are prone to believe that the commonwealth is hungering and thirsting for a measure bearing their names, and with that thought in mind introduce any and all sorts of measures, good bad, and indifferent. Unfortunately, the major portion of them are indifferent, to say the least. The result is that we have a multiplicity of laws, few of which are enforced. Fewer laws and better enforcement of them would work to the advantage of the people of Ohio generally. Already in this state there exists a statute prohibiting the sale of cigarets to boys, but if it is being enforced no one appears to be aware of the fact. It's practically a dead letter. But, as a matter of fact, is there not a lot of buncombe in all this cigaret talk? The majority of people who talk about the "cigaret evil" will be found to be those who do not use tobacco in any form. There are cigarets and cigarets. Some of them bad, very bad, and some very good, to the smoker at least. It chiefly depends upon the materials from which they are made. Any of them may be injurious, but the smoker who has smoked cigaret, pipe and cigar, if he is honest with himself, will admit that the harmful effects of the cigaret are not to be compared with those of a cigar or pipe.

The Czar's proposal to give public lands amounting to one-third of Russia to the peasants clearly demonstrates that they have no senators over there.

While congress is mapping out its program, it would be well for it to realize that the people are with President Roosevelt and his policies. It's not only possible, but probable, that congressional opposition to the president's plans would work materially toward radical changes in its personnel. The president and people want certain legislation, and they appear determined to have it. If it cannot be secured through the present congress, it wouldn't be a bit unlike the people to give the president a congress that will pay heed to their desires. President Roosevelt is elected to serve for four years. Not a member of the lower house is. The situation is one which congress can profitably study.

The Cleveland Leader suggests that Mr. Roosevelt be nominated in 1908 by both the old parties. It's rather a startling suggestion, but there's some reason for it. Unquestionably Mr. Roosevelt has a place in the honor and esteem of the people of all sections of the country such as never before was attained by a president. He is stronger in the West, if possible, than in the East. The South holds him in as high regard as the North. All admit his force and ability, his honor and his honesty. The Republicans are satisfied with him and the Democrats are claiming that his policies are Democratic policies. The Republicans could vote for him because he is a Republican, and the Democrats because he is, if their claims are to be credited, following out policies which are theirs, and which they can otherwise have small hopes of seeing carried out. Such a plan would be rather unique, but it certainly would have its advantages.

Mr. Hyde tells us that Senator Depew sought to have him appointed to the French embassy. No wonder! Hyde knew entirely too much about the business.

After that pretender to the throne of Russia has dodged a bomb or two he may reconsider his idea that he wants to be Czar.

If Mr. Hearst can prove his charges those Tammany election judges should realize that it might be good policy to reserve their quarters at Sing Sing and avoid the rush.

The tenacity of purpose of John L. Sullivan is simply amazing. He's sworn off again.

Ex-Governor Odell intimates that he never was afraid of ghosts and that Senator Platt might just as well crawl back into his tomb

Sir Thomas Lipton, in reply to the story cabled from London that he had been secretly married in his youth, says his two great regrets are that he has never married or been able to lift the America cup. If Sir Thomas has been as persistent about marrying as he has about lifting the cup, there must be something radically wrong with his method.

On the face of it, the only drawback to a 20,000-word message is that it will doubtless impel the senate to the view that its reply will have to be proportionately long.

It is said that Mr. Rockefeller's Standard Oil profits this year will be only $20,000,000. But possibly Mr Rockefeller uses oil for fuel in his home and doesn't have to worry about filling the coal bin.

From the beginning of the insurance investigation in New York up to Friday it's been a mystery to the public why some commissioner of insurance didn't discover the conditions under which the New York companies were managed. It's a mystery no longer. It is now pretty satisfactorily demonstrated that it is very much more profitable for an insurance commissioner to be blind.

A Dr. McFadden of Washington C. H. is on the hunt for the limelight of notoriety with a proposed bill to stop the sale of cigarets in Ohio.

It's hard for Uncle Sam to be pessimistic with a 2,700,000,000 bushel corn crop.

The insurance officials may have held up the policy-holders, but they themselves appear to have been victims of the hold-up game. It's not at all hard to understand why old-line insurance costs as it does, since the production of the vouchers before the investigating commission yesterday shows that all the big companies were held fair play by all the petty official blackmailers of the country. Between the official grafters and the blackmailers it's a wonder that anything is left to the policy-holders.

There are some people whose distrust of Dr. Dowie is so great that his assertion that he is not dead will only have the effect of making them from Missouri.

It's a pretty safe bet that if the next "barb" initiated by the Kenyon chapter of Delta Kappa Epsilon is tied to a railroad track it will be made of papier-mache.

Senator Dick is reported to be at work attempting to rebuild what the recent political wave left of the Ohio Republican machine. It may not yet have occurred to the senator, but there's something of a feeling that the thing would be worthless if he did once more get it into shape. The feeling is such, at present, that there is just about as much demand for the rehabilitation of the old machine as there is for the resurrection of the ox-cart.

It shouldn't be much of a task to raise sufficient funds to erect that proposed monument to Pocahontas if each one who claims relationship to the man she saved dropped a dime in the hat.

The press of the land has had a lot of fun at the expense of Jimmie Hyde, but the investigation at New York demonstrates that he knew something about the business in which he was engaged, and that's something which cannot be said of the majority of the high insurance officials.

The Russian revolutionists will have difficulty in recalling a republic formed by a people doing violence to its womankind.

It might not be so bad if Niagara was sacrificed to anything other than a breakfast food.

Paul Morton says "the American people don't want cheap insurance." He talks as if they had had a chance to try it.

With the convention three years away, Mr. McClellan may feel assured, if it will afford him any consolation, that he will not be the only presidential possibility out of the running before the flag falls on the final race.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon says he doesn't want the presidential nomination. "Uncle Joe" always took more or less pride in appearing odd.

Mr. Taft says the Republicans of Ohio should have a young leader. Let's see. Would this bar Mr. Taft's friend, Mr. Foraker?

If Mr. Hyde and former Comptroller of the Equitable Jordan are worthy of credit, some of the governors also found fat pickings in the Equitable, and it proved almost as good on the Pacific coast as off New York bay.

President McCurdy has cut his $100,000 salary in two and President McCall will pay back the $235,000 paid to Attorney Hamilton. Looks as if the policy-holder is going to get a run for his money in the future.

Senator Depew says insurance officials have, of late, changed their views in regard to the management of the business. So has the public, senator.

It has been discovered at Pittsburg that the use of the telephone causes corns on the ear. But, to even matters up, just think how many corns on the feet are escaped by its use.

The Czar probably wishes, by this time, that he had taken, some time ago, the stitch which saves nine.

Youths who are rejected from their college elevens need not lose heart. Statistics show that 172 mountain climbers have lost their lives in the Swiss Alps this season.

Iowa is said to have the reformation of her legislature in view. The scheme looks impracticable enough to have eminated from Kansas.

That cattle baron who was sentenced to six hours in jail for appropriating government land is probably enough of a philosopher to realize that it's mighty poor land which isn't worth an hour in jail for every 35,333 acre lot.

Mr. Lawson claims he was "done" out of $12,000,000 by Mr. Rogers. We have never been in position to know just how a man would feel under those circumstances.

We are grieved to note that "our great and good friend," Mr. Cleveland, uses the expression, "melancholy pessimism." It's absolute recklessness for him to waste a nice long word like melancholy that way.

A New York minister claims that parsons down that way are getting rake-offs from the undertakers on all funerals at which they officiate. The graft disease is certainly epidemic in the metropolis.

Mr. Whitney may have discovered by this time that a controversy with the president of the United States is only a degree or two less dangerous than one with the pastor of a large and influential church.

A Des Moines girl has sued a young man of the place for $10,000, at which figure she holds a kiss stolen by him from her. She is evidently seeking punitive damages, as any woman must know that a stolen kiss is not worth anything like that.

The county auditor's report shows that the valuation of real estate in the city of Marion is $3,996,070. As is well known, Marion realty is assessed at only from fifty to sixty per cent. of its real value, and hence we may assume that Marion realty is worth between seven and eight millions. It is probable, also, that the return of $2,185,655 on personal property is as far from its actual value as the assessed values of the realty of Marion is far distant from its real worth. But putting personalty in at its assessed value, Marion is today worth at least $10,000,000, big figures for a place which numbered less than 1,000 three decades ago.

One of the toasts at a Republican banquet in Texas was "How To Make Texas Republican." It is not stated whether a flood or an earthquake was suggested as a means.

Japan is floating a fifth loan, which will amount to $125,000,000, and the pension business hasn't been begun yet.

Senator Morgan wants it understood that it wasn't his fault that $76,000,000 have been blown in on the Panama canal.

The Cincinnati Enquirer is now knocking the auto by saying they are used principally for delivering milk and groceries.

HANDS OFF, SENATOR DICK

Information from Columbus leads the Blade to believe that Senator Dick is using his influence to dictate the organization of the general assembly. There are four candidates for speaker of the house—Huey, Welker, Thompson and Bassett the last mentioned residing in Toledo. The contest should be a free-for-all, and confined to the legislature. Neither Senator Dick nor any of the other Republican leaders should assume to control the outcome.

The recent election was more a repudiation of the methods employed in the last convention than of the men nominated therein. It was a protest by the people against boss rule and no one knows this better than Senator Dick. The Republican party of Ohio is greater than any man in the party and its interests paramount to the interests of any individual. It follows, therefore, that the leader who undertakes to oppose the will of the people as expressed in the late election is taking great risks with his political future. That expressed will was that the bosses keep hands off, and we trust Senator Dick will take timely warning.—Toledo Blade.

With men it's wine, women and song; with women it's ice-cream soda, men, grand opera, chicken salad and more men.

Marion County's Great House Furnishing Store.

McCLAIN'S.

Marion County's Great House Furnishing Store.

How Many Different Appropriate Gifts Could be Found at McClain's?

Three valuable presents are going to be given to the three persons who send or bring in the three largest lists before Wednesday noon, November 29th. The contest is open to everyone. Come to the store if you want to. We will furnish a pencil and paper if you forget to bring them. Walk through and make up your list of everything you see that would make an acceptable Christmas gift. You may specify different distinct styles of articles of the same name—for example there are bedroom rockers, Turkish leather rockers, mission rockers, colonial rockers, etc. Each will count one on your list.

FIRST PRIZE---A $10 solid oak Rocker given to the person sending in the largest list.
SECOND PRIZE---$6.00 parlor Table, polished golden oak, for second largest list.
THIRD PRIZE---$3.00 Handsome Corner Parlor Chair, for the third largest list.

Write your name and address plainly on the list and we will send you a dainty little souvenir whether you get one of the big prizes or not. The winning list with the names of the prize winners will be published next Thursday. Send in your list before Wednesday noon. The three premiums which will be given to the winners of this contest may be seen in our Center street show window.

Trade at Home!

The progressive, live merchants of Marion are striving and have undoubtedly succeeded in making their stores worthy of the best city in the State, and also worthy of the patronage of its public spirited populace. No better stores exist than Marion's. Encourage them, don't send your money away from Marion when you need accommodations, it's your home merchants you go to. Be a Marionite.

Put on Your Thinking Cap

and see if you can get one of the presents mentioned below.

It costs you nothing to try and the prizes are worth while trying—hard.

ROCKERS!

For everybody and every place. Big leather Rockers for "Dad" at $9 to $40

Comfortable sewing Rockers in rattan, wood or upholstered, at..... 98c to $10

ROCKERS!

Bedroom Rockers in birds eye maple, oak, mahogany and birch at $1.75 and $7.50

Rockers for the children, actually hundreds of them in every size, shape and price.

THE TRIAL OF MARY KRANER

Charged With Adulteration of Milk Sold to Peddler.

DEFENDANT ENTERS DENIAL OF CHARGE

Miss Kraner Admits Milk Passes Through Her Hands Before It Is Delivered to the Customers—Justice Thompson Fines Her Fifty Dollars and Costs.

The trial of Miss Mary Kraner who is charged with two other people with being implicated in adulterating milk which was sold in this city, was brought to a close at 1:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon

The date for the trial of William E. Kraner, a brother of Miss Kraner who is charged with being implicated, has not been set

Miss Kraner denied any knowledge of the milk being watered. She admitted that the milk passed through her hands before it was placed on the market.

Among the witnesses examined were John W. Decker, dairy expert from the Ohio State university, who testified that he had analyzed some of the milk sent out by the Kraners and had found it to be extremely thin and devoid of fatty material Otto S. Marqueth of Columbus, a chemist, testified to the same condition.

George H. Riley, the officer employed by the state dairy and food commissioner who caused Miss Kraner's arrest, said that he bought the milk of Harry Fowler who peddled it about the city. Other witnesses examined were A. B Hylton, proprietor of the dairy which employed Fowler. Miss Catharine Kraner, sister of the woman accused, and Harry Fowler the milkman.

Thursday Justice Thompson fined Miss Kraner $50 and costs.

PROBATE COURT.

A marriage license has been issued to Moses M. Hardin of Crawfordsville, Indiana, and Clara Estella Richesen of this city.

A marriage license has been issued to Howard Jacoby and Ruth Smith both of this city.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Lawrence B. Kerr and Ianthe A. Mumford, both of this city, and to Harry H. Hecker of this city and Harriet M. Place of Waldo.

It is well enough to die happy, but it is far better to live that way.

A Fortune in England.

A story to the effect that George IV of England was married to Mrs. Fitzherbert has revived an old friend believed to have finally succumbed to the buffetings of adverse circumstances. This old friend, so familiar—and costly—to Americans, is the lawsuit to recover an English fortune

A goodly number of industrious and thrifty Americans have passed along the easy path from comparative opulence to penury, through investing the savings of years in the selfish schemes of "briefless barristers." But a little reflection should be needed to convince the alleged beneficiary that such method of securing wealth gave far less promise than would the suggestion of the late Colonel Ingersoll—"If you want a fortune, dig it out of the ground."

In the first place English court rulings are the most difficult of those of any nation to combat with a hope of securing reversal. Add to this the long drawn out demands of the attorneys for installments for current expenses, and it brings the claimant down to the point of real interest—that he is contending for something which has no existence.

Seeking for fortunes long ago passed into the possession of the crown is a sort of mental disease. The attorneys abroad are shrewd in the art of heraldry, and the tracing of the genealogical line is made to appear very simple and plausible.

The American claimant becomes enthusiastic over the certainty of succession, and equally intolerant of friendly advice. Less of this style of litigation has appeared within the past ten years than during any other decade within a century. In fact, it is scarcely litigation at all, as the higher courts of England pay little heed to this class of claims.

But it helps the poor lawyer along and gives the American claimant valuable experience, so that some good may be placed to the credit of such contention.—Cleveland News.

SAD MESSAGE COMES TO JOHN C. ANTHONY

His Aged Mother Dies at Hagerstown, Maryland.

Word was received Thursday morning by Mr. J. C. Anthony announcing the death of his mother, Mrs. Ann Anthony, which occurred at Hagerstown, Maryland.

Mrs. Anthony was seventy-four years of age and the particulars of her death have not been learned. She leaves ten children. Mr. Anthony died several years ago.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C Anthony left Thursday for Hagerstown to attend the funeral service.

When a man begins to get bald he always keeps his hair cut short because he realizes that he can't have it long.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

KLEINMAIERS.

The Price of This Overcoat Is $2.50

COLOR - - Oxford grey
STYLE - - Long belted back
MATERIAL - Half-wool melton
SIZES - - - 10 to 16 years

Surely an elegant overcoat at the price. It is neatly made, stylish in appearance and satisfactory in wear.

There's two dozen or more different styles of Children's Overcoats to choose from here. Probably more than any two other stores can show.

PRICES UP TO $10.00

KLEINMAIERS

ATTACHMENT PROCEEDING

Herman S. Blaich Seeks To Recover from J. A. Cook.

BLAICH PURCHASES WORTHLESS STOCK

An Order for Private Sale of Property of J. M. Neer Is Asked—Receiver Thinks Property Should Be Sold as a Whole To Serve Creditors' Interests.

Dr. J. A. Cook, a former Marion dentist who now resides in California, is defendant in an attachment proceeding brought in the court of common pleas by Herman S. Blaich. Cook is charged with having sold Blaich nine shares of Interstate Stock Food company stock which he represented were worth $100 each, but which in reality were without any value whatever, so Blaich claims.

Blaich prays for $900 with interest at six per cent. from March 30, 1904, and asks that a writ of attachment be issued against any property owned by Cook within the jurisdiction of the local court.

March 30, 1904, Blaich relates Cook purchased of the plaintiff a lot in Marion at an agreed price of $1,900. By the terms of the contract Cook agreed to pay $900 in cash and to assume the payment of a $1,000 mortgage.

In lieu of $900 cash, Cook offered nine shares of capital stock in the Interstate Food company, of which Cook was a director. Blaich recites that Cook through fraud and misrepresentation induced him to accept this stock by saying that its actual value was $900.

Blaich claims that he was entirely ignorant of the fact that the stock was worthless, although Cook possessed this knowledge when the deal was made.

A short time before receiving the stock, Blaich states, he complained to Cook that a stockholder of the Interstate Food company had informed him the stock had no market value and that he was ready to exchange it for cash. Cook, Blaich says, refused and still refuses to take back the stock.

In the suit brought by John Boles in the court of common pleas for the appointment of a receiver for the grain and elevator business of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Neer, I. A. Merchant, the receiver, has asked that an order for a private sale of the Neer property be issued.

Merchant relates that the assets of the Neers consist of an elevator with the good will of a number of patrons, certain flour, grain, etc., together with machinery and equipment. He says that the property should be sold as an entirety so as to realize the most that can be had for the best interest of the creditors.

The appraisers appointed to invoice the property for the purpose of ascertaining the firm's assets, have filed their report in the court of common pleas. The appraisers are John D. Owens, Johnson Mooney and C. B. Jenkins.

The lease-hold on the land occupied by the Neer elevator, together with all buildings, equipment and other personal property, the appraisers value at $10,000. The various book-accounts of the firm and the grain and other material now at the elevator have a valuation of $6,750.17, making a total appraisement of $16,750.17. The receiver is now figuring on the liabilities of the firm preparatory to filing his report.

City Solicitor Hoke W. Donithen, in accord with instructions received from the city council Monday evening, has filed an application in the court of common pleas asking for permission to transfer funds from the general fund of the city to the public safety and public service funds. For the service fund $2,000 is needed and for the safety fund council asks for $1,000. The last tax levy made for these funds was too small, the city solicitor states in the application.

WEDDING AT THE HOME OF GROOM

Mr. Merritt Hauver and Mrs. Mattie Delauder Married.

Mr. Merritt Hauver and Mrs. Mattie Delauder were married at 5 o'clock Wednesday afternoon at the home of the groom on east Farming street. The ceremony was performed by Rev. D. H. Bailey, pastor of Epworth M. E. church, and was witnessed by a small company of relatives and friends. Following the ceremony an excellent wedding supper was enjoyed.

Mr. and Mrs. Hauver will make their home on east Farming street. The groom is a retired farmer and is a veteran of the civil war. The rather unique story of the couple's misapprehension is published elsewhere in this issue.

ATTACK OF HEART DISEASE IS FATAL

Aged John Knull Falls Dead at Daughter's Home.

Complains of Pains in Region of Heart Several Days, but Death Comes Unexpectedly—Came to Marion from LaRue.

Leaving his bed at the home of his daughter, Mrs W. F. McEldowney at No. 267 Edwards street, Wednesday night about 11 o'clock, John Knull, aged seventy-five years, fell over dead of heart disease. Hearing him fall, Mr. and Mrs. McEldowney ran to his side, and, believing him to be still alive, telephoned Dr. F. B. Sawyer, but life was extinct long before the physician arrived.

Mr. Knull had been complaining of pains in the region of his heart several days. Wednesday they had been more annoying than usual and he retired early in the evening. He slept calmly until a short time before the fatal attack.

The deceased came to this city from La Rue about three years ago. Two years ago his wife died of consumption. He is survived by two daughters and one son—Charles Knull, Mrs. W. F. McEldowney and Mrs. William Shaffer, all of whom reside in this city.

The funeral service will be held at the home, Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock, followed by interment in the Marion cemetery.

BIRTHS.

Born, Sunday night, a son to Mr and Mrs. Scott Ferguson of Elm street.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. William Hauver of Carver avenue, Monday morning.

A son was born Monday to Mr. and Mrs William Greenland of Scranton avenue.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs John Pickerel of south Main street, Thursday evening, October 16, a son.

Born, October 17, to Mr. and Mrs. Ausan Van Scoyoc, living north of this city, a daughter.

A daughter was born Tuesday to Mr. and Mrs. William Probst of west Columbia street.

A son was born Wednesday to Mr. and Mrs. William Trimmer residing on the Garden City pike.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Cullen of Summit street Tuesday.

A son was born Thursday to Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Byers of Patterson street.

Born, Thursday, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hudson of Patterson street.

L. W. PARKS DISAPPEARS

Former Agent of C., D. & M. in This City Is Missing.

MRS. PARKS TALKS OF HER HUSBAND

Leaves His Wife During Performance in a Columbus Theater, and Has Not Been Seen by Her Since—Mrs. Parks Is With Relatives in City of Columbus.

It has just been learned in this city that L. W. Parks, who was at one time agent of the C., D. & M. here, and who resigned his position about six weeks ago to go to Columbus, has mysteriously disappeared from that place.

Following Mr. and Mrs. Parks departure from this city they went to Columbus, where they were making their home with Mrs. Parks' parents. During their residence there, it was noticed by Mrs. Parks that her husband was acting quite strangely.

November 3, Mr. Parks left home in the early part of the evening, and his wife followed and later met him up street. He proposed going to the theater and while the performance was in progress, she states, he told her he had an engagement to meet a man in regard to securing a position, and at 9 o'clock he left the playhouse, promising his wife to return, but since that time nothing has been seen of him and his whereabouts is unknown.

Mrs. Parks is at present making her home with her parents in Columbus, and states that in case her husband makes his appearance he will be given a welcome providing he can satisfactorily explain his absence.

OFFICERS ELECTED FOR COMING YEAR

Meeting of the Directors of Millholland Brick Company.

The directors of the Millholland Brick company held a meeting at the office of the company's plant, Tuesday afternoon, and elected officers for the year as follows:

G. W. Walters, president; Albert Reber of Little Sandusky, vice president; Oliver Monnett, treasurer; C. C. Fisher, secretary, and J. W. Millholland, general manager.

A number of plans for improving the plant were discussed and, owing to the large amount of business which the company is now enjoying, it was found necessary to lay a track to the plant from the Pennsylvania. The present week of business is the largest in the history of the company and a large number of orders are now waiting to be filled. A big shed is to be constructed for the shelter of the sand.

The condition of Mrs A. Edwin Smith, who has been quite sick at her home in Ada, is reported much improved.

A NEW COMPANY IS INCORPORATED

State Miller's Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

The Company Will Have Its Main Office in This City—No Capital Stock, and Is Purely a Mutual Organization.

Papers were issued Wednesday afternoon from the secretary of state's office at Columbus incorporating a new company to have its principal office in this city.

The State Miller's Mutual Fire Insurance company, with J. W. Burk of Springfield, H. M. Allen of Troy, J. W. McCord of Columbus, F. H. Tanner of Mansfield, C. B. Jenkins, F. E. Guthery and J. E. Waddell of Marion. Henry Shock of Canton, Robert Colton of Bellefontaine, J. S. Dewey of Blanchester, E. C. Kuenzel of New Bremen, George McKelvy of Bellaire, A. W. Beverstock of Lexington and John W. Durst of Dayton as incorporators, has been organized and incorporated.

The company has no capital stock, it being classed by its articles of agreement as a mutual company.

According to the state law, the company must have as a minimum 200 separate risks and a total insurance subscribed of $500,000 before it can do business.

Mr. Jenkins stated to the Star Thursday that the company would be ready for business early next month, there already having been practically enough insurance contracted for.

About the first week of the month, the incorporators will meet in this city for the purpose of completing the organization and to elect officers.

William Strickler, a brother of Emanuel Strickler of this city, killed himself by drinking carbolic acid at his home in Wabash, Indiana, Sunday. The funeral services were held at Wabash, Tuesday.

TWO FARMS SOLD OVER NEAR DE CLIFF

Mr. W. C. Owens Is Coming to Marion To Reside.

DeCliff, O., Nov. 22.—[Special.]—W. C. Owens has old his farm of 140 acres, lying about two miles northeast of DeCliff, to William Wingert. The consideration was $75 per acre. Wesley King is assisting Mr. Owens in the disposition of his personal property, prior to Mr. Owens' removal to Marion, where he will make his future home.

Dallas McMillen has sold his farm of forty acres to W. L. and David Morral, who will divide the land and make it part of their farms. Mr. McMillan is preparing to spend the winter in Arizona and expects to locate permanently in California.

The revival meetings at the Methodist church are prospering finely, the attendance being large and many conversions being recorded.

WILL EMPLOY THREE FORCES OF WORKMEN

Work on Extension of C., D. & M. Will Begin Soon.

A long string of wheeled scrapers was taken from Prospect to Bucyrus Tuesday, where work will begin on the proposed extension of the C., D. & M.

Three forces of workmen are to be employed in the construction of the road, and one gang will begin work here, while another will be employed midway between Marion and Bucyrus.

Engineer James Williams states that it has not been fully decided whether the line will be constructed over the old mud pike or the regular Marion and Bucyrus road. There are points in favor of each route and a decision will not be long delayed. The matter of right-of-way over either route is troubling the company but little.

AUDITOR'S ABSTRACT

Auditor Charles L. Allen Prepares Tax Abstract.

VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY IS SHOWN

Some Interesting Figures Gleaned from the Abstract — The Abstract Shows a Comfortable Increase in Value of Both City and Country Property.

County Auditor C. L. Allen has completed his abstract of the tax duplicate for 1905. Below are given the figures of several interesting points in the duplicate.

The total valuation of real estate in the city amounts to $3,996,070; in the county, $11,235,660. The personal property in the city amounts to $2,485,655 and in the county, $6,472,190. From these figures it can be seen that the total valuation in the city amounts to $6,481,725 and in the county, $17,707,850.

The total taxes in the city, including every kind of tax and the specials, amount to $273,109.25, and in the county $526,831.84.

Following are the figures for 1904, which show that there has been a comfortable increase in the value of property in the city and county:

City real estate, 1904—$3,848,960; city personal property, $2,471,130; total of city taxable property, $6,320,090.

County real estate, 1904—$11,022,900; county personal property, $6,443,190; total for county, $17,476,090.

Tax assessment for city during 1904—$281,460.41; assessment for county, $579,333.71.

UNCLAIMED MAIL.

The following mail remains uncalled for at the local postoffice:

Harry Augenstine, A. Brookins, Lona Beauchamp, Martin B. Cook, James Coyle, Edward Conoway, George Dutton John W. Dickerson, M. Donahue, John Finch, Carl M. Howard, Charles Jeffries, Frank Little, B. F. Lutton; W. C. Moore, John Martley, Vernon Parks, William Phelps, John Seymour, Mr. and Mrs. Howell Thomas, Ivers Titus, P. H. Towell, W. W Wright, Robert Wyant, Miss Florence Addis, Mrs. Arthur J. Burrus, Mrs. C. W. Bowers, Miss May Kincaid, Mrs. Charity L. Kent, Miss Carrie Leiber, Mrs. Anna Mila, Miss Iva Miller, Miss Nona McGill, Miss Lillian Rush, Miss Anna Towell, Miss Grace Thelma, Mrs. Bert Warden, Dimetri Cotep, Sragne Umbrella company, Mgr. Roller Skating rink.

M. B. Dickerson, P. M.

Never in Insurance Business.

Tammany would like to have it noted that, at worst, it never mixed up in the life insurance business.—Chicago News.

Cards have been received by friends announcing the marriage of Mr. Ben F. Frank of Delaware and Miss Mae E. Thompson of Columbus. The young people will reside in Columbus.

SHE WAITED MANY YEARS

Divorced Ten Years Ago, She Wants Maiden Name.

LEARNS CAN MARRY WHEN SHE CHOOSES

An Unusual Application Made at the Office of Clerk of Courts—Mrs. Delos Delauder Asks To Be Restored to Maiden Name So She Can Marry.

Ten years ago Mrs. Mattie A. DeLauder was divorced from Delos DeLauder and Tuesday afternoon she called at the county clerk's office seeking to be restored to her maiden name. She was accompanied by Merritt Hauver, who was introduced as her intended husband.

"I understand that it will be impossible for me to get married again unless I am restored to my maiden name," Mrs. DeLauder said to Deputy Clerk Charles Dee.

The deputy clerk relieved the woman of all anxiety on this point by telling her that she was divorced ten years ago and ever since that time had been at liberty to marry again. He informed her that in order to be restored to her maiden name it would be necessary to file a motion in court. Mrs. DeLauder's maiden name was Long.

The couple said that although they would like very much to have Mrs. DeLauder's name changed the proceeding required in court would occupy too much time. From the clerk's office they went to the office of Probate Judge Foster where the marriage license was issued.

Hauver is sixty-two years of age and Mrs. DeLauder is fifty-two. They were married Wednesday evening by Rev. D. H. Bailey, pastor of Epworth M. E. church.

Another couple well up in years secured a marriage license of Judge Foster Tuesday afternoon shortly before the arrival of Hauver and his intended bride. The second couple were James M. Fletcher, a prominent Green Camp farmer, and Mrs. Nancy J. Morris, a widow residing in that village. Fletcher is sixty-four years old and Mrs. Morris is fifty-one years of age.

A COLUMBUS LINE RUNNING FROM LIMA

New Line May Be Carried Through Marion.

A special despatch from Lima says:

The Schoepf-Morgan inspection party is expected here next week, when a route will be looked over for a Columbus connection out of Lima. One of the Appleyard properties is expected to serve the greater portion of this line, with a few connecting miles built either from here to Bellefontain, Kenton or Marion.

FORGERY CHARGE AGAINST REEDER

Is Arrested at Galion and Taken to Cleveland.

William Reeder, a Former Clerk in Erie Eating-House Here, in Serious Trouble—He Confesses to the Crime to Galion Officers.

Late Wednesday afternoon, William Reeder, a former clerk in the Erie eating-house, was taken from Galion to Cleveland, where he will have to answer to a charge of forgery.

Reeder, who has been sought by the police of this city, Galion and Cleveland for several weeks, was arrested at Galion, Tuesday evening. Reeder is alleged to have forged the name of Frank Flickinger of Galion to a twenty-dollar check, which he is said to have passed on the cashier of the Erie depot restaurant in the Forest City.

Some time ago the Commercial club of Galion ran an excursion to Cleveland. Reeder was one of the excursionists and while there struck up an acquaintance with the girl cashier, telling her that he formerly clerked in the Erie restaurant in this city. Four weeks ago when he chanced to be in Cleveland again he dropped into the same restaurant and renewed his acquaintance with the cashier. It was then he produced the bogus check and got the money.

After being locked up at Galion, Reeder is said to have confessed his crime to Acting Chief Waldman. "I don't know what made me do it, though," he said.

Reeder's friends deny that he has confessed to forging the check, and claim that he got it from another man, who is to be arrested. They have secured counsel to defend him.

It Has Hopes.

New York has got abreast of Paris by forming an aero club. The club has no airships, but it has hopes.—Cleveland Leader.

THE WARNER & EDWARDS STORE.

The Rubdry Bath Towel.

Something Entirely New.

Radically different from, and better than any other towel produced. Made wholly from Egyptian (imported) long fibre cotton and possessing all its fine qualities. Novel effect and handsome appearance. Looks better, Feels better, Washes better, Wears better and altogether gives better satisfaction than any other towel. Wonderfully Absorbent. The Rubdry towel marks a distinct revolution in towel manufacture. It is so made as to produce all necessary friction with an utter absence of harshness.

Absolutely Superior to Turkish Towels

In respect to lint and pulling out of threads. None of this annoyance so common in most towels. Made in a convenient bath size. Handsomely finished, hemstitched ends and most attractively put up, each towel in a separate carton.

Special sale of these famous Bath Towels commences Saturday morning in our linen department.

Warner & Edwards.

GET THE CASH HABIT. RUBBERS. SEE THE WINDOW.

FELT SHOES, WOVEN LIKE A FELT HAT.

ALL WOOL—NO SEAMS—HEAVY FELT OR LEATHER SOLES.

Women's woven wool felt shoes, flexible leather soles ... $1.45
Women's high cut felt shoes with heavy felt soles and heels ... 1.65
Men's high cut felt shoes with heavy felt soles and heels ... 1.35
Men's 12-inch high cut felt shoes with heavy felt soles and heels ... 1.75
Men's all felt leather covered, leather soles and heels ... 2.15
Men's soft kid-tipped shoes, felt tops and lining ... 2.15
Men's leather quilted tops, heavy plush lining, leather soles ... 2.35
Men's and women's woven felt slippers—hot stuff for cold nights.
Women's kid or calf fleeced shoes or with felt tops.
Warm house shoes and slippers of all kinds.

THE PLACE NEW YORK STORE.

Overcoats, Men's Suits, Ladies' Cloaks, Ladies' Suits, Skirts, Waists, Furs, Millinery, Shoes.

The only complete family clothiers in Marion county.

Some special lots in each line go on sale Saturday at prices that will interest you.

Every garment we show you will be absolutely correct in style and guaranteed as to quality and tailoring.

No job lot styles here, but good honest garments at a smaller price than you expect to pay for the quality you want.

We will show you some good styles you will not find elsewhere in Marion.

Marion Clothing & Cloak Company.

Wiant-Thomas Block. West Center Street.

EXTRA FINE CHINA

With the approach of Xmas, when fine china is particularly sought for, we want to impress—that while our showing is not large, every piece shown is of new pattern and of finest grade.

The point is—that every price on this fine ware is 1-3 to 1-2 less than that asked at most other stores. We urge you to prove this statement.

Mrs. A. O. Jennings, THE BEE HIVE.

MRS. KILSHEIMER DIES THURSDAY

Death of Mother of Mrs. I. Hirsch at Muncie, Indiana.

Mr. I. Hirsch received word Thursday that his wife's mother, Mrs. B. Kilsheimer, died at 3:30 o'clock that morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. G. Munzesheimer of Muncie, Indiana.

Mrs. Kilsheimer was eighty-one years of age and had been in feeble health for the past two years. Until recently she resided with her daughter, Mrs. Hirsch of east Church street. She was quite well known in the city and, with two daughters and three sons, she leaves a host of friends to mourn her death.

The funeral was held at Cincinnati, where burial took place Friday afternoon.

Stockholders Meet—The stockholders of the Marion Supply & Oil company held a meeting at the Prendergast Lumber & Coal company's office Wednesday evening. Owing to the absence of several of the members the business of the company was not all disposed of.

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A MEETING OF GOOD TIME CLUB

Mrs. Charles Parshall of Prospect Entertains Company.

T. K. STOCKWELL ENTERS BUSINESS

Will Start a Notion Store at Worthington in Partnership with E. M. Suttles—William Rayl Buys the Lowe Farm North of Richwood. Prospect News of Interest.

Prospect, Nov. 25.—[Special.]—Mrs. G. W. Fleming left for Columbus Wednesday to pass a couple of weeks with her son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Bert Fleming.

Mrs. R. H. Finefrock has returned from a visit with her mother, Mrs. Ira Claflin, and other relatives at Cardington.

William Rayl of Woodland has purchased the Lowe farm about one mile north of Richwood.

Mrs. Charles Parshall entertained the Good Time club of the Presbyterian church Tuesday evening. The evening was passed pleasantly by the young people.

T. K. Stockwell, who has been employed as a clerk in E. M. Stockwell's department store for the past fifteen years, has formed a partnership with E. W. Suttles of Columbus for the purpose of engaging in the dry goods and notion business at Worthington. Preparation is being made this week for the opening of the store next Monday. Prospect loses one of her most energetic young business men.

The first number of the lecture course will be given Monday evening, November 27, by K. Morimota. It will be an illustrated lecture on the Russo-Japanese war and Japan.

John D. Griffith of Delaware county, well known in Prospect, has been appointed assistant postmaster of the house of representatives postoffice at Washington.

Mrs. H. W. Cratty is visiting her daughter, Mrs. John Howison on Tawa street.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Grund of Toledo and children passed a couple days this week with Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Wolfley.

Mrs. Amos Stiffler is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. M. Stahl at Bluffton, Indiana.

Albert Johnson has accepted a position as clerk in E. M. Stockwell's department store.

John G. Stackey, James C. Johnson and David Hughes have returned from a hunting trip in Wisconsin. They brought back with them a large deer.

David Kyle of Richwood suffered a slight stroke of paralysis Tuesday.

REAL ESTATE.

John O'Brien to W. S. O'Brien, a lot in Marion, $400.

J. H. Dwyer to Adam Rider, a lot in Marion, $200.

Harry Dennis to E. O. Richardson, a lot in Marion, $150.

Cornelius Dwyer to W. J. Mahaffey, a lot in Marion, $650.

Edema Ritzler to Elizabeth H. Miller, a lot in New Bloomington, $600.

Thomas F. Spragg to Samuel Schorr, a lot in Marion, $1,300.

Frank Schultz and others to Charles S. Burnside, a lot in Montgomery township, $200.

Maude A. Thomas to David Vestal, a lot in Marion, $2,800.

J. G. Berry to Charles Franks and others, 75¼ acres in Hardin and Marion counties, $5,625.

David Vestal to E. E. Bush, a lot in Marion, $3,000.

William E. Cleveland to Eva C. Cleveland, a lot in New Bloomington, $100.

Prendergast Lumber & Coal company to Ethel M. Jones, a lot in Marion, $2,500.

Sarah F. Geer to Christian A. Ruth, part of two lots in Marion, $150.

Charles Hofstetter to Alice E. Pedrick, a lot in Marion, $2,700.

W. T. Jones and others to C. B. Emery, a lot in Marion, $1,750.

Louisa Keeler to Frank B. Minyoung, a lot in Marion, $120

C. S. and S. B. Lippincott to Elizabeth H. Miller, a lot in New Bloomington, $50.

Ellen C. Metz to T. C. Lewis thirteen acres in Big Island, $1,000.

Daniel Moyer to J. W. Grimes, forty acres in Waldo township, $3,500

Nelson Montgomery to Ida Reed, four lots in Marion, $1,200

B. F. Wanles to J. W. Hammer, a lot in Marion, $1,550.

Nancy J. Walters to M. E. Walters, part of two lots in Marion, $100.

Big Success—The Caledonia Stock company produced "A White Lie" at the Caledonia opera house Wednesday evening the production being viewed by a very large audience. The patronage was so good that the play will be reproduced next Saturday evening.

A Big Deal—A big deal in real estate was closed Thursday afternoon, when John W. Humphreys transferred 108 acres of land in Waldo township to Daniel Moyer. The consideration was $10,000.

HOME MISSIONARY SOCIETY MEETING

An Interesting Session at Epworth M. E. Church.

An interesting meeting of the Epworth Home Missionary society was held in the church parlor, Thursday afternoon, with a good attendance. Mrs. Elson Helwig led the devotional exercises.

Mrs. Frank Spritt read an interesting leaflet, "A Thankoffering Dream," followed by Mrs. John H. Bain, who read a leaflet on "A Christmas Bell That Went on a Mission."

Mrs. James Williams and Miss Louise Priest gave an entertaining report of the convention recently held at LaRue. The program closed with a pleasing vocal solo by Miss Fay Jones.

Arrangements were made for holding an all-day sewing at the home of Mrs. William Mercness on Prairie street, December 6. The next meeting will be held the evening of December 28 at the church, and will be followed by a social.

ALVA BOLDS LOSES TWO OF HIS FINGERS

Playing with Feed Cutter and Is Caught by Blades.

Longville, Nov. 24.—[Special.]—Alva, the five-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Edwards Bolds, suffered the loss of two fingers as the result of an accident last Saturday. The child was playing with a feed cutter and in some manner the second and third fingers of his right hand were caught by the blades and were cut off. Dr. H. W. Sager of Marion and Dr. J. B. Hinklin of Prospect were called and rendered the necessary surgical attention, amputating the fingers below the middle joints.

Albert Thompson sold his farm of eighty acres to James B. Guthery last week.

Marion Weiss has opened the winter term of school in the Reber district.

COTTAGE MEETINGS ARE IN PROGRESS

Rev. Mr. Bockstahler Preparing for Evangelistic Work.

Pupils of Agosta Schools Making Donations to the Needy—Ladies' Aid Society Holds an Interesting Meeting—Agosta Happenings.

Agosta, Nov. 24.—[Special]—A. C. Johnston and daughter, Vena, were in Marion Saturday on business.

Rev. Jacob Bockstahler is conducting a series of cottage meetings preparatory to beginning his evangelistic services at Salem church Sunday evening.

Myrtle Wilson passed several days visiting her sister, Mrs. Everett Ash at Marion, this week.

Rev. Mr. Faust, who is conducting a series of meetings at New Longville, was summoned to his home in Delaware county, and F. W. Stoll filled the pulpit during his absence.

Mrs. D. E. Loutzenheiser of Kingsland, Indiana, is visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Schmidt.

Mrs. Louisa Mitten is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. W. H. Cope at Marion.

The Ladies' Aid society met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wilson, south of the village, Tuesday and spent the day in sewing. A splendid dinner was served by the hostess.

The public schools are making their annual donation to the needy today.

Miss Jessie Burley entertained the seventh grade pupils with an old-fashioned taffy-pulling Wednesday evening.

Rev. F. M. Houser has returned from Marion, where he assisted Rev. C. E. Rowley of the Wesley M. E. church, with a series of meetings.

More Than They Get.

"How much are you worth above your debts?" is a question Secretary Shaw is asking of treasury clerks. The only certain thing about it is that the average clerk is worth more than he gets.—Washington Post.

COMMON PLEAS.

Aaron Sharp filed an answer and cross-petition to his wife's suit for divorce Thursday afternoon. He admits that they were married in Bucyrus, October 28, 1903, but denies that he was ever unfaithful, that he ever threatened his wife with violence, or that he neglected her in any way. Sharp claims that he made several offers to support his wife, but that she refused his assistance.

The husband prays that his wife's petition be dismissed, that he be allowed to go hence without costs, and that the temporary order restraining him from selling his property be dissolved.

Sharp denies that he drove his wife from home and declares that all their troubles are due to the fact that he refused to support two grown-up sons of his wife by a previous marriage. He says that Mrs. Sharp left him because he would not consent to provide for her sons.

In the suit to partition the estate of the late John Behner, brought by Frank Behner against Arthur Behner and others, Arthur Behner has filed an answer and cross-petition in which he asks that his brother, Frank, be required to pay the other heirs $4,400 before the writ of partition is issued.

Arthur Behner relates that before his father's death he loaned his son, Frank, a sum of money. When the father died his will provided that in order to secure his share of the estate, Frank Behner should pay the other heirs $4,400. Arthur Behner says that this debt remains unpaid.

MISS ZELDA MANLEY ENTERTAINS PARTY

The Affair a Delightful Social Success Tuesday Evening.

LaRue, Nov. 23.—[Special.]—J. W. Wingert, north of town, recently sold his fine three-year-old colt to Benjamin Bridlebaugh of Grant for $210.

Little Miss Zelda Manley gave a fine party to her young friends Tuesday evening, which was attended by about twenty little folks. Refreshments were served and a royal good time was enjoyed.

Hunter Hastings, Mrs. J. K. Peters and Miss Edna Noyes, after several days' sojourn here, returned home Wednesday.

J. W. Wingert was in Marion Wednesday.

The Future of the Telephone.

The bigness of the telephone interests, present and prospective, of the United States is certainly best understood by the engineers, says F. W. Coburn in the November Atlantic. These men of figures and forecasts, whose everyday speech abounds in references to loads, insulations and relays, have, as is well known, magnificent ideas as to the future of the industry they are building up. Already they are basing their estimates of necessary construction upon a probable 20 per cent development within the next two or three decades, a prediction which means in everyday speech that by 1930 or 1935 there should be, if the present rate of expansion continues, one telephone for every five people in the United States, or, as it has been otherwise expressed, a telephone to every other family and as many more in places of business.

Rival to Kentucky's Mammoth Cave.

A cave that may rival the famous Mammoth cave has been discovered near Glasgow Junction, Barren county, in Kentucky, says a Louisville dispatch. One arm has been explored for seven miles. Farther progress was stopped by a swift stream. Dr. Hazen and John Thompson, the explorers, are now engaged in building a boat with which to ferry the stream. As soon as this work is complete the search will be prosecuted farther. The cave is described by Dr. Hazen as being of surpassing beauty.

Only Waiting.

Mrs. Simpers—My dear, will you love me when I'm old?

Mr. Simpers—Yes; when you're old enough to have sense.—New York Weekly.

Woman's Way.

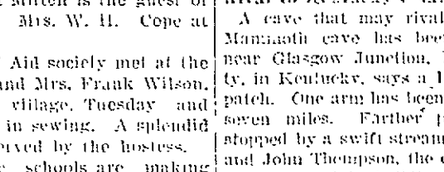
Henri—I've written a new play and called it "Cash."

Sarah—I'm afraid you'll never be able to produce it.—La Vie Parisienne.

109 W. Center Street. Turney's Jewelry Store. Established 1840.

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY.

For Holiday Gifts.



For Holiday Gifts.

AN EXQUISITE LINE OF DIAMOND JEWELRY, GOLD JEWELRY, STERLING SILVER, CUT GLASS, ETC.

Come to us, make a small payment on what you wish to buy, and we will lay it away until Christmas for you.

Turney. ENGRAVING FREE. Turney.

MRS. SAGE'S WARNING

Financier's Wife Tells of Perils That Beset Leisure Class.

REBUKES WOMEN WHO GAMBLE

She Describes How They Squander Their Husbands' Money and Claims Rich Hostesses Politely Bully Their Male Guests Into Games of Poker. Suggests Work For Leisure Class.

Mrs. Russell Sage in an article on "Opportunities and Responsibilities of Leisured Women" published in the North American Review for November makes the following statements:

"There is an immense amount of feminine talent and energy wasted in the world every day. This is not due to the indifference or the laziness of woman, for she is eager to do, to accomplish, to go out into the field of life and achieve for herself and for her kind. But she simply does not know how. One of the most important movements of the day, therefore, is the reawakening of woman, the building her up on a new basis of self help and work for others. That movement will set loose an amount of energy and talent that will revolutionize our social life.

"It is absurd to suggest that women who have a talent for music or literature or art should be enslaved by domestic drudgery, while the struggle for the civilization of the world is going on."

Mrs. Sage thinks selfishness and idleness great sources of danger. She thinks women's laxity toward drinking and smoking is injurious. At a dinner she recently attended, she says, "It was put to a vote whether or not smoking should be indulged in. The ladies present, not wishing to be obnoxious, voted 'Yes,' I being the only one that voted 'No.' The result was that the men indulged their love for tobacco to the discomfort of almost all the women present and the nausea of some of them. This sort of thing is remotely responsible for the cigarette smoking habit among reputable young women. They indulge in order to affiliate with young men and be considered 'good fellows.'

"Drinking is indulged in to an appalling extent by women of the wealthy idle class, and their daughters are following in their footsteps. The great danger of this is that the idle rich class influences the succeeding strata of society. This class is surrounded with a certain glamour that those not so high up in the so called 'social scale' mistake for something genuine, but which is the veriest sham. Bear in mind that I refer to no set or clique, but to a condition manifested in all parts of the country. Now, the persons of this class are widely imitated. If they drink it is considered smart to do so, and others follow suit. If they smoke cigarettes other girls do the same."

Mrs. Sage denounces gambling as one of the "inevitable concomitants of idle extravagant life." She tells of hostesses politely bullying men into games of poker or bridge whist and making them pay dearly. She adds:

"The trouble is that the wives of many men in this class squander in gambling and other forms of dissipation the money their husbands give them for household expenses and are compelled to resort to just such measures to make up the deficit, lest their husbands find out the true state of affairs and adopt drastic measures to correct them.

"Week end parties have bridge whist as a sole purpose. Rooms are hired and furnished in all parts of New York city by fashionable young women who do nothing but gamble there. I was sitting in my carriage not long ago, and, seeing a young friend of whom I am fond walking up the avenue, I invited her to drive with me. But she waved her hand and exclaimed: 'I can't today. I've been losing at euchre, and now I'm going to make it up at bridge.' And she hurried on.

"The idle rich are no more vicious than the idle poor, but they are much more lacking in sympathy with one another."

Mrs. Sage recommends women of leisure to apply themselves to missionary work in improving towns and villages. She says:

"In our great cities many women are necessarily lonely or are forced into vicious society. And this loneliness is not ameliorated by attending balls and other entertainments. It is unfortunate that men of small means, having to attend business, must leave their wives much alone in hotels and boarding houses. It is not woman's nature to be philosophically resigned to solitude. She must have society, preferably good, but she must have society.

"An inexperienced man is apt to neglect his wife and still expect her to be chaste as Lucrece. There is a great field for work among the unemployed wives of salaried men. If the idle rich woman would only learn to look upon her sister of this class as the daughter of a woman like herself, cocqual with her before God, she would take her by the hand and draw her out from her solitude and by so doing reap a reward in the unfolding of her own character."

Mrs. Sage very earnestly declares that the only remedy for the social evil in our communities is by educating boys and girls to one standard of morality.

An Effect of Anglo-Japanese Alliance

In consequence of the Japanese alliance the British Burma garrison, which has hitherto guarded India's eastern frontiers, will be materially reduced.

MEMORIAL TO JOHN HAY.

Jewish Token of Gratitude For Late Secretary of State's Efforts.

On Thanksgiving day the Jews of the United States will celebrate in every city and village the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of their arrival in this land of freedom and equality, says William E. Curtis, the Chicago Record-Herald's Washington correspondent. It is proposed to celebrate the occasion and to express the gratitude of the Jewish race for the privileges and blessings they have enjoyed in America by erecting a memorial in honor of the late John Hay, who, as secretary of state, did so much toward the amelioration of the condition of their coreligionists in Russia, Roumania and other countries of Europe. Lest future generations may forget, it is also proposed to place in every synagogue in the United States a perpetual reminder of Colonel Hay in the form of a stained glass window or a tablet of marble or bronze suitably inscribed.

No similar tribute was ever paid to any human being—not even to a conqueror or to a king. It has not yet been decided what form the national tribute shall take. A monument, a column or a statue in Washington or New York has been suggested, but it is more probable that a school of political economy, international law and diplomacy will be founded under John Hay's name in connection with one of the American universities. Brown university at Providence, where Colonel Hay was graduated; Western Reserve at Cleveland, of which he was an active trustee, and in which he always took a deep personal interest; Johns Hopkins, Columbia university, New York city; George Washington university in Washington and other institutions have been suggested. It is desired to place the school where it can best serve its purpose, and active influences are at work in behalf of the institutions named and others.

It is considered desirable that every Jew in the country, however poor, shall contribute his mite, to emphasize the significance of the movement. Committees will be appointed in every city, town and village where Jews are living to secure a unanimous and a perpetual token of gratitude and thanksgiving from the entire Jewish race to the American republic.

PHONE MINUS MOUTHPIECE.

How a British Company Abolished Suggested Medium of Disease.

Consul Mahin of Nottingham reports that the suggested transmission of disease by telephone mouthpieces has led the British General Electric company to devise an instrument in which all danger is avoided by simply abolishing the mouthpiece, says a Washington special to the New York Times.

The receiving and transmitting apparatus is combined in a small metal case, shaped like a watch, which is held continuously to the ear both in speaking and in listening, the transmitting microphone being made so sensitive that it becomes unnecessary to concentrate the sound waves on it by the aid of any mouthpiece such as is ordinarily used.

Mounted on a handle, with a speaking key, the new arrangement is exactly similar to the common combined receiver and transmitter, except that there is no mouthpiece, and the speaker, as it were, addresses himself to the world at large instead of talking into a trumpet shaped orifice.

Count Witte's Opinion of Roosevelt.

The private opinion formed by one great man concerning another is always interesting, says a London News correspondent. I am able to give an extract from a private letter from Count Witte, the Russian prime minister, concerning President Roosevelt which, I think, will be read with special interest. "From a moral standpoint," writes Count Witte to a friend, "the president of the United States is a statesman of large caliber. Born in a time when politicians are more children of their century than of their history, he owes his high position, which he fills more worthily every day, exclusively to his personal qualities as revealed in actions requiring decision, tact and clear vision. The world recognizes this. When one speaks with President Roosevelt he charms through the elevation of his thoughts and through that transparent philosophy which permeates his judgment. He has an ideal and strives for higher aims than a commonplace existence presents. In the stubborn struggle of the day men like Mr. Roosevelt have no leisure, for they are soldiers who cannot be relieved from the danger line."

To the Free Russian.

Shout, oh, you that long have suffered!
Give your sudden gladness voice;
It is well that in your triumph you should tearlessly rejoice;
Drown the griefs you long have carried in a flood of happy tears;
Let the very stars be shaken by the volley of your cheers.
But you may as well remember while you sing and shout for glee
That you'll have to keep on working, even though they've set you free.

Rise, oh, you that long have groveled!
You have won the right you sought;
You possess the joys of freedom, though they have been dearly bought.
Let the flames upon your altars cast a glow across the lands
That so long have lain in darkness; but there's work still for your hands.
Don't forget that even freedom puts no goods upon the shelves
And is not a thing that causes crops to sow and reap themselves.

Sing for joy and pile your shackles where they may be gnawed by rust;
Shout the glory of the freedom that is given to your trust.
Let your cheers ascend to heaven, that the angels there may know
And be glad that right has given wrong another crushing blow.
But remember while exulting over matters as they are
That your freedom will not purchase shoes for little Vladimar.

—S. E. Kiser in Chicago Record-Herald.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Margaret E. Vinson, daughter of John and Jane Hastings, and beloved companion of James W. Vinson, died at her late home near Shelby, Wednesday morning, November 22, 1905, aged sixty-six years and twenty days. She was born near Marseilles, November 2, 1840, and united in marriage with Alexander Stewart thirty-six years ago. To them were born one son and one daughter, both of whom died in early life. The husband and father died thirty years ago, January 5, 1895, she united in marriage with James W. Vinson, and with him the day following removed to Shelby, where she resided until her death. Nearly fifty years ago she united with the Presbyterian church and remained a worthy member until death. She was ever held in high esteem by all who knew her. For several months past she was in failing health. Her trouble gradually developed into pneumonia, of which she died. The remains were taken to LaRue, where at 1:30 o'clock Thursday, Rev. J. A. Sutton held funeral services, following which the remains were interred in the Bonner cemetery, west of town. Mrs. Vinson left a husband, one sister, Mrs. Lydia Noyes, and two brothers, James Hastings of Hepburn and Hunter Hastings of LaRue. ***

WELL-KNOWN YOUNG PEOPLE ARE MARRIED

Mr. Laurence B. Kerr and Miss Ianthe D. Mumford.

Mr. Laurence B. Kerr and Miss Ianthe D. Mumford were married at 6 o'clock Thursday evening by Rev. C. L. Reed, pastor of the United Brethren church, at his home on south Prospect street. They were unattended.

Both the bride and groom are well-known young people, and will make their home in this city.

Legal Notice.

William Frederick Mack, et al., Plaintiffs, vs. Christopher Staley, et al., Defendants. Cause No. 11220.

The defendants, Christopher Staley; the unknown heirs and legal and personal representatives of Christopher Staley; John Strine; the unknown heirs and legal and personal representatives of John Strine; Jacob Strine; the unknown heirs and legal and personal representatives of Jacob Strine; Peter Strine; the unknown heirs and legal and personal representatives of Peter Strine; Mary Strine; the unknown heirs and legal and personal representatives of Mary Strine; Margaret Strine; the unknown heirs and legal and personal representatives of Margaret Strine; the unknown heirs and legal and personal representatives of Henry Lee; Martin Strine; the unknown heirs and legal and personal representatives of Martin Strine, will take notice that on the 21st day of October, A. D. 1905, plaintiffs filed their petition in the office of the clerk of the court of common pleas of Marion county, Ohio, in and by which they seek to have the title quieted in them, to the following described premises, to-wit:

Situated in the township of Waldo, in the county of Marion, in the state of Ohio, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the northwest corner of lot number eight (8), United States military lands, in range 19, township 7, section 1; thence easterly on the Greenville treaty line, one hundred and sixty-four and twenty-hundredths (164.20) rods to the center of the Whetstone river; thence south with the center of the river to the line between the lands formerly owned by John M. Shaffer and Andrew Stroub as shown by Eaton's survey; thence west on said line one hundred and forty-three and forty-two hundredths (143.42) rods to a post on the west line of lot number eight (8), thence north forty-eight and fifty-two hundredths (48.52) rods to the place of beginning, containing forty-nine and eighty-seven hundredths (49.87) acres, more or less.

Also situated in the township of Richland, county and state aforesaid, being part of the east half of fractional section 31, township 6, south of range 16, beginning at the southwest corner of said east half of said fractional section aforesaid on the Greenville treaty line; thence easterly on said line, forty (40) rods; thence north thirty-eight (38) rods; thence west forty (40) rods to the west line of said half section, thence south on said west line of said half section, forty-two (42) rods to the place of beginning, containing ten (10) acres, more or less.

Also suitated in the township of Richland, county and state aforesaid, and known as a tract of land beginning at a stake in the half section line and ten (10) chains and seventy-one (71) links south of the northwest corner of the east half of fractional section number 31, township 6, south range 16 east; thence east parallel with the north line of said half section to the center of the Whetstone or Olentangy river; thence with the meanderings of said river south to the Greenville treaty line; thence with said line south, eighty-three (83) degrees west, thirty-one (31) chains and seventy (70) links to the southwest corner of the east half of said section 31; thence with the half section line north one (1) degree east, ten (10) chains and fifty-five (55) links to the beginning, containing twenty-eight and sixteen hundredths (28.16) acres more or less, excepting ten (10) acres off the west end of this described tract, leaving eighteen and sixteen hundredths (18.16) acres, more or less, containing in the aggregate, and there is hereby conveyed, seventy-eight and three hundredths (78.03) acres be the same, more or less, and that unless they answer on or before the 13th day of January, A. D. 1906, the allegations of said petition will be taken to be true, and a decree entered accordingly.

WILLIAM FREDERICK MACK,
EMMA M. MACK,
Plaintiffs.

By H. Edmund Hill and Copeland & Bartram, their attorneys.

German publication dispensed with.
25-wk-f-t6

Legal Notice.

George O'Neal, whose place of residence is unknown, will take notice that Cora I. O'Neal filed in the court of common pleas of Marion county, Ohio, in case No 11271, on October 11, 1905, her certain petition against George O'Neal, praying for a divorce from the said George O'Neal upon the ground of adultery and gross neglect of duty. That said cause will be for hearing on and after December 12, 1905.

CORA I. O'NEAL.
By H. Edmund Hill, her attorney.
25-wk-Fri-t6

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CORA I. O'NEAL.
By H. Edmund Hill, her attorney.
25-wk-Fri-t6

Legal Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has this day filed in the probate court of Marion county, Ohio, his motion praying for an order to sell or otherwise dispose of notes and book accounts belonging to the estate of William F. Durr, deceased, and which accrued in the lifetime of said decedent, and which have become desparate, said notes being twenty-six (26) in number and the aggregate amount of which is $142.92, all of which are past due. Said book accounts are twenty (20) in number and the aggregate amount of which is $216.35. Said motion will be for hearing on the 2nd day of December, 1905.

Dated at Marion, Ohio, this 8th day of November, 1905.

JOHN C. MARTIN,
Executor of William F. Durr, deceased.
Jacoby & Donithen, his attorneys.
25-wk&fri-t3

SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.

The School Examiners of Marion county, Ohio will meet for the examination of teachers at Central school building, Saturday,

December Second.

Include literature in required branches.

Examinations commence at 8:30 a.m. and no applications will be received after 10 a. m. All examinations will be written and positively no private examinations will be granted. A fee of 50 cents will be charged on admission to the examination, and each applicant will furnish an envelope, stamped and addressed to him or herself, in which a certificate or notice of failure will be forwarded. Applicants will be graded on a scale of 100. No certificate will be granted when the grade in any branch falls below 85. An average of 75 with a minimum of 65 secures a certificate for one year. 85 with a minimum of 75 secures a certificate of two years. 95 with a minimum of 85 secures a certificate for three years.

Success in the school room will also be taken into consideration in determining the class of certificate.

F. A. KENNEDY, President
W. P. MALONEY,
S. W. ALMENDINGER, Clerk. } *Examiners*

Local Time Card

ERIE RAILROAD

FROM UNION STATION.
In Effect June 25, 1905.

Eastbound.

*No. 10	Chautauqua Ex..12:20 am
*No. 8,	New York Ex.. 5:32 am
*No. 4,	Vestibule Limit'd 6:33 pm
*No. 16	Accommodation..12:40 pm
†No. 22,	Arrives .....10:00 am

C. and E. Division.

*No. 9,	Chicago Express..12:20 am
*No. 3,	Vestibuled Ltd..10:34 am
†No. 21....	.... 7:00 am
‡No. 13....	.... 3:30 pm
*No. 7	Pacific Express..11:10 pm

South and Cincinnati.

*No. 9,	Cincinnati Ex... 1:00 am
*No. 3,	Vestibuled Ltd..10:39 am
‡No. 13....	.... 3:30 pm
No. 57,	Monday only..... 4:00 pm

* Daily. † Daily ex ept Sunday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

15 daily accommodation 9:50 a. m., between Kent and Marion.

L. E. Nebergall, Ticket Agent.
O. L. Enos, Trav. Pass. Ag't.
Marion, Ohio.

Phones, Home, 246, Bell, 177.

BIG FOUR ROUTE.

UNION DEPOT.

Westbound.

No. 11	*5:55 am
No. 3	x7:45 am
No. 19	*9:56 am
No. 29	*2:00 pm
No. 43	*7:30 pm
No. 5	x4:40 pm
Local freight	x11:45 am

Eastbound.

No. 26	*10:48 am
No. 46	*12:17 N
No. 10	x5:30 pm
No. 16	*7:25 pm
No. 18	*11:34 pm
Local freight	x8:30 pm

*** Daily. x daily except Sunday.**
Effective June 18, 1905.

Hocking Valley

UNION STATION TIME CARD.

Northbound.	Southbound.
No. 31. 6:30 am	*No. 30. 5:50 am
*No. 33.10:15 am	*No. 32. 7:20 am
*No. 35. 4:20 pm	*No. 32.10:15 am
*No. 37.10:50 pm	No. 34. 1:34 pm
*No. 39. 6:10 pm	*No. 36. 7:15 pm

*** Daily.**

No. 38 starts from Marion.
No. 39 stops at Marion.
No. 39 will leave Columbus 6 p. m. on Sundays.

Effective Sunday, April 30, 1905.

PASSENGER TRAINS

Pennsylvania Lines.

Eastern Standard Time.

SOUTH.	*441 A.M.	†443 A.M.	*445 P.M.	*463 P.M.	*45 P.M.
Lv. Sandusky	5:55	10:30	5:30	6:00	9:35
Bellevue	6:25	10:57	6:00	6:28	7:06
Bucyrus	7:30	11:55	7:05	7:31	8:14
Marion	8:06	12:30	7:42	8:03	8:53
Delaware	8:43	1:16	8:20	8:40	9:29
Ar. Columbus	9:30	1:55	9:00	9:25	10:15

NORTH.	†440 A.M.	†442 M.	†444 P.M.	*460 A.M.	*462 A.M.	*464 P.M.
Lv. Columbus	6:30	12:00	5:30	6:20	6:40	7:40
Delaware	7:12	12:39	6:29	7:03	7:25	8:18
Marion	7:49	1:20	7:00	7:46	8:06	8:58
Bucyrus	8:20	1:50	7:35	8:19	8:40	9:36
Bellevue	9:32	2:52	8:40	9:19	9:53	10:15
Ar. Sandusky	10:00	3:18	9:10	9:45	10:25	10:44

*Daily. †Daily Ex. Sunday. ‡Sunday Only.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to SAMUEL MOODY, General Passenger Agent, Pittsburg, Pa.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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Thanksgiving.

By LOUIS J. STELLMAN

1.

I thank Thee, Lord, not for the golden grain
That Thou hast let me harvest from the field
Of Mortal Pleasure—nay, but for the yield
Of Power from the seed of Toil and Pain.

2.

I thank Thee, Lord, not for the roses strewn
Along the path to cheer my onward way,
But for each rocky passage I have hewn
Each stroke that brought new sinews into play.

3.

I thank Thee, Lord, not for the little fame
That I have gained, reward of patient years
But for the test of Hope deferred and tears
That, with Experience's teachings came.

4.

I thank Thee, Lord, not for the victory
Won by the prowess of my head or hand,
But for that greater boon—the sympathy
To know my fellow man, to understand.

5.

I thank Thee, Lord, for Knowledge and for Truth
The Knowledge how to win a childish heart,
The truth that sees no thing from Good apart
And fills the spirit with eternal youth.

6.

But, most of all, I thank Thee, Lord, for One
Whose love has been the fount from which I drew
The draft of Life's completeness just begun;
Whose coming gave all things a meaning new.

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Hundredth Anniversary of Battle of Austerlitz

THE approaching centenary of the battle of Austerlitz, which was fought on Dec. 2, 1805, cannot fail to arouse a rehabilitated enthusiasm in the heart of every one who is convinced that the man who won it was the greatest soldier of any age. It will serve also to recall to the public mind the memory of the wonderful Corsican at the climax of his amazing career, that period at which he seemed destined to overthrow the existing order of the European world. In the entire military career of Napoleon it is probable that no other event stands out so brilliantly as Austerlitz, taking into the account his numerical inferiority, the audacity of his scheme, the precision with which it was worked out and the completeness of the victory.

He had been having things all his own way in that memorable Austrian campaign. Not that he had not been opposed valiantly and that any point of vantage had been uncontested. Every step toward the capital had been disputed, but the French were irresistible. The Austrian commander, General Mack, a gallant soldier and a stubborn fighter, had been compelled to capitulate on Oct. 17, and Napoleon and his triumphant army entered Vienna with a shout of exultation that sent a shiver over Europe.

In the midst of all the festivity incident to the occupation of the Austrian capital Napoleon knew that the struggle was not yet over, that his enemy was preparing for the decisive blow. Since the battle was inevitable, he made up his mind that it should be fought in a place of his own selection. It was in the latter part of November, 1805, that Napoleon, on riding over the country around Austerlitz, determined to make the little Moravian town the battlefield on which he would meet the combined armies of Austria and Russia. He knew that his army was inferior in numbers to that of the allies, but he believed that his 70,000 veterans were amply sufficient to carry out the plan he had already formed.

The French forces were concentrated at Austerlitz with great rapidity. On the last night of November Napoleon's army was drawn up in a plain, with the right resting on Lake Moenitz and the left six miles distant on a hill, which was covered with artillery. Two little streams flowed past the ranks into the lake, which was bordered with marshes to protect it, and on a high slope was pitched the emperor's tent. From this little height Napoleon could overlook the entire scene. The allies approached and ranged themselves on a waving line of heights just opposite the French. On the highest point, Mount Pratzen, the allies formed their center, which was commanded by the emperors of Austria and Russia in person. The finest corps in the French army, under the famous Marshal Soult, was detailed to storm the height of Pratzen.

All day long Napoleon rode among his troops, and after dark was returning to his tent when he received an ovation which was as novel as it was startling. The soldiers seized the bundles of straw that had been given to them for bedding and fastened them to the end of long poles. Then at a given signal they lighted the straw and elevated the poles. The illumination that followed was as sudden as it was splendid. All along the valley those improvised torches lighted the path of the astonished and gratified emperor, who recalled at once that it was the anniversary—the first—of his coronation. An enthusiastic shout of "Vive l'empereur!" was caught up by each troop as he advanced.

At 4 o'clock next morning the great Corsican was on horseback beside his tent. The moon had gone down, but through the somber hush that precedes daybreak the quick ear of the emperor caught a low, continuous rumble beyond the heights of Pratzen. The deep murmur passed from right to left, indicating that the allies were massing their forces against the French right wing. At the coming of dawn a bank of gray fog concealed the movements of the enemy, but the increasing rumble told the alert watcher that he had guessed aright.

At sunrise the fog lifted quickly, disclosing the dense masses of infantry which the allies were moving into position. Napoleon divined their intention at a glance. His keen perception told him that the allies, engrossed in the scheme of outflanking the French, were weakening their center by drawing off their troops to the left. The emperor's marshals, who had joined him, perceived the allies' tactics and eagerly importuned Napoleon for permission to take advantage of the situation. Turning to Marshal Soult, whose command was massed in the bottom of the valley at the foot of the height of Pratzen, the emperor asked him how long it would take him to reach the summit. The daring fighter replied that it could be done in less than twenty minutes.

"Then let us wait a little," said Bonnparte. "When the enemy is playing into our hands it is not necessary to interrupt him."

It was not until 8 o'clock that the anxiously awaited signal was given. As soon as the word was uttered Murat, Lannes, Bernadotte and Soult, who had been grouped around Bonnparte, turned and swept at a headlong gallop to their respective commands. Napoleon rode toward the center, and as he passed through the ranks he said: "Soldiers, the enemy has put himself in your power. Finish the campaign by a clap of thunder!" A long protracted shout of "Vive l'empereur!" was the answer.

Shortly afterward Marshal Soult with his strong battalions began to ascend the height of Pratzen. It was a magnificent military spectacle, and the emperor watched it with the keenest interest. With banners flying and arms gleaming brightly in the early morning sunlight, drums and trumpets filling the air with a deafening din, the massive colums climbed upward and onward. From the bosom of Pratzen there presently issued a series of flashes and reverberations which suggested the sudden eruption of a volcano. In a moment the top of the height was concealed in smoke, and the two contending hosts engaged in mortal combat were covered from sight. For two hours Pratzen belched forth fire and smoke, and then the sulphurous cloud lifted in the strong sunlight. The French standards waved upon the height and a victorious shout rose from the army in the valley.

Having pierced the allies' center, Soult descended on their left wing. The precipitate flight of the disorganized defenders of Pratzen was intercepted by the French troops below, and the slaughter was terrible. The brave Buxhowden, the Russian general who commanded the allies' left, tried to cover the retreat, but he could do little. Over 7,000 of his command were pierced and trodden to death. The remainder tried to escape by crossing a frozen lake. The ice was not strong enough to sustain the weight of men, horses and artillery, and over 2,000 were drowned. Napoleon's other marshals were also successful with their commands. Before nightfall the bloody battle of Austerlitz was won, and over 30,000 bodies strewed the field.

FRANCIS GERARD.

A HUGE CANNON BALL.

The biggest cannon ball ever made weighed 2,600 pounds and was manufactured at the Krupp works, Essen, for the government of the czar. The gun from which this projectile was fired is also the largest in the world and is placed in the fortifications of Cronstadt. This gun has a range of twelve miles, and it has been estimated that each shot costs $1,500.

ENGLISH SPEAKING PEOPLE.

English is now spoken by about 125,000,000 people. A century ago it was spoken by 20,000,000 people only. During that period no other leading European language has made the slightest advance. German has held its own and is now spoken by 80,000,000, but this is no higher percentage of the total number of people of European descent than it had a hundred years ago.

AS TO RATES ON FREIGHT

Senator Foraker Gives Views on the Subject.

MATTER IS BEING MUCH DISCUSSED

The Ohio Senator Opposes Mr. Roosevelt's Policy.

There Is Sharp Division Among the Members of the Senate Interstate Commerce Commission — Friends of Rate Regulation Are in the Majority—Commerce Commission May Ge Given More Power.

Washington, Nov. 23.—Railway rate-making was again considered by the senate committee on interstate commerce, but in an informal way. Views were expressed by several members which indicate a sharp division so far as the situation has developed. There is the further indication that a majority of the committee will favor a measure giving the interstate commerce commission more power, which means in some form control over rates. It seems to be quite well understood that three Republicans and enough Democrats favor such legislation as to insure a rate-making bill being reported. Senator Foraker expressed the opinion that it would be sufficient to meet the present situation if the interstate commerce commission should be authorized to take cognizance of complaints, bring suits to enforce the laws in the United States courts, and that all district attorneys be empowered to prosecute such cases.

CHICAGO PRODUCE.

Chicago, Nov. 23.—Butter—Extra creamery jobbing 23; retailers 24; prints 25; firsts 20@22; seconds 17½@18½; renovated 19@19½; dairies, cooleys 20; firsts 18; ladles 16½@17; packing stock 15½@16; storage 22@22½.

Eggs—Fresh stock at mark 18¼@24½; firsts 24; prime firsts 28; extra high grade 30; storage 20½.

Live poultry—Turkeys 13; chickens, fowls 9; roosters 7; springs 9½; ducks 11; geese $6@$9.

THE PEOPLE'S COLUMN

The STAR wants your "Want" Advertisement in this Want Column.

Twenty-five cents for a single insertion, 50c for three issues, 75c for six issues, not to exceed five lines.

Parties advertising in these columns desiring their mail addressed in our care, can do so free of charge.

Because of the cheapness of Star "Want" ads, don't ask it charged, bring the cash with you.

All answers to advertisements should be enclosed in sealed envelopes.

STAR Want Ads Bring Quick Returns

FOR SALE—Poland China male hogs, at a bargain if sold in next ten days. Geo. Schultz & Bros., Marion, O., on Caledonia road. Citizens' phone 5006. 306-15-wk-1-p

LOST—A black Poland China sow, about three weeks ago. Strayed from pasture on J. W. Smith's farm, two miles east of city. Weight between 250 and 300. Suitable reward for any information leading to recovery. J. L. Snyder, corner of Jefferson and east Center streets. 307-t2-wk-1-p

FOR SALE—Three goats for sale cheap if sold soon. Inquire of Orvil Wood, Agosta, Ohio, R. R. No. 1. Citizens' phone 4607 Agosta Central. 305-d&wk-p

FOR SALE—Ten cows that will soon be fresh, and a team of draft horses. F. M. Warner, 110½ south Main street. 303-t2-wk-1-c

FOR SALE—One new spring wagon, suitable for tinner, plumber or painter; will sell cheap. Also new buggy and spring wagon wheels at half price. See us at once. Martin & Wolfinger, on Mill street, old Huber shop. 290-c-t3-25-wk-t3-p

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A farm of 40 acres, 3½ miles east of LaRue. Well tiled, fair buildings and all black soil. Will trade for a larger farm and pay difference. See M. L. Jones on farm. 26-wk-t3-p

FOR SALE—Some real estate at a bargain. 250 acres near Norton; elegant barn and other buildings, abundant fruit of all kinds, best of water, an all-round good farm. Also 157 acres near Waldo, black and sandy loam, good buildings, abundant fruit, gravel bank on farm.

Also dwelling and store room combined in Chesterville, Morrow county. Rentals pay big interest on investment.

These are money making properties and must be sold at once. A. P. Wintermute, 284 north Washington street, Delaware, O. 27-wk-t2-310-s-t2-c

John M. Pattison, the New Governor of Ohio

AT the convention which nominated John M Pattison, the Democrat recently elected governor of Republican Ohio, it was asserted by one of his supporters that the candidate was "his own man." There was not a man in the convention who did not know the meaning of the statement or who failed to appreciate its significance as a campaign text. It was something new in Ohio politics of any creed for the party leaders to go to the nominating convention with a candidate in their pocket and to return home without having been given the opportunity to launch him. That is precisely what happened at that convention. The leaders were on hand promptly with their various selections, but none of them had chosen John M. Pattison.

For once, however, the rural delegates rose in their might and refused to be led. To the utter amazement and grief of the gentlemen from Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus and Toledo, who had devoted themselves so long and so unselfishly perhaps to the duty of representing the party in convention assembled, the country delegates united stubbornly on John M. Pattison and refused to be tempted by any one of the five other candidates dangled seductively before them by the party leaders.

The reputation of being "his own man" was of great service to Mr. Pattison during the campaign. It pleased the people mightily, and they turned out in great force to obtain a glimpse of such a political novelty. His popularity became so apparent that his political enemies were almost thrown into consternation. They charged him with being an opportunist, shrewd to take advantage of an easily acquired popularity, but standing for little or nothing himself. Almost precisely the same was said of the late Mr. McKinley. The very charge was an admission of Mr. Pattison's originality and shrewdness. It argued well for his ability that he saw a better opportunity in a direct appeal to his party than in the cut and dried method of propitiating the party leaders.

From this standpoint alone John M. Pattison is a deeply interesting man. His record both in business and in public shows him to be a man in advance of his time rather than a man who is the mere adapter of popular clamor to his own personal uses. In congress he introduced the first bill providing for the federal supervision of insurance. That was long before the present New York legislative investigation was contemplated. He worked and voted to secure the first rural free delivery appropriation. The experts of that time had so little confidence in the experiment that the postoffice returned that appropriation as an unexpended balance, but the farmers of today know its worth. In the state senate Mr. Pattison held out against the solid front of his party when, in 1890, an attempt was made to repeal the law closing saloons on Sunday. For his opposition to that repeal his opponents dubbed him a Puritan, an advocate of the blue laws.

GOVERNOR ELECT AND MRS. JOHN M. PATTISON.

John M. Pattison was born on a farm in Clermont county, O., June 13, 1847. His father was in humble circumstances, being only a tenant farmer and afterward the proprietor of a small country store. That of itself tells the story of the boy's early life. At sixteen he enlisted and served during the closing days of the civil war. He afterward taught school until he had earned money sufficient to attend the Ohio Wesleyan university at Delaware, O. The class with which he was graduated has a remarkable record. It has furnished a vice president, two United States senators, three governors, one attorney general, several members of the national house of representatives, one bishop, one professor in the university, one general in the Spanish-American war, a commissioner of internal revenue, ten judges, several state senators and some other prominent men. In the same class were two men who now figure conspicuously as presidential candidates for 1908—Vice President Fairbanks and Senator Foraker.

After graduation Mr. Pattison went west to write insurance for the company of which he is now the head. While engaged in this business he studied law and was admitted to the bar. At the end of ten years' practice he was invited to enter his old insurance company as vice president and general manager. He accepted and there was an increase in the business from the first year. This increase has continued and has made Mr. Pattison president of the company. Today he is a moderately rich man if one does not measure him by the inflated modern standard. This is his business history.

His political history has been equally satisfactory. When a young lawyer he was put on the Hamilton county legislative ticket at a time when there was little hope for the cause. The ticket won, the young attorney leading. When his term was ended he returned quietly to the law. In 1890 the Democratic state leaders asked him to become a candidate for the state senate from the district which included his native county. He had transferred his home from Cincinnati to Milford in Clermont county and was eligible for the honor. He had already put himself on record as an advocate of the Sunday closing law and a strong opposition was arrayed against him. The saloon interests banded together to defeat him, but he won. That victory and his subsequent work in the legislature sent him to congress when Cleveland was president and Crisp in the speaker's chair. Before the close of his term Ohio had been redistricted and Mr. Pattison found himself a resident of a district with a large Republican majority.

Personally, Governor Elect Pattison is short and slender, brown eyed and with a luxuriant head and beard of black hair that has thus far resisted the inroads of time. The beard conceals a square, strong jaw and accentuates the thin, mobile lips and the firm expression of the mouth. His features are regular and well modeled and his healthy complexion and erect bearing, coupled with his energy and bodily activity, are rare in a man of fifty-eight. He can make an interesting speech, but he is not an orator. He makes his best impression in personal contact when one succeeds in penetrating his natural reserve and shyness. He is a man who has faced the problems of life squarely and without prejudice, being open to conviction and anxious for light. When he decides, however, the opportunity for argument has passed.

The Pattisons have a beautiful country home, a genuine farm, at Milford, in the Little Miami valley, fourteen miles out of Cincinnati. Mrs. Pattison is the daughter of the late Professor Williams, who held the chair of Greek at the Ohio Wesleyan university. There are two daughters and a son, who has just been graduated from college and will enter a law school.

ELLIS OSBORNE.

A GREWSOME BUSINESS.

A murder has naturally a very considerable effect upon the value of a house or shop in which such an act has been perpetrated. Thousands of people thoroughly practical in most regards shrink from using rooms where murder has been committed or which have been the scene of a tragedy.

An ingenious London speculator has made a specialty of buying up the premises, generally for an old song almost, as the phrase is, afterward transforming the buildings and taking all risks.

By the aid of a clever architect and his own staff of men the speculator at once transforms the house or shop so completely that it virtually becomes a new property, and local authorities are for the most part thoroughly complaisant in aiding even the renumbering of such a house and otherwise hiding its identity where the thing is at all feasible.

The identical room in which the crime has been perpetrated is always altered absolutely to become unrecognizable.

This man has derived not a little profit by selling the woodwork, the floor boards and so on taken from crime rooms, these being acquired by showmen generally

PALINDROMES.

Palindromes are words reading the same spelled backward or forward, as, for instance, bab, refer, bib, Anna, tot, bob, bub, peep, civic, toot, dad, madam, deed, pup, deified, seer, dewed, tat, did, shahs, rever, reviver, ewe, rotator, gog, pop, gig, gag, redder, level, noon, Otto sexes.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

OFFICERS FOR YEAR ELECTED

Mary Lenox Chapter of Eastern Star Holds Meeting.

THE DEATH OF MRS. FOREST HOAGLAND

Former Resident of LaRue Dies at Chillicothe, Where Funeral Is Held Wednesday of Last Week. D. M. Bell Falls and Breaks Two of His Ribs—LaRue Notes.

La Rue, Nov. 23.—[Special]—B. F. Sager with a corps of workmen has extensively improved and beautified his residence property in the east end of town

Mrs. Forest Hoagland died in Chillicothe and was buried in that city Wednesday last. Mr. and Mrs. Hoagland formerly resided in La Rue. Mrs. Hoagland left a husband and eight children beside many other relatives.

Homer Williams, after six weeks' sojourn in Hinklin sanatorium at Prospect has returned home somewhat improved in health.

Don Clements paid Marion a business visit Thursday.

T. C. Porter of Green Camp was transacting business here Friday.

James Orr of near Newark is now here visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Luvisi contemplate an early removal to Marion, where Mr. Luvisi has secured employment with C. W. McClain & Co.

B. F. Sager was a business visitor in Marion Friday.

James A. Knapp of Marion was transacting business in La Rue Tuesday.

Miss Mabel Topliff is at present clerk in Lingo's general store.

Rev. S. C. Bates of Harrison returned to his home Saturday after preaching five successive evenings in the Presbyterian church here. Pastor Curry continued the meetings until Sunday evening. It is probable that another series will be held later in the season.

After a few days' visit with relatives in and about La Rue Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Mouser and daughter returned to their Marion home Tuesday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Kraner of Green Camp transacted business here Tuesday.

Charles Metz of Morral was here on business Tuesday.

C. H. Sutton was in Richwood on business Wednesday.

Mary Lenox Chapter, No. 98, Order of the Eastern Star, held a well-attended meeting Tuesday evening. After the transaction of some routine business, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Mrs. Alma Drake, worthy matron; W. E. Denman, worthy patron; Mrs. Bessie Hoagland, associate matron; Mrs. Lucy Harger, secretary; Mrs. Lizzie Morral, treasurer; Mrs. Nora Topliff, conductress; Mrs. Della Thew, associate conductress

A. J. Thomasson is transacting business in Forest this week.

A few days ago D. M. Bell, who resides five miles south of town, fell and broke two of his ribs He is recovering nicely.

Rev. J. A. Sutton will hold Thanksgiving services at the Bell school-house, next Sunday afternoon. Union Thanksgiving services will be held here Thursday evening, Nov. 30. The service will be held in the M. E. church with preaching by Rev. J. G. Curry, pastor of the Presbyterian church.

Miss Clara Clark a teacher in the Marion schools, visited her parents here over Sunday.

S. S. Simpson is somewhat recovered from a recent severe attack of nervous trouble.

After several months' sojourn in Marion Miss Susan Sheera has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Riley visited relatives in Woodland last Sunday.

Mr. Hariah is a great sufferer with cancer of the lip. His recovery is very doubtful.

Bert Carter of Arbela was here as a guest of relatives Sunday

Mrs. Bessie Hoagland is visiting relatives in Akron.

OUTSIDE THE CITY.

Wohlforth Ditch—The county commissioners, Wednesday afternoon, gave a final hearing on the proposed Wohlforth ditch in Richland township. The improvement was granted and it was decided to award the contract at 10 o'clock December 2.

A Fine Record—A fine record for threshing clover seed in Marion county was made Wednesday afternoon on the farm of L. M. Britton near Agosta. From noon Wednesday to 6 o'clock in the evening the firm of Barth & Sims threshed nineteen bushels of seed and cleaned sixteen acres.

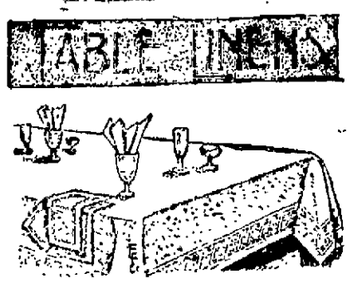
Read R. T. Lewis & Co.'s ad on page three. 1t

All men's intentions are good—for paving material.

THANKSGIVING WEEK SALE.

We have inaugurated this sale for a double purpose. To enable you to prepare for Thanksgiving at a great saving and to emphasize once more the fact that this is headquarters for reliable goods at absolutely the lowest prices. Uhler & Phillips is unquestionably a great store for all the people, serving their interests today, tomorrow and all the time--teaching a daily lesson in economy--pointing the road to wealth and future prosperity.

The Thanksgiving Linen Sale.



While you are buying linens to beautify the table on Thanksgiving day why not buy a pattern cloth with a border all around when the price is no higher than the goods by the yard which has a border only on two sides.

We are selling in a beautiful silver bleached German damask pattern cloths in 2 yards, 2 1-2 yard lengths at per yard 89c, Napkins to match, per dozen **$1.50**

German silver bleached table linens with handsome borders, 68 inhes wide at per yard 75c. Napkins to match, at per dozen. **$2.00**

Bleached linen cloths in excilent quality of linen, all lengths, extra widths, handsome new patterns, at per yard **89c**

Bleached Scotch satin damask table cloths 2 yards wide, beautiful open border designs, swell patterns, all ready for the table, at per yd. Napkins to match **3.00**

FUR VALUES NEVER BEFORE EQUALED!

For Thanksgiving, furs, fur coats and fur-lined coats all bought of New York manufacturers at about 50c on the dollar for November and December selling.

It will pay you to buy your Christmas Furs now. We will lay aside any purchase that you may make in furs until Christmas. No last year's goods or moth-eaten furs in this immense stock. Everything guaranteed.

$2.50 Black Electric Seal Cluster Scarfs—28 inches long, 6 black tails for trimming, $1.00. **$1.00**

$2.50 River Mink Scarf—Rich cinnamon brown, 28 inches long, cluster of 6 tails, $1.25. **$1.25**

$3.00 River Mink Cluster Scarf—Of rich brown, trimmed with brown tails, oxidized chain, $1.50. **$1.50**

$3.00 Long Black Coney Scarf—35 inches long, lined with same material, $1.98. **$1.98**

$5.00 Black Coney Double Scarf—Neck fur lined, robs 52 inches long, trimmed with tails & cord, $2.98 **$2.98**

$10.00 Blended Water Mink Double Scarf—Full 65 inches long, satin lined, tail trimming, $4.98. **$4.98**

$10.00 Genuine Gray Squirrel—Satin lined Zoza Tie—Silk ornament and Chenille trimming, $5.00. **$5.00**

Rich $2.50 Isabella Fox Scarf--55 inches long, beautiful deep fur, 2 genuine brush fox tails, $3.98. **$3.98**

$12.50 Genuine Jap Mink Stole Collar piece and tabs, lined with brocaded satin, silk medallion trimmings, knotted silk fringe ends, $7.50. **$7.50**

Long $15 Sable Fox Boas--Full length, rich dark stripe through center, two extra large brush tails, $10. **$10**

$7.50 Sable Marten Cluster Scarfs with 6 marten tails and chain attachment, $3.98. **$3.98**

$6.50 River Mink Fancy Scarf, Silk ornaments and tail trimmings, silk fringe bottom, $3.50. **$3.50**

Fur Coats in all Lengths--22 to 28 inches, with black collars and cuffs or nutria, beaver, mink, etc., combinations, from $65 down to $10 for fur trimmed coats, $10. **$10**

46 inch Fur-lined Coats--Over 100 coats in this sale, of broadcloth and cheviot, all lined with Asiatic squirrel, blended sable coney fur storm collar, fine garment. **$25**

Waist Department, 2nd Floor.

Specials for Thanksgiving.

$3.50 *for black taffeta waists made with pleats and and tucks, front and back lace edge at neck, trimmed with small braid medallions, an excellent waist and really worth $5.00.*

98c *for a mohair waist in white black and colors, good grade of mohair neatly finished, made with tucks and pleats, stitched cuffs and collar cloth covered to match, worth $2.00.*

$1.98 *for a fancy mohair waist, made from an excellent grade of small figured mohair in popular shades, such as red, green, blue, etc, made with tucks and pleats and long cuffs and full sleeves worth $3.50.*

Fancy and lace waists at

$5, $6.50, $7.50, $8.50 and $10.

We show more stylish waists, and a bigger assortment than any store in Central Ohio.

Thanksgiving Sale Dress Goods

There is an individuality about the dress goods at this store. Vast assortments to select from. All the new colors in wool dress goods and velvets. You can buy them underpriced during the Thanksgiving week sale.

MANNISH EFFECTS. The new mannish effects, 56 inches wide, in a big range of checks and stripes. Some are advertising these goods as worth $2.00 and $2.50. Our regular price is $1.50 and $1.75. During this sale at **$1.00**

CREPE DE PARIS. We have recently received a new shipment of this favorite silk and wool Crepe de Paris, in all the new desirable shades, 42 inches wide, a regular $1.25 quality, at per yard **$1.00**

CREPE EGYPTA. 42-inch wide Crepe Egypta in shades of tan, Nile, cardinal, lavender, pink, Alice blue, navy, seal and gray, regular $1.00 value, at per yard **75c**

SPERVIETTE RAINCLOTH. Five pieces of this serviceable material, in four shades of tan and one of gray, 50-inches wide, a special at per yard **$1.00**

NEW MATERIALS AT 50c. Another big lot of the invisible check raincloths and some new mannish mixtures; also new shades in silk finished Henriettas. Many of these materials earlier were 75c per yard. Our Thanksgiving week price is **50c**

Thanksgiving Sale Wraps.

Reduction in Prices on Winter Coats Now.

Which is practically the very beginning of the Wrap season. Our styles are better than those shown elsewhere. Secure one of these garments before Thanksgiving.

$10.00 *Buys satin lined Kersey Mixtures in loose and fitted Coats, worth* **$18.50**

$12.50 *Buys 50-inch black and castor satin lined Kersey Coats in manish effects, worth* **$18.50**

$15.00 *Buys 50-inch Coats satin lined and trimmed, made from beautiful kerseys and mixtures, worth* **$25.00**

$5.00 *Buys children's Coats made from beautiful melton, blue and brown, cut full, made with storm collars, worth* **$7.50**

COTTON

Blankets!

The largest Cotton Blanket, 12-quarter size, in grey, tan and white, good and heavy, and the quality that usually sells at $1.50, on sale at the

Special Price $1.00.

Thanksgiving Week Sale

Cotton Blankets

One thousand pairs of Cotton Blankets bought before the rise in cottons. We divide our good luck with you if you buy here. Blankets at 50c, 75c and $1.00, worth 75c, $1.00 and $1.25.

Begin Your Christmas Shopping Now.

Kayser Gloves for Thanksgiving.

Silk Gloves are More Popular Than Ever for Winter. Excellence, Elegance, Economy.

These qualities are combined in "KAYSER" Patent Finger-tipped Silk Gloves. THE KIND THAT DON'T WEAR OUT at the finger ends. A guarantee ticket with every pair. The genuine have the name "KAYSER" in the hem All the correct shades and three qualities to select from. 50c, 75c and $1.00 a pair.

Kayser Golf Gloves.

Peerless and Pretty describes the new Fall shades of the "KAYSER" Golf Gloves, the kind that don't wear out. THE GENUINE have the name "KAYSER" in the hem or on the clasp

"KAYSER" Golf Gloves for Ladies and Misses means the best in the world. Wool Golf Gloves 25c, 50c and 75c. "KAYSER" silk lined Golf Gloves 75c.
Lined cashmere Gloves 25c.

Outing Flannels

Buying in case lots permits us to offer a remarkably good quality of Outing Flannel at a low price in dark and light effects, stripes and checks, regularly 18c, on sale

At 5 Cents.

Begin Your Christmas Shopping Now.

EXQUISITE

Neckwear!

Our beautiful new neckwear section, with its handsome cases, is one of the most attractive features of this progressive store. To see this showing is to be placed in touch with all that is new and correct and the tempting prices on exclusive designs will certainly prove interesting.

A Store Where Style and Vastness of Assortment is Paramount.

UHLER & PHILLIPS.

No Matter How Low the Price is Here--Quality is Always Certain.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Part Two. MARION WEEKLY STAR. Pages 9-16

VOL. XXI. NO. 27. MARION, OHIO, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1905 PRICE FIVE CENTS.

HORRORS AT KRONSTADT

Told by a Sergeant of Marines in London.

A RUSSIAN PRIEST LEADS THE RIOTERS

Claims Father John Is Leading Spirit in Riots.

Police and Reactionaries Also Foment Trouble and Fire the Town, Which Is Then Plundered at the Will of the Tough Element—The Governor General of Poland Lives in Fear of Assassination.

London, Nov. 21.—Ivan Kardoff, who was a sergeant among the marines and sailors who mutinied recently at Kronstadt, Russia, has arrived in London. According to his story of what took place there, the outrages which marked the mutiny were committed by rioters who were led by the well-known reactionary priest, Father John, of Kronstadt. Kardoff declares that Father John, who is known in Russia as a miracle working priest, and has even been hailed by peasants in many of the provinces as the "Messiah," with other reactionaries, bribed the roughs of the town to join in a procession which came into collision with a peaceful demonstration organized by the mutineers. A fight between rioters and mutineers ensued. As soon as the roughs had been dispersed, the troops refused to fire on the mutineers, who were able to hold the town for two days.

During this time, no injury was done to private property and order was observed. The officers and priests again attempted to bring the rioters into collision with the mutineers. The latter became angry, bombarded the forts and the casino and captured a cruiser.

Arrange To Fire Town.

The officers and reactionaries then arranged with the police for the firing of the town. Fires were started at thirty-two different points. The citizens of the town became panic-stricken and fled and the rioters plundered the town at will. This led to the sending of two divisions of troops to Kronstadt and the mutineers were overpowered.

On the day that Bishop Heronimus was buried, the police closed all the shops. Strong forces of infantry were lined up on either side of the street, keeping the crowds back on the sidewalk and traffic was stopped for two hours. The governor drove to and from the cathedral in a closed carriage surrounded by Cossacks and the horses were lashed to a gallop.

Despite the official declarations made that Poland has been pacified similar precautions are taken every time the governor appears outside the palace, showing that the official does not believe the public utterances made in his own name.

Fears Assassination.

Warsaw, Nov. 21.—The unrest among the people of Poland has become so noticeable that Governor General Skalton, known as the autocrat of Poland, has become imbued with the idea that he is in danger of assassination. Unusual precautions are taken at all times to protect him. The governor sleeps in a different room in the palace every night so as to prevent any possible chance for word being sent to the revolutionaries in advance as to what room he will occupy any particular night.

Speak the truth at all times—except when it is policy to say nothing.

THE INTERURBAN LOSES FRANCHISE

C., D. & M. Railway Company Denied Use of Delaware Streets.

The city council of Delaware had a late session, Monday night, and after a protracted secret caucus appeared in open session and passed a resolution declaring it necessary to rescind and vacate the franchise now held by the Columbus, Delaware & Marion Electric Railway company.

The council alleges neglect, failure and refusal to comply with the terms and conditions of the franchise. The climax was brought about by the city attempting to pave a street over which the company's cars run. Delaware as well as through traffic may be affected by the resolution, the local line belonging to the C., D. & M.

AN INFANT DIES OF PNEUMONIA

Death of Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Martin J. Burke.

Mildred Marie, aged twenty-one months, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Martin J. Burke of east Church street, died of pneumonia, Monday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, after an illness of one week.

The funeral service was held at St. Mary's church, Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, Rev. Father Joseph Denning officiating. Interment took place in St. Mary's cemetery.

GOLD OUTPUT IS INCREASED

The Production Rises with a Bound in 1904.

THE VALUE OF FINE SILVER AUGMENTED

California's Production Exceeds That of 1903 by $2,300,000—Colorado's Output Is Close to That Figure. Alaska and Arizona Show Increased Yield of Precious Metal.

Washington, Nov. 20.—The production of gold in the United States during 1904, according to the geological survey, amounted to 3,910,729 fine ounces, valued at $80,835,418. This represents an increase of $7,243,948 over the production of 1903. After a period of very rapid advance in the gold production from 1892 to 1900, during which an increase from $33,000,000 to $79,171,100 took place, there followed two years of nearly stationary output, and one year, 1903, of very decided decrease. The production has risen again with a bound to record figures, the largest previous output, in 1902, amounting to $80,000,000.

The production of silver in 1904 amounted to 55,999,864 fine ounces valued at $32,035,278. This represents an increase of 1,699,864 ounces over the production of 1903 and an increase in value of $2,713,378. There is, therefore, a total increase of $9,957,326 in the value of gold and silver produced in 1904 over that of 1903.

Colorado added nearly $2,000,000 to her gold production of 1903, most of this amount coming from the mines of Cripple Creek. Nevada's output increased about the same amount, chiefly by reason of the phenomenal yields of the Goldfield mines. The greatest progress is reported in California, whose production exceeds that of 1903 by $2,300,000. Alaska and Arizona show increased yields, amounting, respectively, to $476,893 and $748,708.

Not a Political Asset.

Governor Herrick says his conscience is clear. The governor is to be congratulated; but in his heart has he not discovered that conscience is sometimes a poor asset in politics? —Cincinnati Enquirer.

THE MAIL SERVICE

Postmaster General Cortelyou Estimates Its Cost.

EXPENDITURES ARE MUCH INCREASED

The Cost Will Be $193,000,000 for Fiscal Year.

The Principal Item of Increase Is the Rural Free Delivery—The Growth of the Postal Service Necessitates Larger Appropriations for Every Branch — Extension of Pneumatic Tube Service Is Probable.

Washington, Nov. 21.—With a deficit for the fiscal year ended June 30, last, of fourteen and a half millions, Postmaster General Cortelyou's estimates of the appropriations necessary to operate the postal service during the year ending June 30, 1907, recently submitted to the secretary of the treasury, carry a total sum of $193,000,000, an increase over the appropriations for the current year of about $12,000,000. While the deficit for the fiscal year last ended was $14,572,584, Cortelyou points out that the revenues of that year exceeded the total expenditures of the year before by nearly $500,000.

The Annual Increase.

The annual increase of expense represents the normal growth of the service, he says, and each succeeding year sees a large increase in the business of the department. The principal items in the increase are the rural delivery service, railway mail service, compensation to postmasters and their clerks and the compensation of letter carriers.

For the maintenance of the rural delivery service and its proper extension over $29,000,000 will be required. This is an increase of $3,600,000 over the appropriation for the current year, which in turn is over $5,000,000 more than that of last year, so that the present estimate is $1,400,000 less than the increase of the present over the preceding year. The estimates for the railway mail service and railway mail transportation call for an increase of about $3,600,000 over the current appropriation.

To Provide Compensation.

To provide for the compensation of postmasters and clerks in postoffices, an increase of nearly $2,000,000 will be necessary for the coming year, and the compensation of city letter carriers an increase of more than $900,000 will be needed, which is $146,000 less than the increase of the appropriation for the present year over that for the preceding year.

That the extension of the pneumatic tube service is contemplated is shown by the fact that the estimate carries $322,000 more than the current appropriation.

INSTITUTES TO BE HELD THIS WINTER

Official List of Farmers' Institutes for the County.

The official list of county farmers' institutes to be held throughout northern Ohio this winter has just been issued and assigns the following dates and speakers for Marion county:

Caledonia, December 11 and 12, speakers, W. G. Farnsworth and J. S. Brigham; Waldo, December 27 and 28, speakers, Lowell Roudebush and S. J. Baldwin; Marion, February 21 and 22, speakers, W. I. Chamberlain and J. W. Nicodemus.

BUCKEYE CITY TURNING BLACK

Fumes from Burning "Gob Piles Endanger Health.

NEW PHILADELPHIA CHANGING COLOR

Slack from the Coal Mines Burns and Throws Off Sulphureted Hydrogen, Which Impregnates the Atmosphere and Produces the Discoloration.

Columbus, O., Nov. 21.—The little city of New Philadelphia, in eastern Ohio, is literally turning black, and its citizens are being slowly poisoned by the air they breathe.

State Chemist E. G. Horton, who was sent there by Dr. C. O. Probst to investigate conditions, seems to have demonstrated that the trouble comes from the refuse from the coal mines in the immediate vicinity of New Philadelphia. He found that these mines show much sulphur. The piles of waste slack from the mines, called "gob piles," take fire from spontaneous combustion and throw off sulphuretted hydrogen. Horton demonstrated that sulphuretted hydrogen would change the color of any paint to a dirty drab, such as the appearance of late of the buildings of New Philadelphia. He also demonstrated that he was able to restore the color of the buildings with the use of peroxide of hydrogen.

Dr. Probst says that sulphuretted hydrogen is a deadly poison, and that he would not be surprised if the general health of the people of New Philadelphia has not been impaired by the breathing of this poison for the many days during which the fumes have been present in the atmosphere of that city.

The state board of health has taken steps to abate the trouble.

Eve induced Adam to eat, but he took to drink of his own accord.

TWO SCORE DIE IN FIRE

Lodging-House in Glasgow, Scotland, Burns.

THIRTY-NINE PERSONS PERISH

Many Others Seriously Injured in the Flames.

Desperate Struggle for Life Occurs in the Upper Floors of the Building, the Means of Escape of Hundreds Being Cut Off—Victims Mostly Workmen—The Dead Present a Sad Spectacle.

Glasgow, Scotland, Nov. 20.—Thirty-nine men perished and as many more were injured in a fire that damaged a cheap lodging house in this city. The flames were first noticed at an early hour on the fourth floor of the building, which was occupied by 300 men. An alarm was raised and the building was quickly, but fire and smoke issuing from most of the windows on the fourth floor. A terrible scene was created by the appearance of almost naked men at the windows and at the entrance to the building, and against the frantic efforts to save the firemen had actually to fight for admission. Rescuing operations, firemen found that some persons were becoming [illegible] who had dropped to the floors overcome by smoke. The fire, however, was confined to the fourth floor, and as soon as the firemen were able to get to work it was speedily extinguished. The flames had been fed by the wooden partitions, which threw off volumes of smoke, resulting in the suffocation of the inmates. Many, on being brought to the street, rallied in a few minutes, but others had to be taken to the hospitals.

The dead were mostly workmen in the prime of life. They presented a horrible spectacle, their blackened faces bearing evidence of terrible struggles to escape. Many men were sleeping in the attic floor above the burning fourth floor, and these had narrow escapes. The flames burst through the floor and it was impossible for the men to descend. The windows were securely fastened, and the men had to break them so that they could climb through to neighboring roofs. A search of the building was made and a complete list of the victims obtained, which showed that 39 were dead and 32 injured.

It is the early husband who catches a glimpse of his wife's true complexion.

PRESS COMMENT.

Hail King Haakon.

Hail King Haakon. Not since 1380, when the last of the old Norse kings died, has a monarch borne that name. In choosing it Prince Charles of Denmark has greatly pleased his future subjects.—Cleveland Leader.

Thing To Let Alone.

Taft's speech at Akron is one of those things it is probably better to "let alone." The current explanations do not explain, and never can. It has never transpired that the secretary has any wish to explain.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Clever Man.

It doesn't take a very clever man to write the sort of play that will be suppressed by the police. The really brilliant playwright produces one that ought to be but isn't.—Cleveland Leader.

Voice of Speculation.

When, during the recent money stringency, pitiful appeals were made to Secretary Shaw for more funds, he recognized the hollow voice of speculation and turned a deaf ear.—Ohio State Journal.

Recognize Merit.

Hyde never asked to have his salary raised, but as the directors all held office at his pleasure they were bright enough to recognize true merit when they saw it in him.—Chicago News.

NORWAY'S N. W KING HONORED

The Crown Is Accepted by Haakon Today.

THE NEW KING GOES TO HIS OWN PALACE

A Big Crow Collects on the Streets To See the New Majesties of Norway—A Royal Salute Is Fired from Forts—The King Chooses Motto, "All for Norway."

Copenhagen, Denmark, Nov. 20.—An enthusiastic demonstration in honor of Norway's new king, Haakon VII, formerly Prince Charles of Denmark, and his royal consort occurred this afternoon as the Norwegian rulers left the Amallenborg castle following the formal ceremony by which the crown was accepted on behalf of Haakon.

When the reception given by King Christian in honor of the Norwegian deputation which came here to make the formal offer of the crown to Haakon had concluded, the new king and queen left the palace in their carriage to drive to their own palace. A crowd of fully 20,000 people had collected in the streets and their majesties were given a great ovation as they drove through the throng. A royal salute fired from the forts gave public notice that the ceremonies by which the new king had been made ruler of Norway had been concluded.

Subsequently Haakon VII received the Norwegian deputation from the storthing, to whom he made the declaration that he would dedicate his whole life to working for the welfare of Norway. His motto he declared, will be "All for Norway."

Official announcement has been made that King Christian has appointed King Haakon an admiral of the Danish fleet.

SWALLOWED BY THE SEA

Steamer Hilda Is Wrecked on Coast of France.

THE VESSEL GOES ON THE ROCKS

One Hundred Persons Perish in the Channel.

Disaster Occurs During a Blinding Snowstorm Off the North Coast of France—Less Than a Dozen Passengers and Crew Known To Have Been Rescued—No Time Given To Launch the Boats.

London, Nov. 20.—One hundred or more lives were lost when the cross-channel steamer Hilda of the Southwestern railway line was wrecked off St. Malo, on the coast of France. Five of the passengers and one of the crew have been rescued.

The Hilda left Southampton Friday for St. Malo with considerably more than 100 souls on board. Her passage was greatly delayed by a fog in the channel, and when nearing St. Malo she ran into a severe snowstorm, apparently missed her course and foundered on the rocks off Jardin lighthouse, about three miles from Malo. The Hilda was near St. Malo Saturday morning. She struck the rocks at 4 o'clock Sunday morning in the roadstead off the island Cezambre, having missed the tide owing to bad weather and fog. The majority of the crew and passengers were asleep at the time. Two boats were lowered, one of which, containing five men, arrived at St. Servan. The second boat was picked up empty at St. Cast, where 13 bodies were washed ashore. The top of the Hilda's funnel and her mast are visible at low tide, according to the telegram from St. Servan.

The disaster was first suspected through the washing ashore of a body, and the port authorities immediately sent out a tug. It was then learned that the Hilda was wrecked on a treacherous reef close to the island of Cezambre, called "Les Portes." She had apparently struck, broken her back and immediately sunk, leaving no time to launch the boats. The Jardin light is quite close to the spot. It can not be explained at what time or how the disaster occurred. The entrance to St. Malo is dangerous, the currents and rocks needing the exercise of caution at all times, but more especially in bad weather. Many bodies have been washed ashore at different points, some wearing life belts. Six of the survivors, according to a report in circulation here, were rescued by the Ada from the rigging.

The exact number of lives lost on the Hilda is unknown. It is understood that there were about 20 first-class passengers, including several English people. It is known that all the first-class passengers were drowned. These passengers were English officers and others who were coming to rejoin their families or to spend the season at St. Malo and Dinard, opposite St. Malo. It appears to be certain that only six were saved, these being five onion sellers and an English seaman named Crinter, and that the total on board, including the crew, numbered 105.

THE MERIWETHER NAVAL ACADEMY COURT MARTIAL.

The court martial convened by Secretary Bonaparte for the trial of Cadet Meriwether of the Naval academy, who killed Cadet Branch in a fist duel, comprises some names known in every portion of the country. On the board are three ex-superintendents of the Naval academy—Rear Admiral Francis M. Ramsay, retired; Commodore Robert L. Phythian, retired, and Captain Richard Wainwright. Another member of the court martial is Rear Admiral Albert S. Barker, retired. The judge advocate, Captain Adolph Marix, was employed in a similar capacity in the investigation into the blowing up of the Maine in the harbor of Havana in 1898.

A LARGE PROPOSITION.

For the purpose of helping those who would decide the question of railroad rate legislation to a comprehension of the size of their undertaking, the Enquirer quotes some railroad statistics in convenient form to produce in the many arguments now in progress over coffee and cigars, to say nothing of more penetrating refreshment: "On December 31, 1904, there were 212,349 miles of railway in the United States, but the total of track was 298,937 miles. There were 48,658 locomotives, 31,034 passenger cars and 1,728,903 freight cars. The total liabilities were $14,802,000,000, or nearly fifteen billions. Of this sum $6,447,000,000 was stock and 7,648,000,000 bonds and unfunded debt. During the year 716,000,000 passengers and 1,277,000,000 tons of freight were moved. Total earnings were $1,977,638,000; net earnings, $639,240,000. The growth of mileage during the year was 5,014 miles. The value of the railroads at the present time is about equal to that of the entire United States in 1860." The regulation of this enormous system through government agencies presents so great a subject that the statesmen of the day may be excused if they go at it with deliberation. It is not a thing to be disposed of at a tangent. It can hardly be expected that a rate bill will be dealt out to the people as a Christmas present. Remember David Crockett. "Be sure you're right. Then go ahead."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Consular Service Reform

Consternation will come upon many congressmen and politicians when they learn the details of the new rule just promulgated by the president and the secretary of state. Other branches of the administration have been hedged around with a protective fence of civil service regulations, but hitherto the consular system has been a free browsing ground for the hungry. The congressman who could command no other kind of patronage could always make a promising effort to land some desirable consular job for a constituent.

The new executive order changes all this. It decrees that any consular position carrying a compensation of not less than $1,000 annually shall be filled by transfer or promotion from the state department or by the appointment of some person who can pass an examination showing himself to be thoroughly qualified, to have ample business capacity and a knowledge of the language of the country to which he seeks assignment. Only in case "a suitable appointment cannot be made in the ways indicated" will it be permissible for the state department officials to fill the vacancy "at discretion."

The order should do something toward meeting the growing demand of the nation's business interests for an efficient consular force, free from political influence and fully protected by the merit system. It is, however, only an order, revocable at will, and permitting a large degree of latitude as to its interpretation. It is left to the "discretion" of the executive officials to say whether or not the conditions justify appointing an applicant without examination, and, while this administration may not abuse its discretionary powers, another might do so.

The fact is, of course, that excellent as the order is it cannot take the place of statutory provisions placing the whole consular service under the merit system. The need of substituting fees for salaries, providing for reasonably certain and systematic promotions and otherwise making it an attractive life career for men who will regard the consular service as a special profession, still remains.—Chicago News.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

TIME TO BE THANKFUL

By J. A. EDGERTON

Lots about this time o' year I get a thankful streak.
Start in thankful Sunday and stay thankful for a week:
Then the happy day arrives I've thankfulness prospective:
After it is gone, you know, I've thankfulness reflective.
Then it jes' a thinkin' what's a-comin', I'm in clover.
After it, I'm thankful yit a-eatin' what's left over.

③

Thankful for the shinin' sun and thankful I'm a livin';
Thankful for the privilege of givin' thanks Thanksgivin';
Thankful, too, that me and mine air blest with scads o' health;
Thankful we ain't worried and ain't burdened with our wealth;
Thankful I kin earn my way: for, layin' by all jokes,
Tell you what, the Lord is mighty good to common folks.

⑤

I'll admit they air some lives belongin' to these moaners
Ain't worth much to others---and perhaps ain't to the owners:
They don't pay much interest unto the Lord that gave 'em,
Which may be the reason they don't suit the ones who have 'em:
If these folks would only learn the blessedness of givin'
And of helpin' others they would find the joy of livin.'

Set down of an evenin' and light up my old cob pipe.
Smoke and dream about the time when pumpkin pies air ripe:
See a turkey, stuffed and brown, a-steamin' on the platter,
That afore my vision seems a-growin' fat and fatter:
Celery and cranberries---why, don't you ever doubt it---
Makes my old mouth water jes' to set there thinkin' 'bout it.

④

I don't take no kind o' stock in these here folks complainin'---
Life ain't worth the livin', like their innards wuz a-painin'.
Life is worth exactly what the ones air worth who live it:
They get back from it at last the same amount they give it.
Hand out smiles and sunshine, honest deeds and wholesome pleasure,
And you'll get the same old coin returned in cheerful measure.

⑥

Selfishness ain't happiness, ner never was, ner never
Will be. Love can only bring a joy that lasts forever.
If we want a gladness we must hand it to our brothers:
If we want a heartache we must shut our life from others:
If we'd see earth's beauty and would make of life a song
Let us cheer our fellows, as we trudge the way along.

⑦

Good, old fashioned honesty and simple kindliness,
Common sense and industry---these air the things that bless.
Tune your soul to joyousness and catch the key of laughter;
Suck the sweetness out o' life and trust for what comes after;
Listen for the music of the world and you shall hear it:
Praise God for Thanksgivin' time and enter in its spirit.

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A NEW GIBRALTAR IN THE FAR EAST.

Since the announcement of the new alliance between Great Britain and Japan it has come to light that England intends to make Singapore, the great commercial port of the Straits Settlements, an impregnable fortress. The cut shows the point in the harbor where the most important defense will be erected. The military engineers are confident that in the course of a few years Singapore will be more formidable as an Asiatic Gibraltar than Port Arthur, which will be remodeled and rebuilt by the Japanese. With both England and Japan on the lookout it will be difficult for Russia to regain her foothold on the eastern coast of Asia.

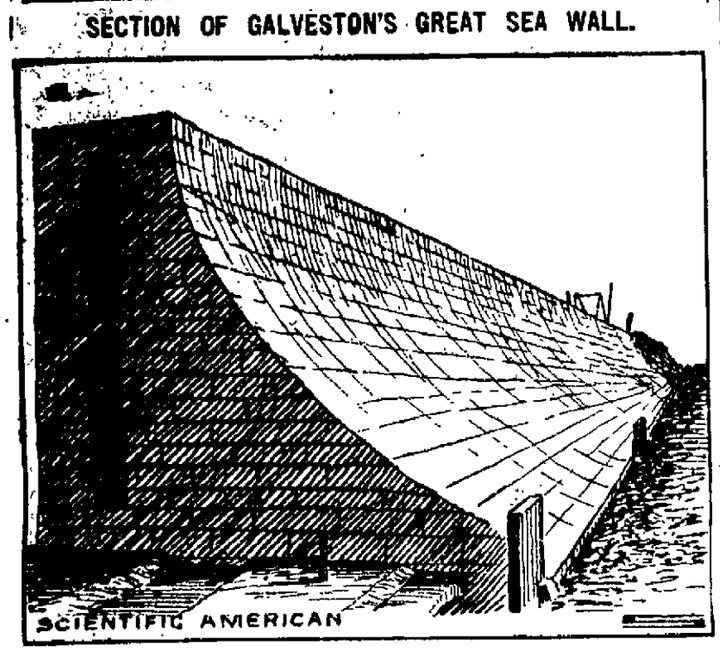
SCENE OF RECENT DEMONSTRATIONS BY RUSSIAN MOBS.

The Cathedral of Our Lady of Kazan in St. Petersburg, herewith illustrated, has been the scene of some of the wildest demonstrations of the Russian mob during the uprising. It is one of the most beautiful buildings in Europe, modeled closely after St. Peter's at Rome. As a rule, Muscovite architecture is too bizarre to suit western tastes, but this church is an exception and is entirely devoid of the barbaric ornamentation which is so dear to the Russian.

IS THERE A
Victor Queen

IN YOU HOME?
We have been unable to secure these stoves from the factory fast enough—but now have a number on hand ready to install at once.
Hundreds in Marion are using them and agree that they heat three and four rooms nicely.
$14.00 and $16.00.
Ammann's.
West Center Street.

SECTION OF GALVESTON'S GREAT SEA WALL.



Galveston's great sea wall, a section of which is herewith illustrated, has been completed recently, and it is the culmination of one of the most stupendous engineering operations in modern times. It is four and a half miles in length and seventeen feet in height. The wall measures sixteen feet at the base and five at the top. One of the most wonderful features in connection with the enterprise is the fact that the grade of the city has been raised to the level of the wall.

SENATOR CLARK'S BIG NEW YORK RESIDENCE.

The new residence of Senator William A. Clark of Montana in New York city is one of the largest private homes in America, and, although it represents an immense outlay, it cannot be called a dignified piece of architecture. The senator is reputed to have an income of about $1,000,000 a month, and he cannot claim that the unfavorable effect is due to financial stringency. The interior, however, is admitted to be exceedingly beautiful, and the senator has spared no effort to make it the most unique and interesting in Gotham.

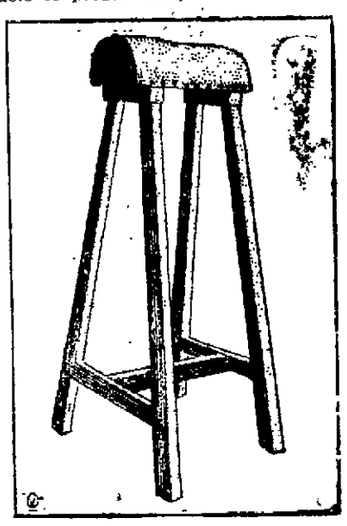
OLDEST LICENSED INN IN GREAT BRITAIN.

The Seven Stars, Withy Grove, Manchester, shown in the picture, is the oldest licensed hostelry in Great Britain. It was opened in 1356, twenty-five years before Manchester received its charter from the crown as a free borough. There are many traditions connected with the ancient inn, one of them to the effect that both Dick Turpin and Guy Fawkes were frequenters of the place. A room on the ground floor bears the inscription, "Ye Guy Fawkes Chamber." The inn contains a chair which was once the property of Byron's mother.

Passengers to the number of 1,197 were lost by wreck in British seagoing merchant ships in 1894 as compared with forty-five last year.

CURIOUS PREACHING SADDLE.

The strange contrivance shown in the cut was made for a fox hunting English parson who fancied himself unable to preach except when astride a saddle. For that reason he had the device made and when seated thereon delivered excellent sermons. It is still preserved at Berksmere church.

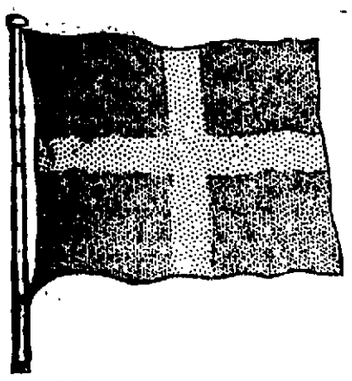


Ralston HEALTH Shoes #4
UNION MADE

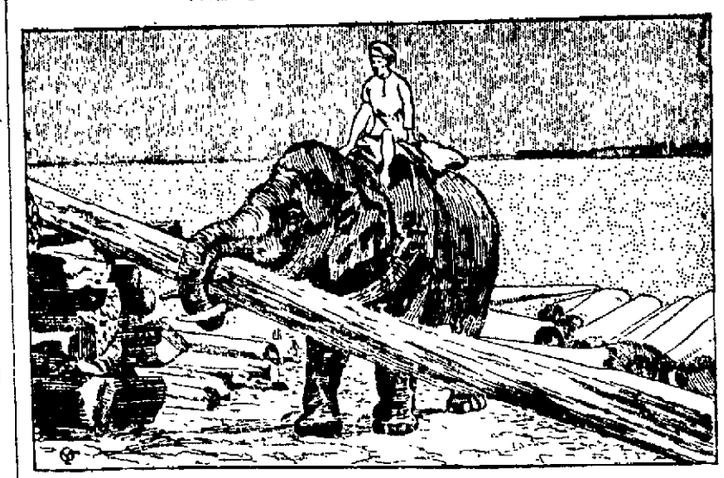
SPECIAL AGENTS
L. C. BOWLUS & CO.

NEW FLAG OF SWEDEN.

The new Swedish flag, shown in the cut, was recently raised throughout the kingdom with an accompaniment of salutes, the ringing of church bells and parades of the military. Strictly speaking, it is not new, being the flag used by Sweden before its union with Norway nearly a century ago. The ground of the flag is blue, the cross yellow. In Stockholm the entire garrison paraded and the population thronged the streets.

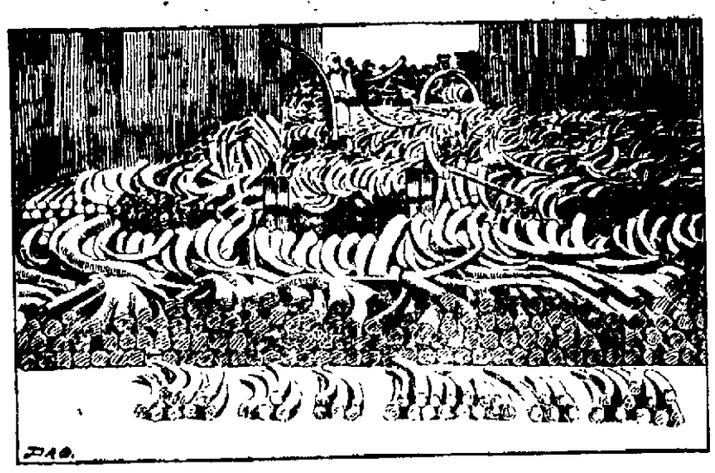


THE ELEPHANT AS A TOILER.



The picture shows the elephant as a bearer of burdens which are far too ponderous for man to lift. It is from a photograph of a lumber yard at Bangun, British India, and portrays an elephant in the act of piling enormous teak wood logs. The huge beasts show great intelligence in this work, lifting the log in the center so as to maintain a proper balance, and putting it in its allotted place with extreme precision. A herd of thirteen elephants trained to this work is kept at the Paris Zoological gardens and the sagacious animals work all day long at the pile of logs which is provided for the purpose of illustration.

BILLIARD BALLS BY THE HUNDRED.

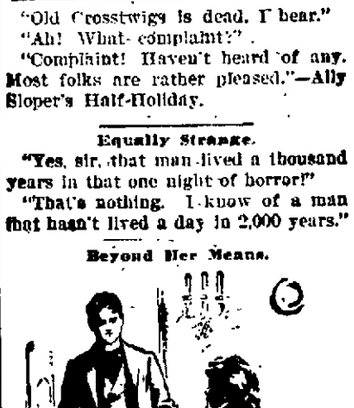


The illustration shows a stock of ivory which was disposed of recently at prices all the way up to $800 a hundredweight. This is a decided increase in the price, for last year at this time it brought only $575. This very considerable rise is due to the growing demand for billiard balls. The fact that the African gatherers of the crude product have gradually become aware of its value has also helped to swell its price. For several years the supply has been diminishing, and it is known that large stocks of the precious commodity have been allowed to accumulate in the interior.

No Objections.

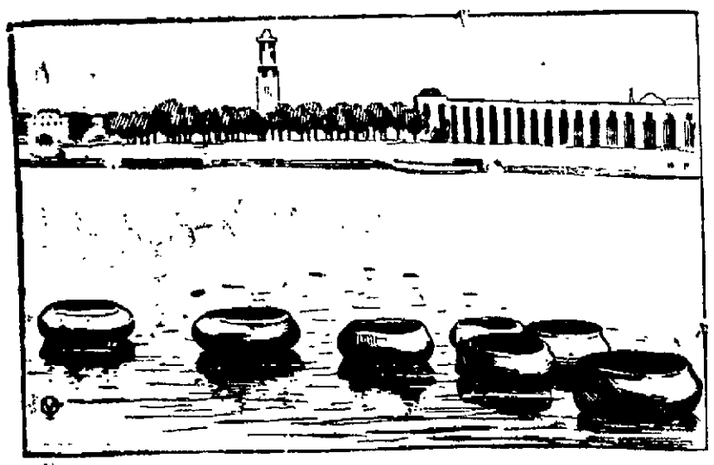
"Old Crosstwigs is dead, I hear."
"Ah! What complaint?"
"Complaint! Haven't heard of any. Most folks are rather pleased."—Ally Sloper's Half-Holiday.

Equally Strange.
"Yes, sir, that man lived a thousand years in that one night of horror!"
"That's nothing. I know of a man that hasn't lived a day in 2,000 years."

Beyond Her Means.

"Why did Myrtle throw the duke over?"
"After consulting her guardian she decided that she could not afford the luxury of marrying him."

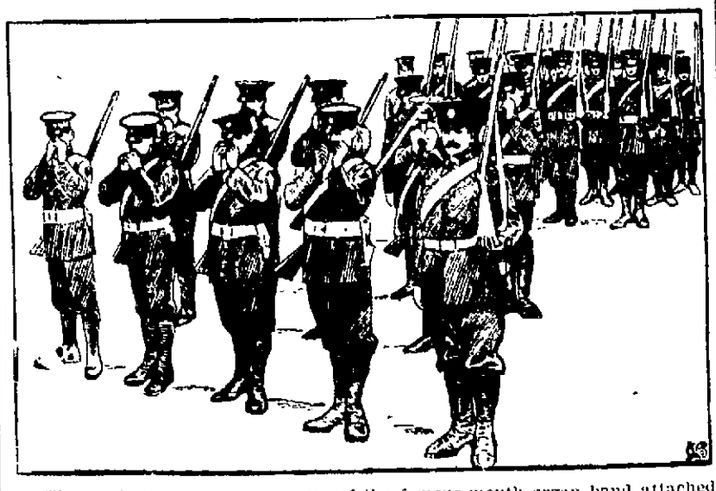
Humor Not Dead.
Humor is not dead. A New York official refers to "the timidity and inexperience" of Tammany men at the polls.—Washington Post.

CURIOUS EUPHRATES RIVER BOATS.



The strange craft herewith illustrated are in common use on the Euphrates river and its branches. These bowl shaped boats are deep, circular baskets covered with bitumen and made water tight. They are propelled by means of paddles and are much safer than a canoe, not being subject to an easy overturning. Hundreds of these diminutive boats ply up and down the great river during the dry season, but when the spring flood comes they are too fragile to withstand the current.

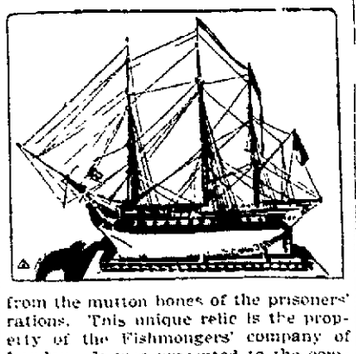
NOVEL MUSIC FOR A BRITISH REGIMENT.



The cut is from a recent picture of the famous mouth organ band attached to the First East Surrey regiment of the British army. It is composed entirely of performers on the harmonicon and is designed to relieve the regular regimental band on the march. It has been found that the music of this novel band is far more stimulating than that of the drum corps, and it seems probable that the innovation will come into general use in the British army.

A VESSEL OF MUTTON BONES.

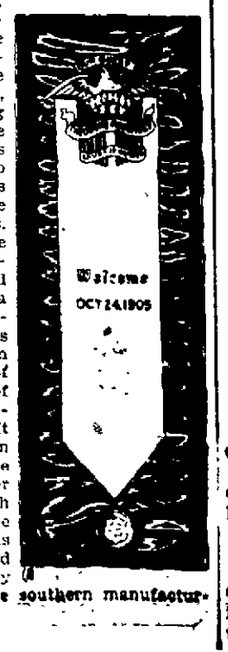
The model of a French frigate shown herewith was made by some French naval prisoners of the last century confined at Lewes, England. The frames, decks, masts and yards are all whittled from the mutton bones of the prisoners' rations. This unique relic is the property of the Fishmongers' company of London. It was presented to the company by John Hall, who was warden of the prison at the time.



In a little place in Devonshire, England, one man fulfills the posts of town hall keeper, bill poster, postman, sweep, town crier and dustman.

MEDAL FOR ROOSEVELT.

The medal herewith shown was presented to the president by the citizens of Birmingham, Ala., on his recent visit to the south. The design is simple and dignified, the eagle being wrought in fine gold, the talons grasping two American flags enameled in the national colors. The lower edge of the silk ribbon is bound with gold and a pendant is attached, which is a reproduction in miniature of the great seal of the state of Alabama. The gift was inclosed in an appropriate turkey leather case lined with purple silk. The president was highly gratified by his friendly reception in the southern manufacturing center.



NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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JAY MERCHANT DIES SUNDAY

Sufferer for More Than Twenty Years of Cancer.

THE CHURCH LOSES STRONG SUPPORTER

A Son of the Late John T. Merchant and the Youngest of Six Children. Prominent in the Upbuilding of Marion and Man of Sterling Character—Funeral Monday.

Cancer of the face, believed to have originated from catarrh, and of more than twenty years' duration, caused the death of Jay T. Merchant, aged fifty years, Sunday morning at 8 o'clock at his home on east Center street.

Mr. Merchant was born in Marion, June 20, 1855, on Mt. Vernon avenue, and lived in Marion county all his life. He was married in September, 1875, to Miss Ella Jewell of Morrow county, and of this union were born two children, Carrie, who became the wife of Guthery Uncapher and who died just two years ago, today, and John Ray Merchant who resides on the Merchant farm.

Mr. Merchant was a son of the late John T. Merchant and was the youngest of six children—the others being, Isaac A. Merchant, C. B. Merchant and Mrs. Annie E. Carhart of this city, Mrs. Ellen E. Burr of Cardington and John Merchant deceased. He is also survived by two half-brothers and two half-sisters—Mrs. Ida F. Eichorn, of Cardington, Mrs. Bettie B. Finch, Jacob U. and Thomas E. Merchant of this city.

Mr. Merchant was a member of the Methodist church having been converted during the pastorate of Rev. John L. Hillman. He was a man of sterling character and had lent his influence toward the upbuilding of Marion. By his death the county loses a prominent citizen and the church a strong supporter.

The funeral service was held at the Epworth M. E. church Monday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock, Rev. R. W. Wallace of Toledo, officiating. Rev. Mr. Wallace was assisted by Rev. D. H. Bailey.

Hit It Right.

A Missouri schoolboy hit it about right when he defined a friend as "one who knows all about you and likes you just the same."—Columbus Dispatch.

DR. C. E. SAWYER DELIVERS ADDRESS

Talks of First Aid to Injured at Carnegie Hall, New York.

Dr. C. E. Sawyer returned from New York, Sunday, where the doctor addressed the New York Railroad club on the subject of "First Aid to the Injured in Railroad Establishments" at Carnegie hall, there being over a thousand railroad men in attendance, representing the official mangement and control of all the greater railroad systems of the United States.

It was the first occasion on which professional men had ever appeared before the club.

The purpose of the meeting was the carrying out of a more systematic manner in the care and treatment of those injured in railroad services.

MRS. TURNER DIES AT WELCH HOME

Resident of the City a Year—Funeral at Marysville.

Mrs. Deborah Turner, aged sixty-five years and widow of the late Luther Turner, died of inflammatory rheumatism and uraemic poisoning, Monday morning at 2 o'clock, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. C. Welch of Mark street.

Mrs. Turner came here about a year ago from Union county. She is survived by three children—Mrs. Welch and Mrs. William Emerine of this city and Mrs. Charles Shafer of Raymond.

The funeral service was held at the Union church near Marysville, Tuesday afternoon. Interment was made in Oakdale cemetery, at Marysville.

MRS. CHRISTOPHER GLATHART IS DEAD

Falls a Victim to Paralysis Friday October 17.

Mrs. Christopher Glathart, aged seventy-five years, residing three miles east of Caledonia, died of paralysis Friday morning October 17, after an extended illness. She had been in a semi-conscious condition since Wednesday.

A husband and eight children survive, the latter being John, Fred, James, Charles, Simon and William Glathart and Mrs. David Gist, Mrs. Dora Wineh and Mrs. Henry McCabe, all of whom live in or near Caledonia.

Want Taxes Remitted.

Columbus, O., Nov. 20.—[Special.]—The state board of tax remission is today considering appeals from a number of Marion retail merchants, who claim the inquisitor increased their taxes too much. Final action will be taken at another time.

EX-GOVERNOR ODELL OF NEW YORK AND THE EQUITABLE SCANDAL.

Benjamin B. Odell, Jr., by reason of the accusations made against him by James Hazen Hyde in the latter's testimony before the life insurance investigating committee of the New York legislature, is just now one of the most talked of men in the United States. Mr. Hyde, among other things, charges that Governor Odell compelled the Equitable, through E. H. Harriman, to make good Odell's losses in the American Shipbuilding company and that when the $75,000 representing the loss was paid Odell retained his bonds in the shipbuilding company, upon which he eventually realized something like 50 per cent of the face value. It was also suggested, according to Mr. Hyde, that unless Odell's losses were made good the charter of one of the Equitable's subsidiary organizations would be revoked. A bill with that object in view, he says, was actually introduced in the legislature by the late Mr. Ambler, assemblyman from Columbia.

Canadian Progress.

By the average citizen of the United States Canada is voted slow. If he were aware of the new forces moving in the Dominion, he might change that opinion.

People who are abreast of the times know that in Athabasca, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Assinibola and Manitoba, a magnificent stretch of country, extending from Lake Superior to British Columbia, is being developed into a great grain-producing district. Now a broad belt farther north, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, is to be opened up. A railroad is to be built from Halifax, Nova Scotia, 3,600 miles through the wilderness to Port Simpson, on the Pacific, just south of Alaska. The project is so immense that only the building of the Trans-Siberian railway and the digging of the Panama canal can be compared with it.

What is it for? It will make available land which experts who have tested it say is the best in the world for raising wheat—land which has four times the extent of the great area sown to wheat in the United States. A branch railroad will extend southward to Port Arthur, on the north shore of Lake Superior—literally a grain chute. Coal has been found in abundance and the Rocky mountains surely have treasures in Canada as well as south of the boundary. The new transcontinental railway is expected to shorten the traveling time from England to Japan and China by two days.

The question naturally arises: Is there anything of menace to the United States in the coming might of this young giant of the western hemisphere? Present indications are reassuring. The new railroad will probably be managed by Americans. A large percentage of the new settlers in southwestern Canada are Americans. Nearly all the prospective settlers who are now buying farms along the route of the projected railway are Americans.

Once an American, always an American, is the rule. Indeed, Canada may wake up some morning to find that her great wheat belts have become Americanized. — Cleveland Leader.

The Price of Shoes.

Manufacturers of shoes in all parts of the country testify that hides are scarce and dear. Certain large packers are said to control not only the green pelt from the butchered steer but two-thirds of the tanneries of the country as well. Furthermore, the enormous demand for shoes has created a leather famine. So the price of hides has gone up and the price of shoes is to follow soon.

The duty on imported hides of fifteen per cent. ad valorem, says Governor Douglas of Massachusetts, who is a great shoe manufacturer, has had the effect of making sole leather considerably higher in price in this country than in Canada, where there is no tariff on hides, the difference being as great on the leather in a shoe as the profit made on it. A committee of manufacturers, with Governor Douglas at their head, called on President Roosevelt yesterday to present the case to him. They wanted a reduction of the tariff on hides to ten per cent. ad valorem, and expressed a willingness to have the duty on manufactured shoes lowered to correspond.

But the president hastened to point out that the western cattle producers would protest that any reduction in the tariff on hides would injure them by lowering the value of the envelope in which the steer is wrapped when he goes to market. The old spectacle of different interests pulling in different directions whenever the question of a change in the tariff comes up was presented once more. The threat of higher prices for shoes, which interests all the people, apparently weighs little in the scale as compared with the tariff-created profits of some of the people. The theory that if a man pays unnecessarily high prices for everything he buys he is bound to make up his loss by getting a high price for what he sells is still working at the old stand in Washington.

Massachusetts, however, as well as other parts of New England, is getting impatient for tariff revision. Its Republican governor-elect asserts that he and the rest of the candidates of his party would have been defeated this year if they had not been provided with a platform demanding tariff reform. In spite of the apparent hopelessness of inducing Republican members of congress to see that tariff revision ought to come it may be that the educational effect of a general advance in the price of shoes will accomplish something.—Chicago News.

CONGO ATROCITIES.

Not long ago the civilized world was aroused by statements that agents of Belgium were treating natives of the Congo region with the most horrible cruelty. Photographs of negro women and boys with hands or feet cut off were reproduced in illustrated periodicals and circulated widely. The story that went with the pictures was that these victims had been mutilated as punishment inflicted upon families that had failed to bring the required quantities of rubber to the Belgians.

Such a wave of abhorrence swept over Europe that King Leopold of Belgium sent a commission of Belgian, Swiss and Italian publicists to Africa to investigate. They reported the result of their work in the early part of this month, exonerating the Belgians. The lopping off of hands and feet, they declared, was an old savage custom which the Belgians had not been able to stamp out. The world breathed easier, because it thought the day of such barbarous cruelty had passed away with the Spanish adventurers who laid Peru waste.

But now comes the wife of a British missionary in the Congo region with reiteration of the charges. She has new photographs and gives names, dates and details of outrages that almost pass belief. According to her account, the agents employed by the Belgians to procure rubber are nothing less than fiends. Chopping off hands and feet, from what she says, is comparatively a mild punishment with them. Often death is meted out with the butt end of a gun.

King Leopold is in a worse position in the eyes of the world than he was before. The suspicion that his investigating commission was "fixed" is unavoidable. It will require sound proof to controvert the statements of this Englishwoman. He must stand convicted and his country shamed unless he can obtain exoneration at the hands of investigators whom the nations know and trust.—Cleveland Leader.

World's Cotton Crop.

Slowly but steadily the United States' proportion of the world's cotton crop is diminishing. It is still not far from three-quarters of the world's aggregate, but it was more than that formerly. In 1895 the United States' output was seventy-eight per cent of that of the entire world. It was seventy-five per cent in 1900. It will be seventy-one per cent in 1905, from present indications, and possibly will be slightly below that line.

While the United States still produces so much more cotton than any other locality that there is practically no second, its old preponderance is shrinking with a constancy which will some day begin to attract some attention here. The West Indies, the East Indies, Egypt, South Africa and some other spots on the earth's surface are furnishing a little of the world's cotton and the European countries especially interested in those productive regions are using their best efforts to increase the supply, and also to discover new fields. Egypt formerly loomed up rather large as a possible field for cotton culture, but it has not met expectation thus far, although England has some hopes that its present output can be considerably increased. Cotton is being grown in part of Germany's African possessions, but there, too, the hopes of a few years ago have not been realized.

The extravagant prices often put upon cotton by the American gamblers act as a powerful incentive to production in other parts of the world. The desire for emancipation from the extortions of the Sullys, the Browns and the rest of the manipulators of the American market is sending prospectors into various parts of Asia, Africa and South America to spy out possible cotton lands. This has not affected the United States' monopoly thus far, but the time may be near when this competition will be felt. The wise course for our producers would be to enlarge their acreage and output and head off, to some extent, this search for other sources of supply by England, Germany and the other cotton-consuming countries. The United States' yield for 1905 will be about 10,000,000 bales, as compared with 14,000,000 for the record year of 1904. An average yield by us of 15,000,000 bales a year now, and 20,000,000 bales by 1910, would find a ready market at fair prices.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Always Remember the Full Name

Laxative Bromo Quinine

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in Two.

E. W. Grove on Box. 25c.

Comiskey Breaks With Johnson.

Chicago, Nov. 21.—A serious breach between President Ban Johnson of the American league and Charles Comiskey, president of the Chicago club in that organization, is threatened at the annual meeting of the league, which begins here Wednesday. President Comiskey is out with an avowed statement that the American league can no longer keep pace with the National league while President Johnson is retained at the head of the former organization. Comiskey declares openly that the league is on the verge of dissolution if President Johnson is at the head. Comiskey's direct allegation is that Johnson is conniving with President Hermann of the Cincinnati National league club, and chairman of the national baseball commission, to consolidate the American and National leagues.

Commission's Act Illegal.

Chicago, Nov. 21.—Judge Bethea, in the United States circuit court, decided that the order issued by the interstate commerce commission, directing that the railroad rates on live stock between the Missouri river and Chicago be lowered in conformity with the rates on dressed beef, was illegal. In summing up the case Judge Bethea declared that there was no evidence of collusion on the part of the railroads, and that the rates on live stock were not a discrimination. He held further that the interstate commerce decree was not binding on the railroads and that the commission had not the power to compel the railroads to obey their rulings.

The Early Filipinos.

The natives of the Philippine Islands when first discovered by Europeans did not know how to make a fire.

Pastry Scraps.

Take the scraps of pastry left after pie making, roll them and spread with chopped figs, dates, raisins and nut meats. Lay another sheet of paste on top, roll lightly, cut cookie shape and bake delicate brown. Nice for the children's lunches.

The Emerald.

The emerald improves in color on exposure to the light. Pearls kept in the dark lose their luster, but regain it on exposure to the sun.

Great Sport.

Jimmie—Gee! Dis is an excitin' game, seein' how clost I kin hold my candy to de kid widout his gittin' it!—New York Journal.

A Joy to Her.

"Nothing would please that woman better than a chance to gossip with her neighbors," remarked Jolieley.

"Really?" replied Pokely. "She does not look it."

"Fact, though. She's deaf and dumb."—Philadelphia Press.

Overlook Track Game.

Telegraph reports have given us an idea that those Russian students are a pretty tough lot but as yet they have not been accused of tying their associates on railroad tracks.—Washington Post.

The woman who hesitates is—lost.

Over Half a Million

SATISFIED CUSTOMERS

Do you think such an enormous business could be built up and continually increased, if our goods did not have exceptional value and merit?

Do you think we could hold the trade of half a million people, if our reputation for doing exactly what we say wasn't firmly established?

Do you think U. S. Senators, Foreign Ambassadors, Bankers, Business and Professional men in every section of this country would keep on using HAYNER WHISKEY if it wasn't all right?

Do you think doctors would recommend it and hospitals use it, if it wasn't absolutely pure and unadulterated?

Just think these things over carefully and then send us a trial order. Your money back if you are not satisfied.

United States Senate, Washington, D. C.
"I have found Hayner Whiskey exceptionally fine for table and medicinal purposes."
Wm. M. Stewart,
U. S. Senator from Nevada.

HAYNER WHISKEY

4 FULL QUARTS $3.20 EXPRESS PREPAID

OUR OFFER We will send you in a plain sealed case, with no marks to show contents, FOUR FULL QUART BOTTLES OF HAYNER PRIVATE STOCK RYE FOR $3.20, and we will pay the express charges. Take it home and sample it, have your doctor test it—every bottle if you wish. Then if you don't find it just as we say and perfectly satisfactory, ship it back to us AT OUR EXPENSE and your $3.20 will be promptly refunded. How could any offer be fairer? You don't risk a cent.

Orders for Ariz., Cal., Col., Idaho, Mont., Nev., N. Mex., Ore., Utah, Wash., or Wyo., must be on the basis of 4 Quarts for $4.00 by Express Prepaid or 20 Quarts for $15.00, by Freight Prepaid.

Write our nearest office and do it NOW.

THE HAYNER DISTILLING COMPANY

Dayton, O. St. Louis, Mo. St. Paul, Minn. Atlanta, Ga.
Distillery, Troy, O. Established 1868.

HARD. **COAL** SOFT.

We look well to the grade of coal we buy, and see to it that full weight is delivered to everyone. It's our way of insuring your patronage—that of giving the best in coal and service. Phone us your order.

THE OHIO MILLING & ELEVATOR CO.

The Marion County Bank Company,

Marion, Ohio.

Capital Paid Up, $250,000.00.

Liberal treatment of customers in all departments of banking, within the limits of safety. Drafts bought and sold on all parts of the United States and the world. Also bank money orders, no fee charged for small amounts. Use our new safety deposit boxes for valuable papers, free to customers. Interest paid on savings deposits. Call and investigate our savings department.

WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS.

DIRECTORS.
George D. Copeland, W. S. Fisher, George B. Christian, Sr., Henry Ackerman, J. C. Leffler, James P. Reed, Henry Titus, President, Chas. C. Fisher, V. Pres., W. H. Robinson, Cash.

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Perfection Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stove

FOR

Safety, Economy and Comfort.

A cook stove which is odorless and efficient. Guaranteed to give satisfaction. Ask your dealer for prices, or address

STANDARD OIL COMPANY.

JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT the standard cough and cold cure for over 75 years now comes also in a 25c size

Convenient to carry with you. Don't be without it. Ask your druggist.

1906 ALMANAC FREE. Write to Dr. D. Jayne & Son, Philadelphia.

COMING TO MARION EUROPEAN HOTEL, MONDAY, DECEMBER 4.

FROM 9 A.M. TO 8 P. M. ONE DAY ONLY.

DR. VOKE Chief Examining and Consulting Physician of The France Medical Institute Co., by request, will visit above town on date named. CONSULTATION FREE and STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

IF YOU ARE SUFFERING FROM ANY DISEASE, WEAKNESS OR DISABILITY, WHY NOT CONSULT AN EXPERIENCED, EDUCATED SPECIALIST; ONE WHO IS THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED WITH ALL THE NECESSARY APPLIANCES KNOWN TO MODERN MEDICAL SCIENCE?

The France Medical Institute Established 1866. 18 years in Columbus. For eighteen years we have been making regular monthly visits to the principal cities of Ohio. Our long experience, remarkable skill and great success entitle us to the full confidence of the afflicted.

REFERENCES—Best Banks and Leading Business Men of Columbus.

Without Stomach Drugging Direct Medication fulfils the anxious hopes of many afflicted persons, both men and women, by furnishing a simple and efficient means of curing diseases that are frequently incurable under the old methods. If you are tired pouring medicines into your stomach to reach a disease that lies remote from the seat of digestion, you should make no delay in taking advantage of our special System of Treatment.

SPECIALISTS IN CHRONIC AND PELVIC DISEASES

The Chief Consulting and Examining Physicians of The France Medical Institute Co., 38-40 West Gay Street, Columbus, Ohio

NO MONEY REQUIRED OF RESPONSIBLE PARTIES TO COMMENCE TREATMENT.

Our Physicians Are Experts in the diagnosis and treatment of Stomach, Bowel and Liver Diseases, such as Dyspepsia, Constipation, Piles, Diarrhoea, etc., cured in the shortest possible time without the use of injurious drugs.

Throat, Lung and Nasal Diseases Such as Catarrh, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, successfully treated by our own special method of treatment.

Heart, Blood and Skin Diseases Such as Scrofula, Ulcers, Eczema, Pimples, etc., especially those that have baffled the skill of other physicians.

Brain, Spinal and Nerve Diseases Such as Paralysis, Locomotor Ataxia, Epilepsy, Fits, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Headaches, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Brain and Nervous Exhaustion, etc., successfully treated by our original method.

Rheumatism Our cure for Rheumatism is the most successful known.

Young and Middle-Aged Men who suffer from the effects of youthful indiscretions and Nervous Debility may call with confidence.

Diseases of Women After years of experience we have discovered the greatest cure known for diseases peculiar to the sex. Painful Menstration, Sterility or Barrenness, Leucorrhoea, Purities, Ovarian and Fibroid Tumors in the early stages, etc., positively cured by our method. Our treatment is perfectly harmless and easily applied. No humiliating exposure on examination. Try it, and you will exclaim like hundreds of others: "Oh, I feel like a different woman."

Rupture and Varicocele permanently cured without the use of the knife, truss or suspensory. Be sure and consult us before taking treatment elsewhere.

Kidney and Bladder Diseases Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Inflammation of the Bladder, Enlarged Prostate, Frequent and Dribbling Urination. It costs no more to employ an expert than to risk your life with an inexperienced physician.

Stricture and all forms of disease of the urethra and prostate gland cured by our Medicated Bougie, a method of treatment without pain or detention from business.

Syphilis or Blood Poison cured without use of injurious drugs where others fail.

Not necessary to attend expensive Sanitariums, Hospitals, or Health Resorts; our medicines and treatment can be taken and applied at home. Each person applying for Medical Treatment to our visiting physician or at the home office should bring from two to four ounce of urine, which will receive careful chemical and microscopical examination. Consultation and Examination free and strictly confidential. No names published.

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A GOOD NIGHT'S REST

"Speak for it!" she cried to doggie,
For she knew in her little heart,
That German Syrup, home's great treasure,
Could health and joy impart.

The greatest tonic on earth is a good night's rest. Restless nights and the terrible exhaustion of a hacking cough are dread dangers of the poor consumptive. But why this fear of the night when a few doses of Dr. Boschee's German Syrup will insure refreshing sleep, entirely free from cough or night sweat? Free expectoration in the morning is made certain by taking German Syrup.

We know by the experience of over thirty-five years that one 75-cent bottle of German Syrup will speedily relieve or cure the worst coughs, colds, bronchial or lung troubles—and that, even in bad cases of consumption, one large bottle of German Syrup will work wonders.

Two sizes, 25c and 75c. All druggists.

TSCHANEN BROS.

FOR SALE.

Farm, good two story frame dwelling, slate roof 6 rooms and large buttery, three porches, good cemented cellar, 8 bbl brick filtered cistern and one tub cistern, two good drove wells. Barn 40x70 ft and shed upon end, wagon shed, corn crib and granary, two poultry houses, wood house, good orchard, good neighborhood, good land, located about 5 miles from Marion, Ohio. Price $60 per acre

100 acres, good frame barn, small frame dwelling, up-ground cellar, drilled well, cistern, orchard, on a good pike, a bargain if sold soon.

About 340 acres, six-room frame dwelling, cellar, well, cistern, barn 60x80 ft., cost $1,300, orchard, well drained, land good, terms reasonable, for particulars, call

A five-room slate roof frame dwelling, large rooms, cistern, well handy, fixed up with gas, for light and heat, convenient to shops and to central part of town. Will rent readily at ten dollars per month which would pay 10 per cent on the investment, party wants to change his business if this interests you make no delay, as this property will go soon, at the price which is $1,300.

A large modern house, within two squares of the court house, for particulars inquire.

For Rent—Modern house of 7 rooms, Southwest part of town, about 5 squares of court house, rent $20 per month

6-room frame dwelling, well and cistern, Dix Avenue.

Lippincott Brothers

Weddings and Family Reunions

will demand large attention from now until the 30th. With these events in view we beg to direct your attention to many beautiful goods in our stocks, appropriate to the day—

Table Silver,
Carving Sets,
Candelabra and Candle Sticks,
Serving Trays and Meat Platers,
Elegant China Plates,
Superb Cut Glass—

for use and for decorative purposes,

Our various stocks suggest a thousand and one items of interest that you should see.

Nelson & Sons.

ANTHONY'S LAUNDRY
230 E. CENTER ST. PHONE 1183

MRS. MARY WALTERS DIES TUESDAY

Born in Indiana and Lives Here About Twenty Years.

Mrs. Mary Jane Walters, aged sixty-two years and widow of David Walters, died of dropsy at her home, No. 12 Charles street, Tuesday at 4:20 o'clock. She had been confined to her home during the past three months.

Mrs. Walters was born in Pulaski county, Indiana, and had lived in Marion for the past twenty years. She is survived by four sons—Martin, Frank, David A. and Jesse Walters, all of whom reside in Marion.

The funeral service was held at the late residence, Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. L. C. Reed of the United Brethren church officiating. Burial took place in the Marion cemetery.

SCHERFF IS QUALIFIED

Mayor-Elect Saturday Takes Oath of Office.

CHANGES IN POLICE AFFAIRS PROMISED

Expected When New Mayor Enters Office the Police Department Will Be Conducted With Some Regularity and in a Business-Like Manner—Old Timers in Hard Lines.

Mayor-Elect Louis Scherff took the oath of office last Saturday. He was sworn in by Mayor Mader, who only a short time before had sworn in S. R. Rauhauser, the Republican elected president of city council and who in that capacity will become vice mayor.

Mayor Mader will step down and out Monday, January 1, and Mr. Scherff will then assume the reins of municipal government. Although he has not yet made a statement of his intentions, it is well known there will be a radical change in the running of affairs in the police department. There will be no change in the complement of the force, but the officers will be compelled to work under an altogether different system than they have been accustomed in the past.

The movement of the board of public safety to conduct police affairs with some degree of regularity and businesslike form inaugurated when a chief was appointed, but which was spoiled by a quarrel between the mayor and the safety board members, will mark the new mayor's induction into office.

The common drunks who have been so tenderly cared for by the police in the past will fall into hard lines when they get their first introduction to the new mayor, it is said by the knowing ones. Mayor Scherff will not tolerate the old-timers as Mayor Mader has done, but will give them what they deserve according to the law.

MEETING OF BANK DIRECTORS FRIDAY

Report of Business for Half Year Is Very Satisfactory.

The regular semi-annual meeting of the City National bank directors was held in their banking room, Friday afternoon, November 17.

A report of the half year's business was read and discussed, and proved most satisfactory to the directors.

Besides increasing the surplus from $17,000 to $20,000, the directors declared a regular semi-annual dividend, and carried $3,000 to undivided profits.

This gives this comparatively young bank $100,000 capital stock, $20,000 surplus and undivided profits of $3,000.

AN IMPROVEMENT IN CAR SERVICE

All Interurban Cars Will Run Direct from Columbus.

The management of the C., D. and M. has made an improvement in its service by doing away with the transfer of passengers at Delaware. All cars now run direct through from this city to Columbus. This change is made possible by the increase of power furnished by the company's new plant at Stratford now in operation continually.

The work of installing the local transforming station will be started within a few days. All of the old machinery at the local power plant is to be removed.

JOHN GIBSON IS CUT WITH KNIFE

Very Weak from Loss of Blood at Surgeon's Office.

John Gibson, while employed on the Lenox Reber farm November 16, pitching hay, was badly cut in the right leg below the knee by a hay-knife which another employe tossed to him.

The man was so badly wounded that he was very weak from the loss of blood when he reached the office of Dr. J. M. Hoskins on north Main street.

A PAINTER DIES AT THE INFIRMARY

Is Removed to the County Infirmary the Day After Election.

Patrick Lattimore, a one-legged painter aged about forty-five years, died of a complication of diseases at the infirmary, Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. He was removed to the infirmary the next day after election. A short funeral service was held at the infirmary Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. Burial took place at Likens chapel cemetery.

An incipient blaze was discovered in the nick of time at the home of Samuel Schwaderer, residing near Agosta, Monday morning about 10:30 o'clock. It originated from a defective flue and was extinguished with a few buckets of water, a hole being burned in the roof.

Wealth in Wood.

Only a few years ago America had vast, untouched forests rich in valuable woods. But the ax and the saw have been wielded with reckless disregard of the future and the propagation of trees has been little thought of. Black walnut is a scarcity. Oak is becoming dearer every year. Ash and maple are by no means plentiful. Basswood, light and easily worked, is hard to get.

The United States forest service has a difficult problem to contend with. The depletion of the supply of raw material for barrels is now occupying the attention of its experts. The value of the staves, heads and hoops made in the last census year was $20,000,000. Now it is becoming difficult to obtain the cheapest kind of stock. Wood paving is again coming into favor since a way has been discovered to prevent the quick decay that has heretofore made it objectionable. The immense drain upon the forests to provide material for packing cases is being felt. Michigan alone makes yearly $2,270,000 worth of such boxes, while other states have larger outputs. The forestry experts are seeking woods of which there is still a good supply, that can be substituted for those now used for barrels, paving blocks and packing cases. If they succeed there will be a chance for a new growth of hardwood trees.

There is nothing more beautiful than a fine tree. There is nothing more useful to man except his food and clothing. There are few things Americans have been more reckless with. It requires a lifetime or longer for an average tree to reach maturity. Protect the saplings and withhold the ax.—Cleveland Leader.

Norway Elects a King.

As a result of the election just held in Norway all doubt as to the continuation of a monarchial form of government in that nation is removed. The election gave the Norwegian people their oportunity to make a choice between establishing a republic and calling Prince Charles of Denmark to the throne to preside over them as king. The majority in favor of the latter policy is overwhelming, more than 234,000 ballots being cast in favor of Prince Charles, as against 62,700 cast by the republicans.

However strongly the lovers of democratic government might have liked to see a republic established in the Scandinavian peninsula, there are reasons to believe that the Norwegians, taking into account all the circumstances, have been guided by important practical considerations. Surrounded as it is by powerful monarchies, the setting up of a republic in Norway would have been obnoxious to its nearest neighbors, leading possibly to friction that would have been against its best interests. While the people will be under a monarchy, moreover, the character of their ruler, selected by themselves, the intelligence of the electorate and their advanced position among civilized peoples are ample assurance that they will continue in enjoyment of a full measure of civic freedom. Following the tendency of all enlightened monarchies they will have truly representative government, the powers of the ruler being so limited as not to interfere with the exercise of the people's will.

The new ruler, King Haakon VII, as he will soon be known, is reputed to be a man of broad mind and high character, well fitted to fill with dignity the role of independent sovereign. For a number of reasons his selection seems especially auspicious for Norway. It will tend to foster close relations not only with Denmark but with several other powers. Charles is a son-in-law of the present king of England and through his grandfather, King Christian, is closely connected with leading royal families of Europe. In taking its place among the independent sovereign states Norway thus enjoys at the outset the advantage of close ties with the heads of the other influential monarchies. All lovers of the great Scandinavian race will hope also that the near future will see steadily increasing cordiality in the relations subsisting between Norway and its neighbor and former ally, Sweden.—Chicago News.

UNTIMELY DEATH OF MISS HAZEL ROYCE

A Victim of Consumption, Death Is Expected for Some Time.

Miss Hazel Royce, aged nineteen years, died of consumption at the home of her mother, Mrs. Emma Royce of No. 247 Oak street, Sunday morning at 2 o'clock. Her death had been expected several months. Her brother, Earl Royce, died last April of the same dread disease.

The deceased is survived by her mother and one sister, the latter being Miss Ethel Royce.

The funeral was conducted from the Royce residence, Tuesday morning at 9:30 o'clock, followed by interment in the Marion cemetery.

The management of the C., D. & M. Electric railway sent a large force of men and teams to Bucyrus Monday morning to begin work on the construction of the Bucyrus-Marion electric railroad. Fifty road scrapers have been shipped from Stratford to be used in the construction work.

AMERICAN REAL ESTATE COMPANY

New Marion Company Incorporated With Capital of $30,000.

Columbus, Nov. 20.—[Special.]—The American Real Estate company of Marion, with an authorized capital stock of $30,000, was incorporated today by C. S. Lippincott, E. L. Bush, S. B. Lippincott, E. E. Bush, E. M. Jones and N. F. Gill.

The corporation has been effected for the purpose of dealing in real estate on an elaborate scale. A meeting will be held in the near future for the purpose of electing officers for the new company.

John Knowles, alias John Martin, the itinerant preacher from Adrain, Michigan, who was sentenced to a year in the penitentiary several weeks ago for horsestealing, was taken to Columbus Monday by Sheriff Sells. Knowles pleaded guilty to having stolen a horse from Daniel Miller, a west Center street liveryman.

THE TRIAL OF SENATOR BURTON OF KANSAS

The trial of United States Senator John Ralph Burton of Kansas on the ground of having used his influence as a senator in behalf of the Rialto Grain and Securities company of St Louis bids fair to be a celebrated case. Proceedings, it is alleged, were about to be taken against the Rialto Grain and Securities company by the postoffice department when, according to the prosecution, Senator Burton improperly intervened and the matter was held up. Mr Burton was tried and convicted, but on appeal a new trial was granted. He is a resident of Abilene and took his seat in the United States senate March 4, 1901.

AN APPEAL FOR CHARITY

Thanksgiving Ball Is Solely for Sweet Charity.

LADIES' HOSPITAL AID ASSOCIATION

Is Asking Support of the Ball on Thanksgiving Night To Raise Funds To Support the Charity Ward at the City and County Hospital—Funds for Worthy Poor.

Perhaps there is no work of mercy that appeals to the human heart more strongly than the relief of pain and suffering. In our prosperous city there are hundreds of poor sufferers, dragging out a painful existence through weary days and sleepless nights, tossing on beds of pain, looking only to death for a cessation of their suffering. They are too poor to employ the services of a surgeon to perform the operation necessary to save their lives, or to engage the trained nurse whose careful ministrations are necessary to aid the physician's skill.

The Ladies' Hospital Aid association has been organized for the charitable purpose of giving aid to the worthy sick by making it possible for those who are suffering pain that racks both body and brain, with no means at their command to get relief, to receive the treatment of physicians, and the care of trained nurses, at the City and County hospital.

The management of the hospital has set aside a charity ward for this purpose and the physician in charge gives his services free to such patients.

No nobler work can be done than that of serving the poor sick, without any thought of compensation, and from the pure motive of charity.

The ladies who devote their efforts to the relief of the sick who cannot help themselves, deserve the encouragement and support of every able citizen of Marion in their work. The charity ball will be given under the auspices of the Ladies' Hospital Aid association on Thanksgiving night in the Huber hall.

When we are giving thanks to our heavenly Father for the many blessings we enjoy, particularly good health and happiness, let us remember the poor sick. If a cup of cold water given for Christ's sake shall receive its reward, to wipe away the tear of suffering and misery will undoubtedly merit the divine commendation: "When you did it unto these my least brethren, you did it unto me."

Help the ladies make the charity ball a success and thus share in the good work they are doing for sweet charity.—[Contributed.]

ASSIST SUFFERING PEOPLE IN RUSSIA

A Special Meeting of the Congregation of Israel.

At a special meeting of the Congregation of Israel, held Sunday afternoon at its hall in the Masonic temple, plans were made for taking a subscription for the Russian sufferers. A nice sum has already been secured and will be forwarded to people in the East who are agitating the movement to help the persecuted people of Russia.

The money being raised will be used not along for the relief of Jews, but for kindred people throughout Russia. The movement to help the Russian sufferers is being taken up all over the country.

The subscription list is still open and people wishing to contribute can leave their offering at That Store, Strelitzs' or Kleinmaier Brothers' clothing stores.

Rev. John Knowles, convicted of horse stealing and sentenced to serve one year in the penitentiary, was taken to Columbus by Sheriff P. C. Sells Monday morning.

BANK STATEMENT.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE MARION COUNTY BANK COMPANY, MARION, OHIO, AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1905.

RESOURCES.

Loans on Real Estate	$139,600 00	
All other Loans and Discounts	488,656 81	
Total Loans		$628,256 81
Overdrafts		5,014 76
Stocks and Bonds		24,450 00
Real Estate, including Bank building		15,530 47
Furniture and Fixtures		3,150 00
Premium on Bonds		525 83
Due from other Banks and Bankers	94,887 55	
Cash on hand	34,880 98	
Total cash and demand money		129,768 53
		$807,296 40

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock, all paid in	$250,000 00
Surplus Fund	21,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	30,259 15
Dividends unpaid	1 00
Individual deposits, 503 520 50	
Bank deposits, 2,564 75	
Total	506 023 25
	$807,296 40

STATE OF OHIO, } ss:
County of Marion }

I, Henry True, President of The Marion County Bank Company, Marion, Ohio, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

HENRY TRUE, President.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 16th day of November, 1905.

JOHN H. BARTRAM,
Notary Public
In and for Marion County, Ohio.

Cause of Headaches

You must look well after the condition of your liver and bowels. Unless there is daily action of the bowels, poisonous products are absorbed, causing headaches, biliousness, nausea, dyspepsia. Ayer's Pills are genuine liver pills.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Largest, Strongest and Most Progressive Life Insurance Co. in the World.

INSURANCE

That Actually Pays 5 Per Cent Interest---Besides the Protection, and Costs No Taxes.

This is the way a twenty-year endowment policy with the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, taken at the age of 21 years, figures.

Or, if you would figure the actual per cent paid, add 3 per cent which insurance protection is worth; add the tax saving of about 3 per cent—and such a policy really pays 10 per cent to its holder if the dividends are allowed to accrue.

The best time to take Life Insurance is in early life. Don't put it off, investigate today.

The Insurance Controversy

of the past few months has strengthened the fact that even greater dividends can be paid in the future—without imparing the stability of such a company as the Mutual.

Talk it over with

Wm. M. Jackson

Superintendent of Agents,
North Main Street.

FENCE TIME.

Buy the wire fence now, while the price is lowest and you have the most time to put it up.

We sell the BOLEY fence, one of the strongest and most lasting fences made. Don't buy until you see the BOLEY.

T. F. Lundergan, East Church Street.

IF YOU WANT TO

.... SURPRISE YOUR WIFE ....

with a nice China or Porcelain Dinner Set for a CHRISTMAS GIFT, make your selection early, as the assortments are more complete now than near the Holidays.

We'll store it for you till Christmas, at

MARKERT'S CHINA STORE,
128 S. Main Street.

WIRE FENCE.

The time to buy fence is when the markets are low. That happens each year at the close of the season and before people buy for spring. It is at this time that the manufacturers give some very tempting prices in order to unload their supply. We have taken advantage of the low prices by buying two car loads of Ellwood fence, all sizes, which we will sell on spring dating. Buy and put up your fence now and pay us next spring. The fence is already in our warehouse on north Main street. Come and examine our fence.

The Houghton-Merkel Company,
North Main Street. Opp. Catholic Church.

J. S. Whaley and Willis H. Rider October 16, began their duties as rural mail carriers out of the local postoffice. Whaley succeeds Charles Philbrook as carrier on route No. 2, and Rider takes the position of Herman Blank on route No. 4.

Speaking of weather indications, when all-spice is adulterated with ground cocoanut shells the season is sure to be mild.—Chicago News.

Evart Hare of Mt. Victory, who was bound over to the grand jury about a week ago on a paternity charge filed by Miss Rosa Jones of near Agosta, has furnished a bond of $500 and has been released from the county jail. Hare has returned to his home near Mt. Victory where he has a wife of only two months.

Genius is merely another name for unrecognized talent.

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Government of Canada

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Gives Absolutely FREE to every settler 160 Acres of Land in

WESTERN CANADA

Land adjoining this can be purchased from railway and land companies at from $6.00 to $10.00 per acre.

On this land this year has been produced upwards of twenty-five bushels of wheat to the acre.

It is also the best of grazing land and for mixed farming it has no superior on the continent.

Splendid climate, low taxes, railways convenient, schools and churches close at hand.

Write for "20th Century Canada" and low railway rates to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the following authorized Can. Gov. Agent

H. M. WILLIAMS, - - 20 Law Building, Toledo, Ohio

Mention this paper

NOW FOR THE COAST COUNTRY OF TEXAS.

TUESDAY, November 21.

You have been thinking and talking about taking the trip all summer but could not spare the time. Now is your best time. Get ready and GO!

We have chartered a tourist's car and 20 have already promised to go but we can take 30 and not be crowded. WILL YOU BE ONE? The car will cost each passenger $1.00 per day, but he thus has no hotel bills to pay. The meals will cost $1.00 per day, the railroad fare will cost about $35 50, thus the two weeks' trip will cost $68.50 $75 will pay all expenses and have plenty of pin money besides.

We expect to visit HOUSTON, GALVESTON and SAN ANTONIO, which will make a trip of about 4,000 miles and the finest country in the U. S.

Our main object is to show you some of the best bargains in lands. The finest climate in the U. S. is the Cost Country of Texas.

We don't ask you to take our word but go and see. If you buy we agree to deduct your R. R. fare from cost price of land.

We will show you land from which farmers this year have made 50 per acre net are able to sell you just as good land for $20 per acre.

Write for booklets and routes, or call on our County agent.

THE SOUTHWESTERN LAND AND IMPROVEMENT CO.

Upper Sandusky, Ohio.

Harry R Young, County Manage, Marion, O.

CHARLES C. FISHER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

BENNETT BUILDING

GEORGE D COPELAND. JOHN D. BARTRAM

Copeland & Bartram,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

Practice in all the U. S. and State Courts. Loans negotiated. Careful attention given to abstracting titles to real estate. Collections made. Patents procured. Office over the Marion County Bank, south Main St., Marion, O

Elmer T. Boyd,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW.

Uhler Block, 128 1-2 N. Main St. Careful attention given to abstracting titles to real estate Prompt and special attention given to collections

WADDELL & KNAPP

INSURANCE.

FIRE, CYCLONE, LIFE, ACCIDENT, ELEVATOR, BOILER, LIABILITY, PLATE GLASS

We Issue Surety Bonds.

Marion National Bank Building.

Both Telephones 117.

C. H. KELLER,

AUCTIONEER.

First class sales-crying for any or all occasions.

Call Bell telephone 1 on 261 Waldo exchange. P. O. address, Waldo, O.

THE

Marion National Bank

MARION, OHIO.

Capital paid in	$200,000
Surplus	25,000
Undivided profits	15,000

Accounts of Corporations, Farmers, Firms and Individuals Invited.

A General Banking Business transacted.

Drafts issued on foreign countries

Interest paid on Time Deposits.

OFFICERS.

T. J. McMurray, Vice Pres.
H. B. Hane, Vice Pres. and Cashier
J. E. Waddell, Asst Cashier

DIRECTORS.

H. B. Hane, T. J. McMurray, J. E. Waddell, Geo. W. King, D. H. Harvey, H. Streitz, J. G. Leiber.

Citizens' Phone 319. Residence Girard Ave
Bell, Main 113. Citizens' Phone 265

Dr H J. Lowet

Office over Gem Pharmacy.

Chronic diseases a specialty Calls made promptly day or night.

Marion, Ohio

Discretion is the art of being on the other side of the fence when you call a man a liar.

JOHN ALGEO IS ARRESTED

Suspected of Stealing Diamond Stud in Cincinnati.

CROWDS A MAN ON PASSENGER TRAIN

Algeo Serves a Term in the Ohio Penitentiary for Stealing Diamonds from Jeweler at Tiffin — Released but a Short Time Ago—Algeo Is a Resident of This City.

October 16, the local police received information from Cincinnati of the arrest of John Algeo of Marion, who was released from the penitentiary only two months ago, after serving a five-year term for stealing a tray of diamonds valued at nearly $10,000 at Tiffin

Algeo is now being held by the Queen City police on suspicion of having stolen a diamond stud worth $350 from the shirt front of T. Cassidy, a coal-dealer of Lexington, Kentucky. The stud was taken as Cassidy was boarding a train, and he telephoned back to the police at the first station at which the train stopped.

Two detectives were assigned and a few hours later they saw Algeo standing on a street corner They had arrested him once ten years before and remembered him. A few minutes later he was in a cell slated "suspicion" He is said to be one of the men who crowded the Lexington man as he was making his way to the train

Algeo has been arrested a number of times in various parts of the state, but is said to have never done any crooked work in this city. The only time he was ever convicted of any crime was when he was sent up from Seneca county for the diamond robbery. None of the stolen gems was recovered. The robbery was one of the boldest in the criminal annals of this section of Ohio. A man, said to have been Algeo, entered one of the leading jewelry stores of Tiffin, was shown a tray of diamonds and by some subterfuge managed to draw the attention of the jeweler to the safe in the rear of the store. As soon as the jeweler's back was turned the stranger and the gems disappeared Six weeks later, Algeo was arrested in St Louis, his whereabouts having been revealed by a Marion man who saw him on the street. After a hard-fought trial Algeo was convicted.

MRS. JOHN ALGEO MAKES STATEMENT

Algeo Is Not the Man Arrested by Cincinnati Officers.

John Algeo, the man arrested at Cincinnati last week on suspicion of having stolen a diamond stud, is not John Algeo of this city, so the wife of the Marion man claims. Mrs. Algeo called at the Star office Monday morning and asked to have her story published.

Mrs. Algeo says that her husband is now in St. Louis and that she had a telephone conversation with him Saturday night. She states that he called her up from St. Louis to tell her that he is not in trouble and that he is not the man under arrest at Cincinnati.

Mrs. Algeo exhibited letters written late last week at St Louis and mailed there by her husband. She states that during the past month her husband has been employed with his brother, who is a St. Louis gardener.

NEWS OF DEATH OF JOHN CARDER

Former Resident of This City Dies at Newark.

News has been received here of the death of John Carder, a former resident of this city, which occurred at Newark, October 14. Carder was a jeweler and up until three years ago lived with his father, Joseph Carder, in this city The deceased was twenty-nine years of age and had suffered for months of a complication of diseases.

Carder was well known in this city and a number of relatives live here. Among the relatives are J. R. Carder of east George street, Walter Carder of Greenwood street and Mrs. William Michaels of Waldo. The deceased was unmarried

Funeral services were held Thursday at Newark.

A BRICK COMPANY ELECTS DIRECTORS

Meeting of Stockholders of Millholland Brick Company.

The Millholland Brick company held its annual business meeting Thursday, November 16, Although no reports of the year's work were made, the business of the concern and the outlook for the coming year were discussed. J. W. Lennox of Richwood, Albert Reber of Upper Sandusky, Oliver Monnett, W. C. Walters and J. W. Millholland were elected to serve as directors for the ensuing year.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c. 38-t-52

NOURISH

the body, don't dose it with medicine. Scott's Emulsion is the best nourishment in existence. It is more than a food; you may doubt it, but it digests perfectly easy and at the same time gets the digestive functions in a condition so that ordinary food can be easily digested. Try it if you are run down and your food doesn't nourish you.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

THE DEATH OF A PIONEER WOMAN

Mrs. Rebecca Ann Mills Johnson Dies Last Saturday.

THE FOUNDER OF THE CITY MISSION

Mrs. Johnson Had Been a Very Prominent Religious Worker for Many Years and Resides in the County All Her Life—Funeral Services Sunday at Late Home.

Mrs. Rebecca Ann Mills Johnson, aged eighty-nine years, founder of the City mission and for many years a prominent worker in the city's religious work, died of consumption and the infirmities incident to old age at the home of her daughter, Mrs Alice J. Harris, No. 119 north State street, last Saturday

Mrs. Johnson had been a member of the Methodist church in this city seventy-three years. She was born in Marion county and had lived eighty-three years in Marion.

December 12, 1842, Mrs. Johnson was united in marriage to Obadiah Jennings Johnson, who died about eight years ago. From 1842 to 1867 Mrs. Johnson taught school, conducting a private school at first and later entering the public schools She was one of the sterling pioneer characters of the county, whose christian influence was widely felt. The announcement of her death will be received with regret by all who knew her She had been an invalid several years.

The funeral services were held at the late residence on north State street, Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

MRS. CLAUD BAKER VICTIM OF ASSAULT

Held Up Within Fifty Feet of the Baker Home.

Mrs. Claude Baker was the victim of an assault and an attempted hold-up within fifty feet of her home on Orchard street, about 8 30 o'clock Friday evening, November 17. Her assailant escaped

Mrs Baker was returning home and was suddenly assaulted when she reached an extremely dark place a short distance south of the junction of Orchard and Church streets. The fellow pinioned her arms and endeavored to prevent her from crying for help. The young woman struggled desperately and succeeded in attracting the attention of people living in the vicinity

When Mrs. Baker was found by her neighbors she was in a state of collapse. She is unable to give a description of her assailant.

VEHICLES COLLIDE IN THE DARKNESS

Mr. and Mrs. David Morral Injured in Accident Near DeCliff.

DeCliff, Nov. 20.—[Special.]—While returning from church at DeCliff, late Sunday evening, rigs occupied by Mr. and Mrs. David Morral and John Parker collided in the and John Parker collided in the darkness.

The horses attached to each buggy were frightened, and made a wild dash for some distance. Both rigs were broken, and Mr. and Mrs Morral suffered slight injuries. Parker escaped without injury.

THE BRADY-COOPER NUPTIALS SUNDAY

Mr. Daniel L. Brady and Miss Edna Cooper United.

Mr. Daniel L Brady and Miss Edna Cooper were married by Rev. H. H. Holverstott at the home of the officiating minister on east Columbia street, Sunday

Mr. and Mrs. Brady will reside in Espyville, and are very estimable young people.

Below the Belt.

Governor Herrick bows to the will of the people, but he must own that the swift punch amidships that the people handed him materially assisted him to bow.—Chicago News.

THE DEATH OF HOWARD DUTTON

Son of Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Dutton Passes Away.

THE LAD SELECTS HIS BURIAL SPOT

A Most Remarkable Case in Local Medical Records—He Suffers of Tuberculosis of the Bones Several Years and, Confined to His Bed, He Fights for Japan.

Howard Zell Dutton, aged seventeen years, one month and twenty-nine days, son of Mr and Mrs George H Dutton, died of tuberculosis of the bones as a result of an injury sustained more than six years ago. Sunday morning at 4.15 o'clock at the Dutton home. No 135 north State street

The case of Master Zell was one of the most remarkable in the medical records of the county. For nearly three years he had lain on the flat of his back without ever being moved. Every bone in his body was affected by the terrible disease and every joint seemed ossified. Two years ago the boy believed he was going to die and asked his papa to buy a lot "I want to see just where I am going to be buried," he said, and after Mr Dutton purchased the lot in the Marion cemetery he procured a plat, and over this the boy pondered, pointing out the exact spot where his body was to lay

Then the lad rallied and the heroic little sufferer seemed to take another lease on life. Unable to leave his bed and play like other boys of his age, he became a soldier for Japan. He fought great battles with them as he lay on his bed of pain. All through the war with Russia the little fellow was on the Jap side and read every line from the correspondents concerning the war.

The injury which is believed to have been the primary cause of the boy's death was sustained while performing on horizontal bars. He bruised his left knee From this injury tuberculosis resulted and an operation was performed to arrest the progress of the disease, but without the desired effect The boy's legs were then placed in plaster casts and kept there for a period of more than six months. Gradually, inch by inch, it seemed, the entire system of bones fell before the ravages of the merciless and silent destroyer. The jaw bones set like tetanus and for months he was barely able to open or shut his mouth, being fed like a babe. Recently inflammation of the bowels set in and this was the immediate cause of death.

The deceased is survived by his parents and a brother and a sister, Vernon and Florence Dutton

The funeral services were conducted from the late residence, Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock, Rev. D H Bailey, assisted by Rev. G E Barnard, officiating The body was interred in the spot chosen by the little fellow two years ago

Child Is Injured.

While playing with a feedcutter at his home near Green Camp, late Saturday afternoon, Alva, the five-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Bowles caught his right hand in the machinery, with the result that he lost the two middle fingers. Dr. H. W Sager of this city attended him.

About two-thirds of the average human heart is occupied by self-love.

A Helping Hand

Is Gladly Extended by a Marion Citizen.

There are many enthusiastic citizens in Marion prepared to tell their experience for the public good. Testimony from such a source is the best evidence, and will prove a "helping hand" to scores of readers. Read the following statement:

Mrs. John Mason, of 675 north State street, Marion, says: "There is no remedy equal to Doan's Kidney Pills for strengthening and regulating the kidneys, and no preparation as good as Doan's Ointment for curing sores and allaying itchiness of the skin I have used them for both and have recommended them in a testimonial given in 1899. I have had no reason to change my opinion during the past five years, and am glad to again endorse both of those excellent remedies."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

$15 Suits and Overcoats

Every style that the season sanctions and only high class patterns are embraced. The linings and trimmings are such as are found only in $20 and $25 garments---fancy Worsteds, imported Cheviots and Cassimeres.

$15

Hughs & Cleary.

COPYRIGHT 1905 BY THE HOUSE OF KUPPENHEIMER

Thanksgiving Supplies.

Our goods are ALL guaranteed.

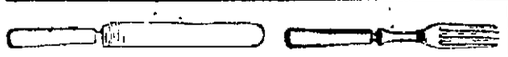
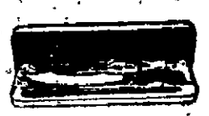


Table Knives and Forks.

Meriden Cutlery Co.'s famous Anvil brand, every one guaranteed. We have them in wood, bone, rubber, stag and celluloid handles at 50c per set and up.

Silver knives and forks in Rogers' or Meriden brand at $2.00 and up per set.

We have the finest and largest assortment of Carving Sets in the city and our prices are extremely low.



2 piece set, stag handles	$1.50
3 piece set, stag handles	$1.50
3 piece set, silver handles	$3.50
3 piece set, pearl handles	$8.50

Put up in nice, satin lined cases.

FOR THE KITCHEN---

French cook knives, 6, 8 or 10 inch	35c and up
Extra large vegetable forks	10c
Bread and cake knives	20c and up
Butcher knives, all styles and sizes	15c to 50c
Steak knives	15c to $1.50

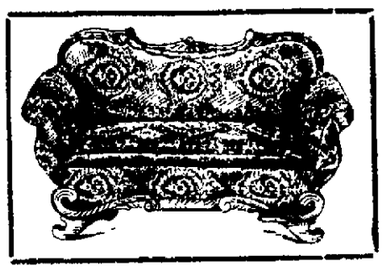
Butcher steels, ham slicers, boning knives, etc.

Meat grinders, 4 knives 75c

We have a large stock of tea and tablespoons in German and sterling silver, with plain or fancy handles, at 75c and up per half dozen.

Fancy stag handle corkscrews	50c
Nut cracks and picks, per set	35c
Rose automatic knife grinder, an absolute necessity in every home, only	50c

KLING & WILSON.



A Comfortable Davenport, Chair or Rocker will brighten up your home and greatly enhance the Thanksgiving Day, good cheer and comfort. Our almost endless variety of these things in the Old Mission and Colonial designs, so suggestive and appropriate for such an occasion and our popular prices on them make it an easy matter to have a pleasant Thanksgiving Day.

You'll have the pleasure of finding everything marked in plain figures here, as usual.

SCHAFFNER'S.

208 & 212 S. MAIN STREET.

OBITUARY.

Died, November 6, 1905, Estelle, wife of Reuben R Vail, aged forty-seven years For many years an invalid she suffered much pain but when the messenger of death came at last, she could say, "I am not afraid to die." There is something wonderful and sublime in this assertion when the spirit is about to leave its earthly tenement Funeral services were held at the residence in Marion and after an impressive sermon by Rev. C. E. Rowley, the remains were taken to the family burying ground near West Middleburg and laid to rest in the silent grave. Mrs Vail leaves a husband and two sons, a loving sister and other relatives and friends who with hope, grand as it is everlasting, can look up and with faith hear her voice through the vista of cloud land afar, saying in triumphant tones, "I know that my Redeemer liveth."

Little Girl Falls—Running from the Greenwood Street school building, Tuesday at 11 o'clock, Mildred, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Nichols of east Fairming street, fell directly in front of a horse driven to one of Warner's milk wagons. The little girl was bumped by one of the wagon wheels, but escaped uninjured. She was able to attend school that afternoon

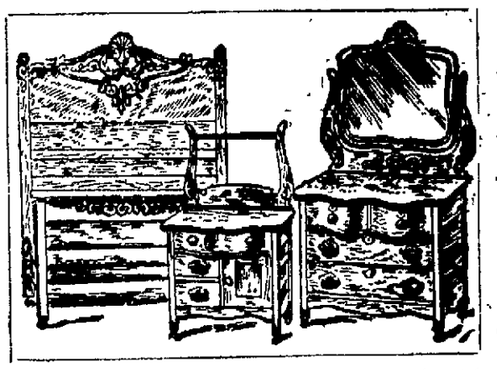
A bachelor's idea of a fool is a man who attends his own wedding.

The Department Company

THE

East Center St. House Furnishers

Our store is brim full of beautiful Xmas presents. LEAVE ORDERS EARLY.



Beautiful bedroom suits, same as cut, in Golden Oak or Ash, polished. Almost every young couple gets this suit when starting house-keeping for

CASH OR CREDIT

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WADE'S GIFTS ONLY TRINKETS

Wade Says County Officials Receive Small Presents.

DENIES THE GIFT OF GOLD WATCH

Injunction Proceedings of Prosecutor Clark Against the County Commissioners and Others in Court of Common Pleas—Judge Young To Render His Decision Later.

On the witness stand in the common pleas court, November 17, B. F. Wade, president of the well-known Toledo supply house, denied that he had ever given or even offered Marion county officials any gifts or compensation in return for being favored with contracts. He denied with especial emphasis that he made former County Commissioner David Hinamon a present of a gold watch in return for favors.

"Then Mr. Hinamon was wrong when he said that you gave him a gold watch," remarked Prosecutor John H. Clark.

Crissinger & Guthery, attorneys for Wade and other party defendants in the steel bookcase injunction proceedings, objected loud and long when the prosecutor asked Wade whether he had ever given Hinamon or other county commissioners presents. Judge Young, however, ruled that Wade should answer the questions as far as they pertained to the injunction suit.

Wade declared that the only presents he had ever made Marion officials were in the form of pencils, pocket-knives and similar trinkets.

The hearing of the injunction proceedings brought by Prosecutor Clark to permanently restrain the county auditor and treasurer from paying Wade $1,249 for a steel bookcase ordered by the commissioners, August 5, was brought to a close at 3:30 o'clock, Friday afternoon, with the arguments of the prosecutor and Fred E. Guthery.

Judge Young gave the attorneys until Saturday, November 25, to prepare their briefs. His decision will not be given for several weeks. Prosecutor Clark asks to have the temporary injunction made permanent, and Wade and the other defendants want the temporary injunction dissolved.

Aside from Miss Pearl Garfield, clerk of the board of county commissioners, who was on the stand Friday morning, the witnesses examined were B. F. Wade, Miles N. Longshore, former deputy county auditor, George T Geran, O. D. Freese, Frank Longshore, clerk in the auditor's office, Charles L. Allen, county auditor, and D. H. Lincoln, cashier of the City National bank. L. M. Hipsher, a witness called, is in Mexico.

County Auditor Allen testified that there are now in his office over 500 steel boxes aside from the new case in question, for filing books and papers, which have never been used. In his opinion the new case is not necessary.

All of the witnesses testified that the walnut bookcase, which was formerly used by the commissioners, was as large as the new steel case and was used only for filing old papers and books.

O. D. Freese and George T. Geran stated that in compliance with a request made by Prosecutor Clark they examined the commissioners' journal and County Auditor Hipsher's records August 14, nine days after the bookcase had been ordered and could find neither the bill nor any record of it.

D. H. Lincoln was called in unexpectedly. Mr. Lincoln stated that on August 5, the day the commissioners closed the contract for the bookcase, County Auditor Hipsher and B. F. Wade called at the bank with the bill for the case. The bank agreed to buy the account.

Mr. Lincoln stated in answer to Prosecutor Clark's question, that he did not know that the bill should have been kept on file at the auditor's office. He said that, August 14, nine days after having received the bill, he took it to the auditor's office to secure a warrant and get the $1,249, only to find the prosecutor had secured an injunction an hour previous to stop payment.

The prosecutor showed that eight pages of the commissioners' journal were filled with records of other proceedings before anything was inserted about the purchase of the bookcase. Then the pages were turned back and an item of the transaction was entered at the bottom of a page.

Attorneys Crissinger & Guthery on the other hand claimed that Prosecutor Clark knew the commissioners and Wade had entered into a contract for the bookcase within a few days after the deal had been closed, yet he made no protest. They claimed the price paid for the bookcase was not excessive and that the statutes authorize the commissioners to use their own discretion in deciding whether or not supplies are necessary.

The defense claimed Clark had not succeeded in substantiating his charges of fraud.

The married life of Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Keny lasted scarcely more than a month and now the husband asks for a divorce. The young people were married here September 14. October 26, according to Keny's story, his wife deserted him.

Keny charges his wife with gross neglect of duty, and with cruelty. The bride, Dorothy Keny, is only seventeen years of age, while her husband is twenty-five.

"Jimmy Kane," charged with burglarizing Ringer & Jennings harness store on south Main street, changed his original plea of not guilty late Friday afternoon. Judge Young sentenced the prisoner to five years in the penitentiary.

During all of his incarceration up until a few days ago Kane persisted in protesting his innocence. Gradually Kane began to realize that the fact that the evidence against him was too strong to overcome and Thursday, November 16, he informed Sheriff Sells that he had practically decided to relent and plead guilty.

Shortly after 4 o'clock Friday afternoon Kane requested the sheriff to take him before the judge. He said that he was tired of the continual worry and mental strain under which he has been laboring since his arrest and felt that he could gain relief by confessing his guilt.

The mysterious burglar will go to the penitentiary under his assumed name of "Jimmy Kane," despite the fact that he has told the authorities everything and acquainted them with his real identity. The authorities have given him assurance that what he has told them will never be divulged and that the world will never know his real name.

The sentence of five years given Kane by Judge Young is the minimum provided by the statutes. Kane, together with Benjamin Eighinger, given a life sentence for criminal assault and John Knowles sentenced to a year for horse-stealing, were taken to the penitentiary this week.

Kane's wife and child, as far as the authorities know, are still in Chicago.

In the suit for the partition of the James Hogan estate brought by Mary Hannegan against Dennis Hogan and others, Mrs. Hannegan has elected to take the property at its appraisement. Judge Young has approved the election and Mrs. Dennis Hogan, wife of the missing heir, excepts.

In the suit of Robert A. Glick against Mary Crowley and others of La Rue, Judge Young has given Glick permission to file a petition in error. Glick's bond is placed at $400.

This suit started several months ago in the justice's court at Agosta when Mrs. Crowley ejected Glick from her business room in La Rue.

John Richards of Agosta brought action in the court of common pleas Monday against the Erie Railway company asking for $10,000 damages.

Richards, through his attorneys, DeGolley & DeGolley, relates that he was run down by an Erie freight train and badly mangled while he was working as a section hand at Moran, a small station near Agosta. The accident happened March 23, 1904.

According to the story told by Richards in his petition he would not have been injured had he not stopped to throw a hand-car off the track and thus prevent the wrecking of a freight train.

Richards blames his foreman, William Reardon, with having caused the accident. According to the petition of Richards, he had been told by Reardon to take the hand-car from the main track at Moran to make way for a freight. Richards, assisted by John Slate another section hand, carried the hand-car to a siding next to the main track. After the men had placed the car on the siding they saw the freight train coming toward them.

Instinctively the men threw the hand-car from the track to prevent a wreck and Richards was run down. His right leg was severed between the knee and ankle and his right arm was twisted and broken so that it will be permanently deformed, so Richards claims.

In the suit brought by Elizabeth M. Emerson against Henry L. Davids and others to partition the Davids estate, Judge Young has sustained a motion to set aside the original appraisement. The appraisement first made was several thousand dollars too low, it is said.

Judge Young has ordered a new appraisement and has appointed I. A. Merchant, C. C. Fisher, and S. E. DeWolfe as commissioners.

Judge B. G. Young Monday revoked the report of the commissioners appointed to partition the estate of the late John Behner in compliance with a motion made by the executor, Grant Key, who says that there are not enough funds on hand to pay the indebtedness. The report of the commissioners was confirmed Saturday.

Frank Behner, plaintiff in the partition suit, has filed a supplemental petition in which he states that Elizabeth Behner, his mother, has quit-claimed all right and title in the estate.

In the suit brought by David Kirk against R. M. Shute and others, asking for the foreclosure of a mortgage, the Prendergast Lumber & Coal company a party defendant has filed an answer and cross-petition through its attorney, E. T. Boyd, setting up a promisory note for $490 due from Shute and secured by mortgage.

Several members of the petit jury which heard the Benjamin Eighinger case in the court of common pleas last week have taken sick or have been excused for other causes and Monday it was necessary for the clerk and sheriff to draw six additional names for filling vacancies.

Following are the names of the new jurymen:

James Prendergast, F. M. Harvey and John Austin, Marion; Martin Koch, Claridon township; M. J. Court, Green Camp, George Bensler, Pleasant township.

The jury will convene next Monday to resume the hearing of the criminal cases now on the docket.

T. A. Gruber of Caledonia, attorney for Benjamin Eighinger, the young man from that village who was sentenced to the penitentiary for life last week on the charge of criminal assault, claims that his client was not given a fair trial. Monday morning in the court of common pleas he filed a motion for a new trial.

Gruber in his motion states that John Anselment, one of the jurors who heard the Eighinger case, had stated in public previous to the trial that he would be in favor of sending Eighinger to the penitentiary for life.

Gruber filed with his motion affidavits sworn to by G. W. Rice and W. H. Foreman of Caledonia, who state that shortly after the crime with which Eighinger is charged came to light Anselment in their hearing expressed an opinion on the case and stated that he would be in favor of sending the young man to the penitentiary for life.

P. F. Foreman, county treasurer, defendant in a suit brought by Mrs. Irene L. Beerbower to restrain him from collecting taxes assessed against her by former County Auditor L. M. Hipsher, filed his answer and cross-petition Monday through Prosecutor John H. Clark. Foreman denies that the taxes against Mrs. Beerbower were illegally assessed and asks that the temporary injunction against him making collections be dissolved.

Foreman admits that he had informed Mrs. Beerbower that the auditor had assessed against her property for collection back taxes amounting to $335.05, and also states that he would have used every means in his power to collect had not Judge B. G. Young issued a temporary restraining order.

Mr. Foreman states that, January 20, 1905, Tax Inquisitor G. W. Gillfillian filed information with County Auditor Hipsher alleging that Mrs. Beerbower owned personal property which had been omitted from the tax duplicates of 1903 and 1904. All proceedings have been legal, Foreman claims, and Mrs. Beerbower was given due notice of the assessments.

The divorce suit begun in the court of common pleas by William Byers against Ella Byers was heard October 17, by Judge B. G. Young. On account of the various peculiar features of the case, Judge Young has taken it under advisement.

This is a suit in which the wife is charged with bigamy. Byers claims that when he married the defendant she had one legal husband, John Jarvis, from whom she was not divorced. For that reason he claims that his marriage contract with Mrs. Byers is illegal.

Mr. and Mrs. Byers were married in Huntington, West Virginia, in 1898, only a few days after their first meeting. Byers wooed Mrs. Jarvis six months through the mails and then went to West Virginia to marry her. She had seven children by her previous marriage, but represented that Jarvis was dead, so Byers claims.

Shortly after his marriage Byers was told by a friend that his wife was deceiving him. He confronted Mrs. Byers with the charge and she ran him out of the house at the point of a butcher knife, according to his allegations. Byers says that he returned at once to Illinois. He is now employed at one of the local stone quarries.

T. A. Gruber of Caledonia has appealed a suit against W. S. Stone from the court of Justice E. H. Day of Claridon township. Gruber sues for $222.50 which he claims is due him for collecting a claim of $445. His petition was filed in the court of common pleas October 17.

Gruber relates that Stone held a note for $445 against C. W. Douce and he made an agreement to collect the amount for fifty per cent. commission. Gruber says that as a result of his endeavors the note was paid and now Stone refuses to pay the commission.

In the suit for the partition of the James Hogan estate brought by Mary Hannegan against Dennis Hogan and others, Judge Young has confirmed the report of the commissioners and ordered the estate partitioned.

This suit has been pending several months in order to permit a thorough search for Dennis Hogan, one of the heirs who disappeared mysteriously over a year ago. The commissioners appointed to arrange the partition are A. J. Manley, George H. DeLauder, and Grant Copeland.

Stella Hogan, wife of the missing heir, brought suit for alimony several months ago. October 17, Judge Young granted her alimony in the amount of her husband's interest in the estate.

A suit brought in the court of common pleas September 15, 1902, by James L. Price against James B. Guthery, in which Price sued to recover money which he claimed Guthery secured through fraudulent representations, was settled by the litigants, Monday afternoon. Price withdrew his petition, and the case has been taken from court.

According to the agreement made by Price and Guthery, Monday afternoon, each party pays half the costs.

In his petition Price stated that June 1, 1895, one F. Oehler delivered to Guthery his promissory note for $75. Guthery later transferred the note to Price.

May 10, 1900, it was claimed, Guthery wrongfully demanded and received all money due on the note and never made an accounting to Price, who states that he did not learn of the deal until two years later. Price alleged that Guthery had pretended to Oehler that he still owned the note but could not locate it. Oehler, according to the story told by Price in his petition, paid Guthery $110.07.

Price claimed damages amounting to $124.30.

In the suit of Robert A. Glick against Mary Crowley and Rosa Werley, carried from Justice Dutton's court at Agosta on error to the court of common pleas, the defendants, Tuesday, filed a motion to set aside a journal entry made last week. The entry gives Glick permission to file a petition in error. The defendants, through their attorney, W. P. Moloney, claim that the entry was made a month too late. Glick seeks to regain possession of Mrs. Crowley's business room in La Rue.

Dr. Horatio Chisholm, began proceedings in aid of execution in the court of common pleas Tuesday afternoon against Horace J. Whayman of Zanesville, to attach City hospital stock which Whayman holds to meet a claim of $151.27.

It requires a strenuous carpenter to floor a pugilist.

Copyright 1905 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

MARION'S LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE.

Special Values in Every Department

We are breaking all previous sales records—we propose to continue to do so and intend to make the business done during the remaining weeks of this year the greatest in our history.

In each department we make special mention today of from two to four articles which are in our estimation special values at the prices.

These are but a few striking examples of what we are constantly accomplishing—it's not difficult when one knows how or uses modern methods to bring the desired results.

And remember this, that there should never be any doubt as to the superior excellence of merchandise sold by this store—it is always of the highest quality—never otherwise.

Men's Fine Suits at $15.00.

Just two striking examples from a variety of 48 at the same price, which includes other fancy mixtures, as well as plain blacks and blues.

A handsome brown mixed worsted cheviot—coat 31 inches long—wide collar and lapels—form fitting—single vent in back—hand-tailored throughout—five button vest with notch collar—trousers medium, large throughout the hip and in the legs and tapering to just the right size to fit over shoes.

Another is a double-breasted sack suit, built of gray cheviot with a faint under-plaid—coat is 31 inches long with the new shoulders, lapels and collar—vest is made without a collar.

Special Values at $15 00.

Men's Fine Overcoats at $15.00.

Built of a fine quality black fri ze in the popular Chesterfield style—46 inches long—lined with serge—sleeves lined with Skinner satin—silk velvet collar—hand-padded and shaped shoulders, hand-felled collar, but one of the variety of 22 that we show at this price.

Special Values at $15.00.

Men's Separate Trousers

Pronounced patterned Cheviots and Tweeds, more subdued ones of Worsteds—either one appropriate for business.

Special Values at $3 and $5.

STRELITZS.

A Ringing Announcement FROM THE Big Racket Store.

That is of greatest importance to Marion's 17,000 inhabitants. Important because these few items but indicate where all manner of merchandise is sold for the lowest figures ever made at this time of the year—and hundreds are daily thronging these long aisles, ever delighted with the Bargains offered. Never so much goods, never such general interest.
Read these, then come see for yourself.

Dash lanterns with reflectors and bull eye globe	69c
60c tubular lantern well made, No. 1 burner	48c
Mrs. Potts sad irons, stand handle and three irons complete for	69c
Rawhide buggy whips, 6 foot long and rawhide from butt to tip, special	25c
Cobbling outfits, do your own shoe repair work complete	39c
2, 3 and 4 qt white lined fancy blue coffee Pots	25c
12 qt granite dish pans, strictly first quality	25c
No. 8 all copper wash boiler, made by the Rome Mf'g. Co, the best made	$1.98
Large Japanned bread boxes	40c and 50c
Food cutters, every home should not be without one	50c & 98c

The Racket Store..

"We Scoop 'em All" ON LOW PRICES FOR HARDWARE.

HABERMAN HARDWARE CO.
SOUTH MAIN STREET.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SOME THANKSGIVING FANCIES

THE LEAVINGS.

"Oh, look what a long neck that turkey's got that pa bought! Ain't you glad?"

"Why?"

"'Cause we're goin' to have company for dinner, an' that's all we'll get."

THE UNFORTUNATE GOLFER.

A golfer whose eyes were oblique
Tried to make a swift drive with a clique.
If the ball he should hit
Where he's looking at it,
Why, it wouldn't get back in a wique.

HOP, STEP AND JUMP.

"It seems he met her at a hop, promptly proposed and now they're to be married."

"Strange that he should take that step at a hop."

"She took it at a jump."

THE MEAN MAN.

"Why, Hiram, the train's been and gone and nons of our friends has arrived for Thanksgiving dinner!"

"Well, it isn't so awful queer. You see, I sent them a last year's time table and the train used to leave town fifteen minutes later than it does now."

Dead Giveaway.

"You used to put up some pretty good turkey sandwiches," said the fastidious guest. "I want the same kind of turkey you had last year."

"Dis is de same kind, sah," replied the waiter. "It's been in storage ebeh since last yeah."

Reforming the Expression.

"Yes, the old man tendered me a turkey.'

"Then it was a tender turkey?"

"No, it wasn't. It was tough."

"Then why don't you say he toughened you a turkey?"

Another Pessimist.

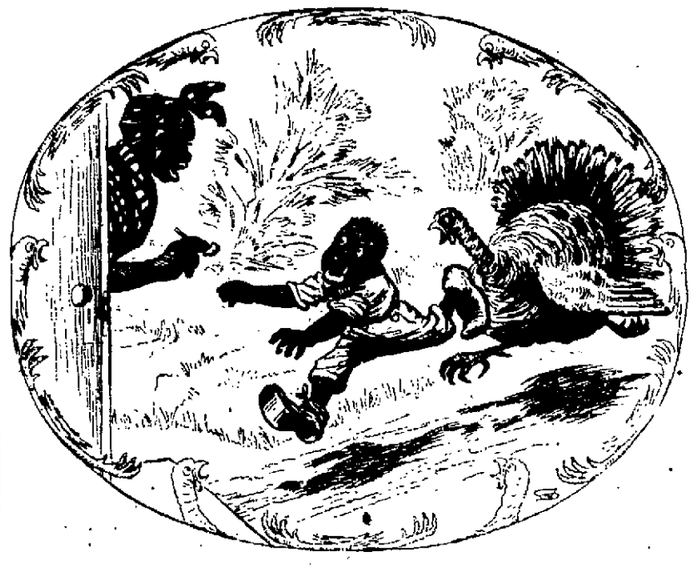
"Do you like Thanksgiving, Willie?"

"Naw."

"Why not?"

"'Cause there's always so much more you want to eat that you can't git in your stumick."

DEAR, THOUGHTFUL LITTLE RASTUS.



Little Rastus: "See, mammy, wot I done fotched home for Thanksgivin'."

DID HIS WORST.

"Now do your worst!" the hero cried
Unto the villain bold.
They saw him act, and then they sighed,
"He did as he was told."

THE PESSIMIST MAKES MOAN.

The melancholy days have come,
The saddest of the year,
With eggs so high they knock you dumb
And turkey awful dear.

How He Felt.

Hungry Harry (as he reaches the point of satiety)—I was starvin', lady, before I begun on this beautiful Thanksgivin' meal.

Mrs. Handoutte—And how do you feel now, poor man?

Hungry Harry (equivocally)—I feel as if I'd like ter be starvin' all over ag'in, lady.

Lucky, After All.

Mrs. Newlywed—Mother writes that she can't be with us this Thanksgiving.

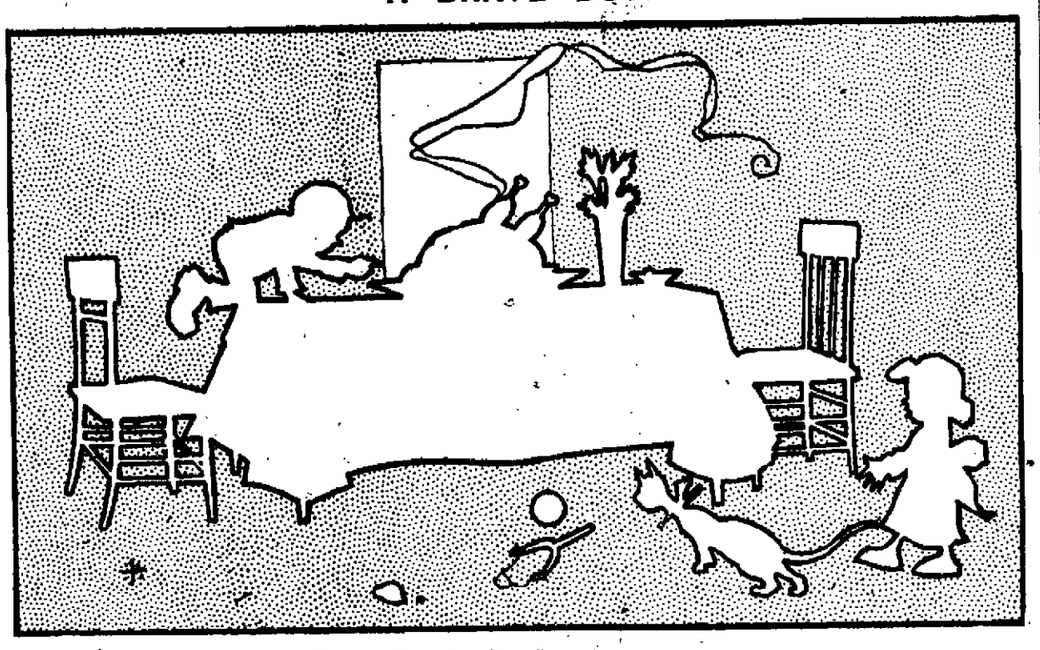
Mr. Newlywed—Gee! And I was just thinking I had nothing to be thankful for.

Nature Helped.

"Did you have any trouble in moving the crops in your county last year?"

"No, we were afraid we were going to, but a cyclone came along and moved them for us."

A BRAVE BOY.



"Jimmy, you get right down off that table or I'll tell ma."

"Aw, what's the matter with you? I ain't doin' nuthin' but just tellin' this old gobbler what I think of him. He chased me all around the yard day before yesterday, an' I want to show him I ain't afraid of him."

PREPARING FOR THE SACRIFICE.

"I eat too much," the turkey cried;
"I eat too much," he sadly sighed;
"I see my finish loom in sight;
And cannot stay my appetite."

THE TURKEY'S LAMENT.

"I wish I lived in bygone days,"
He said with mournful laugh.
"Then when they used to celebrate
They killed the fatted calf."

THE CARVER.

He wields the carving knife with glee,
Then pauses, baffled and distressed.
So do not blame the host if he
Is not as thankful as the rest.

A FRANK PUPIL.

Teacher—How many feet make a yard?

Jimmy—Two, if they're as big as yours!

THE MYSTERY.

"Miss Gezzo says your expression is a constant mystery to her."

"Ah, she cannot read my face?"

"No. She says she cannot tell whether you are holding your breath or you have the mumps."

A WISE CHILD.

Gladys—I don't like this egg, auntie. It's not good.

Auntie—Nonsense, dear. It was only laid yesterday.

Gladys—Well, then, it must have been laid by a bad hen.

A PRACTICAL APPLICATION.

"Jane, do I not hear a male voice in the kitchen?"

"It's only one of my brothers, sir."

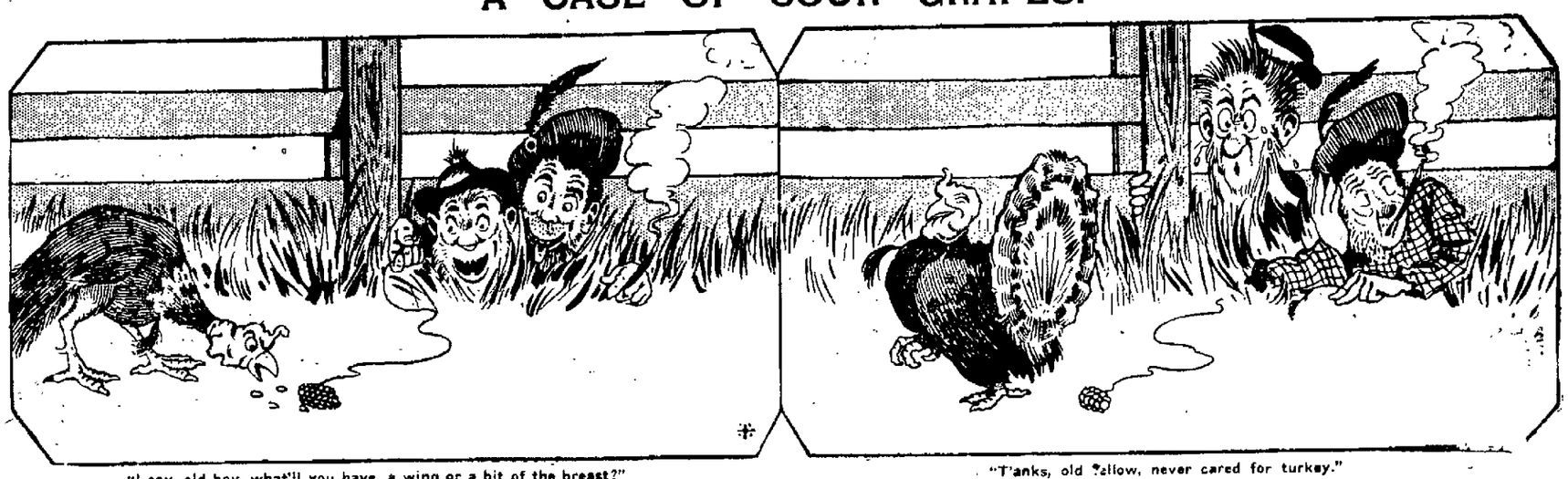
"I was not aware you had any brothers, Jane."

"Neither was I until this morning, sir, when you said in your sermon we was all brothers and sisters."

THE AVERAGE GIRL.

The average girl thinks a man ought to propose to her a hundred times before she accepts him, but usually she is willing to take ninety-nine of the proposals for granted.

A CASE OF SOUR GRAPES.



"I say, old boy, what'll you have, a wing or a bit of the breast?"

"T'anks, old fellow, never cared for turkey."

SAD CASE.

Colors are like horses.
Oft it is the plan
What you think a fast one
Proves an also ran.

WOMAN'S LOVING TRUST.

Now in this age of trusts, alas!
Fair woman plays her part.
The flirty girl lets no chance pass
To syndicate her heart.

KISSES.

Conservatory kisses swiped
Beside some rare exotic
Are great, but social kisses are
Extremely idiotic!

HE HADN'T ANY.

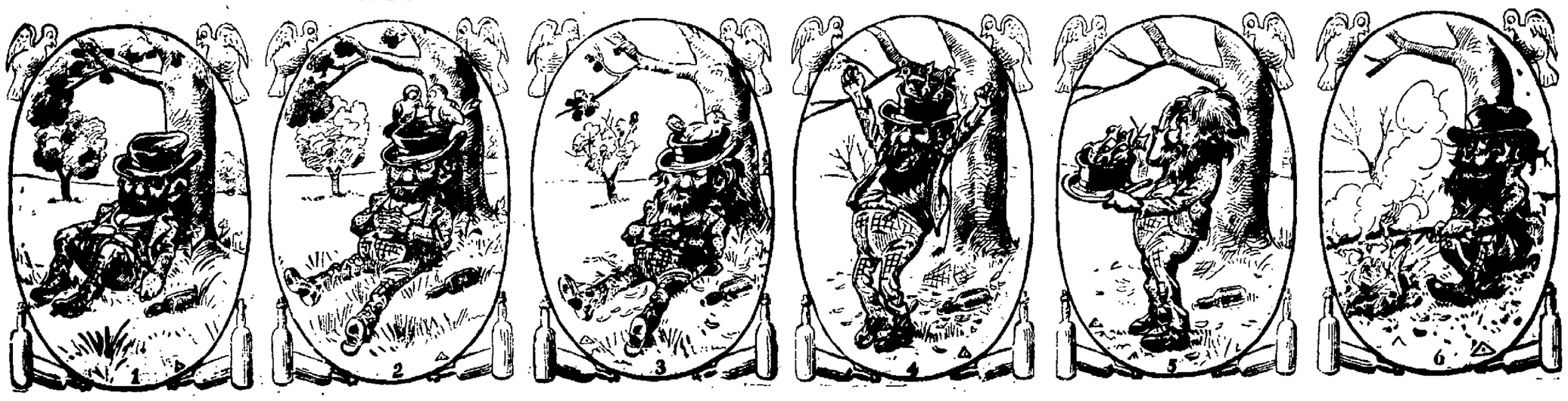
"So Henpeck is dead. Poor fellow! I suppose his last words"—

"Didn't I tell you his wife was at his bedside?"

NO DECEPTION.

Man calls his wife his "better half,"
But that's a sort of bluff.
He can't deceive himself, for she's
The whole thing, sure enough.

WEARY'S UNEXPECTED THANKSGIVING DINNER.



IN FAVOR OF LOCK CANAL

President May Overrule the Consulting Engineers.

FINAL DECISION ISN'T YET MADE

Reports Are To Be Laid Before the President.

Subject To Be Considered Thoroughly Before Final Decision Is Reached—Several Changes In Cabinet Likely Next Year — Secretary of Treasury Shaw's Determination. Moody Will Go to Boston.

Washington, Nov. 21.—Although the board of consulting engineers favors a sea-level canal, it is yet an open question whether the Panama canal shall be a sea-level or a lock waterway. The decision of the board was reached by a vote of 8 to 5 in favor of the sea-level project. General Davis and Messrs. Burr and Parsons joining with the five foreigners against a lock canal. The report of the board of engineers probably will not be submitted to President Roosevelt for five or six weeks. As to the character of the great project the report will not be unanimous. In fact two reports, one by the majority and one by the minority, will be submitted. These reports the president will lay before the canal commission and Chief Engineer Stevens for consideration. Mr. Stevens will come to the United States to take up the subject with the commission and with the president. It can be stated with absolute assurance of accuracy that, while due weight will be given to the decision of the majority of the board of engineers, the authorities who have the final determination to reach will approach the subject with care and deliberation and perfectly open minds. The president has indicated to some of those to whom he has talked that he personally favors a lock canal, but he is determined that the subject shall be considered thoroughly, from all points of view before a final decision is reached.

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, it is announced, will remain in President Roosevelt's cabinet until the conclusion of the approaching session of the federal legislature. Attorney General Moody, having formed a law partnership in Boston, expressed a desire to retire from the cabinet last July. The president persuaded him to remain for another year, and hopes to induce him to remain in the cabinet until a year from the fourth of next March, or until the close of the Fifty-ninth congress. He has not received yet a definite answer from Mr. Moody on that point.

Secretary Hitchcock of the interior department also has indicated his wish to leave the cabinet before the conclusion of President Roosevelt's term of office. But he has informed the president that he will remain with him through the present fiscal year and perhaps longer. No intimation is given of the identity of the successors to Mr. Shaw, Mr. Moody and Mr. Hitchcock.

THE CHURCH BOOKS WILL STAND OPEN

Trustees of Wesley M. E. Church Hold Business Meeting.

The trustees of Wesley M. E. church held their regular quarterly business meeting at the church, Saturday evening, and received reports of the work which has been done during the past three months. It was decided, because of the fact that all accounts have not been settled, to leave the church books stand open until December 15. The meeting was in charge of Dr. J. H. Fitzwater of Delaware, presiding elder of this district.

YOUNG PEOPLE ARE MARRIED SATURDAY

Mr. Joseph Fout and Miss Mabel Hullinger United.

Mr. Joseph Fout and Miss Mabel Hullinger, both of this city, were married Saturday afternoon by Rev. D. H. Bailey at his residence on Oak street. The young people will make their home here.

A successful man is one who is able to persuade others to accept him at his own valuation.

EVERY HOUR OF THE DAY

Flocken's drug store, the reliable Druggists of Marion, are having calls for "Hindipo," the new Kidney Cure and Nerve Tonic that they are selling under a positive guarantee.

Its merits are becoming the talk of the town and everybody wants to try it, and why not? It costs nothing if it don't do you good—not one cent.

They don't want your money if it does not benefit you, and will cheerfully refund the money. Try it today.

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ORGANIZATION IS PERFECTED

Epworth Literary Circle Meets at the Grills Home.

LINE OF STUDIES RELATING TO BIBLE

Officers Elected for the Coming Year and an Interesting Program Is Enjoyed Following the Business Session—The Circle Will Meet Next With Mrs. John H Clark.

The members of the Epworth literary circle met at the home of Mrs. W. J. Grills on the corner of High and Columbia streets Monday afternoon and completed the organization of the circle.

The theme selected for the year was "Woman and the Home" and a line of studies from church history and the bible will be followed.

Each members is to read a certain book of the bible and be prepared for its discussion at the meetings.

The officers elected for the year are Mrs. Frank Sifritt, president; Mrs. W. T. Jones, vice president; Mrs. Swaze Lyon, recording secretary; Mrs. Frederick Carhart, coresponding secretary; Mrs. J. B. Virden, treasurer; Mrs. W. J. Grills, Mrs. W. A. Langbon and Mrs. F. H. Sweetman, members of the executive committee.

Following the business session a paper was read by Mrs. Langbon and Mrs. Sweetman gave a short review.

The circle will hold its next meeting at the home of Mrs. John H. Clark.

LITTLE SETH SMITH DIES AT ADA TUESDAY

Death Is the Result of a Very Brief Illness.

A Son of Dr. and Mrs. A. E. Smith. Announcement Is Received by the Friends in the City With Deep Regret.

Following an operation for appendicitis last Saturday, Seth, the eleven-year-old son of Dr. A. E. Smith, president of the Northern Ohio university at Ada, formerly pastor of Epworth M. E. church in this city, died at Ada Tuesday morning.

The day before becoming ill the little fellow had participated in a very brisk football game, and it was believed that the over exertion and strain brought on the attack of appendicitis. An operation developed, however, that the entire appendix had sloughed away and puss had accumulated in unusual quantity.

Little Seth Smith was a bright, studious boy, the pride of his parents' hearts, and the news of his death will come as a shock to his hundreds of little friends in this city.

The funeral was held at Delaware, Wednesday afternoon, the funeral party arriving here Wednesday morning at 10:15 o'clock and was joined here by friends of the family who attended the service.

OUTSIDE THE CITY.

A Small Robbery—It is reported from Agosta that the home of Mrs. Martha Brady at Agosta was broken into last Sunday and a trunk owned by Mrs. Flora B. Carey was ransacked. The trunk contained some money, a gold watch and a package of letters. The letters were taken.

May Lose Eye—David Crommet, residing near Agosta, may lose the sight of his right eye as a result of a hunting accident, Monday afternoon. He was struck in the eye by a shell which rebounded from his gun. Dr. J. E. Holmes attended him, but is unable to state at this time whether or not the sight can be preserved.

Mysterious Fire—A fire of mysterious origin destroyed the bed of Mrs. Elizabeth Jackson, a widow, residing at Martel, Monday afternoon. The fire occurred while Mrs Jackson was attending the funeral of Mrs. Christopher Glathart, east of Caledonia. It was discovered by some school boys and extinguished by the village bucket brigade before it had communicated to the house. The bed and the bedclothing were destroyed.

Improvement Granted—The county commissioners and Surveyor Edward S. Ault Monday afternoon viewed the line of the proposed Mehaffey ditch in Marion township and the improvement was granted. The commissioners will hold the final hearing November 27. The ditch will be over a mile in length.

Ought To Know Soon.

Governor La Follette ought to house between lectures long enough to decide whether or not he wants that senatorship.—Chicago Tribune.

Marriage opens a few eyes and many purses.

Even a white lie is never as white as it is whitewashed.

If you buy it at Frank's You buy it for Less.

The best possible goods at the lowest possible prices. That's been our slogan ever since we started in business. The larger our business the smaller our profits. Of course we are in business to make money. We would rather, though, do a big business on a small margin than a small business on a large margin. Our business is growing faster in proportion than our expenses. We are doing twice as much business today at a third more expense than it cost us to do half the same amount of business a few years ago. In order to make further gains prices are again lowered. **Now's the time to buy winter goods.**

Genuine Frank reductions. The kind that save you money. The kind you can see with the naked eye. Actual reductions from prices that were right to begin with. It is stocking-up time for you. The prices are interesting.

These unprecedented dress goods savings are only on newest goods

The Dress Goods is the fastest growing department in the store. A good week now is what we used to call a good month, and the end is not in sight. It must continue to grow.

The difference between our prices and other stores' on new fall goods is 25 per cent. and more. We're giving these special inducements to draw new trade, to bring unfamiliar faces to this department, and when you come once, you'll come again. We're going to have the stock, the variety to merit and keep your trade.

Newest $1.50 Dress Goods now $1 yard

The scarce, hard to get weaves in the colors that are in greatest demand, known makes from the best manufacturers, goods that you can't buy elsewhere under $1.50 are now here at $1.00 yard.

Jamestown Cravenettes, the celebrated Meadowbrook line, French Broadcloths, fine Venetians, Novelty or Tailor Effect Worsteds, Henriettas, Serges, etc. hundreds pieces of real elegant fabrics now go at $1.00 yard.

Matchless $1.75 to $2.50 Fabrics now $1.25 and 1.50.

We show undisputed leadership in these splendid fabrics. They are among the finest that come from Europe, goods that are being sold from Maine to California at $2.50 to $1.75 yard; all we ask is $1.50 to $1.25 yard.

Pure Worsteds in checks, figures and stripes, Finest Cravenettes, Silk Crepes, new evening materials, the assortment is tremendous, every yard is just new.

Rare $1.00 Dress Fabrics now 69c yard.

The everyday $1.00 fabrics, just the same values that you always are expected to put up a "plunker" for are now to go for 69c yard. There's a beautiful assortment in this lot. Panamas, Broadcloths, Henriettas, Soliels, Novelty Suitings and others. Black and every good color.

Fine white Cambric, soft finish, full yard wide, a splendid 12½c retail value, while the 20 pieces last 6¾c yard.

50 pieces 15c Twilled Outings for gowns, etc., or fleeced back Waistings, or cotton Eiderdowns, goods in great demand. Our price only 10c yard.

Best staple Calicoes, blues, black and whites, reds, greys, etc., the same goods that sell everywhere at 6c to 7c, here for only 5c yard.

Mill Ends unbleached Muslin, lengths from two to ten yards, the very best 9c quality, 1500 yards to be sold at 6¾c yard.

Mill Ends Table Linens from the finest to the cheapest, several hundred yards to be sold in a hurry, just 50c on the dollar.

3,000 yards good heavy Apron Ginghams, all colors, all size checks and fancies, really worth 7c, our price 5c yard.

Best 15c Dress Ginghams or Bates' Seersuckers, 100 beautiful designs, nothing better made; our sale price 10c yard.

50 dozens women's fancy corded and hemstitched pure linen Handkerchiefs, a rare bargain at 19c; our price only 10c.

300 pounds best Saxony or Germantown Yarn, that's imported into America, best 10c yarn made, white, black and all colors, 7½c skein.

500 yards more of those extra heavy light Outings for gowns, etc. You pay wherever you go 10c; here and here only, 6¾c yard.

We save you 25 to 50 per cent on your winter Underwear.

Down goes the prices of Underwear. You know what reductions mean from Frank's low prices. You never saw such wonderful values before; you couldn't expect to buy winter underwear as cheap even in March.

50c Union Suits for Ladies 25c.

Only one case, 40 dozens, to sell at that price. A genuine 50c Union Suit for 25c. A perfect fitting garment, closely knit, with a warm fleece lining, all sizes, now 25c.

Men's Natural Wool fleeced Underwear 37½c.

Genuine 75c garments in every respect. Pure natural wool Underwear, heavy knit outside, soft wool lining. Every size is here. Cost you wherever you go 75c. While 50 dozens last, our price 37½c.

The best 50c fleeced Ladies Garments 39c

We mean when we say best that it's by all odds the strongest 50c garment we ever saw; extra heavy, the fleece is soft as down; all sizes from the smallest to the largest; a finely finished garment.

Our superior $1.00 Ladies' Union Suits 69c.
Our extra quality 75c Ladies' Union Suits 50c.
Men's natural wool Shirts or Drawers, $1.25 value 75c.
Men's $2.00 camel's hair Shirts or Drawers $1.00.
Ladies' 50c black Underwear, heavily fleeced, 25c.

Last Carpet Sale this year.

Last time during 1905 that we'll mention reduced priced on carpets. When these are gone it's simply out of the question to name equal prices.

Mills have advanced prices from 5c to 25c on the yard. Our new supply will have to be figured on that basis. These carpets which we tell you about her are the best makes and in good patterns. You'll make money if you buy now.

Lot 75c Tapestry Brussels Carpets go for 50c yd.
Lot $1.25 Velvet and Axminster Carpets now go for 75c yd
Best $1.50 Axminster Carpets reduced to $1.00 yd
Will save you $3.50 to $15 00 on every room size rug.

500 pairs $1 Cotton Blankets 79c a pair.

Large fluffy cotton Blankets that measure 68x78 inches, large enough for any purpose, just the nicest possible made blankets. These come plain white or white, grey and tan, with pretty borders. You simply can't match them any place under $1.00. Our price is 79c pr.

200 pairs $1.25 cotton Blankets reduced to 99c pair.
100 pairs $4.50 all wool blanketets go for $3.49 pr.
50 pairs $5.50 all wool Blankets go for $4.49 pair.

Special sale Corsets at 50c to $1.00.

Going to boom the Corset department, going to treble our Corset business.

There's only one sure way to do it—give the best values, make it plain to every woman that she can always get the best Corsets for the money and you'll get her business.

For instance, see these:

At 50c choice of ten distinct Corset models, some are worth $1.00, have every feature of the best $1.00 Corsets, materials are just as good, have hose supporters attached.

See them, you will save 25c to 50c on every one you buy.

At $1.00, extra $1.50 values. These latest models to date: some are late copies of $5.00 and $7.00 French models, a great opportunity for sure.

If you come here for a Cloak or Suit you will choose from Marion's great assortment at Marion's lowest prices.

Who disputes our Cloak superiority? No one here in Marion. The greatest garment business in the city is done here, and it's easy to understand why we do it:

We give you better Cloaks for the money. We mark Novelties at the small, small profit which all staple garments are figured. We don't try to see how much a garment will bring, but how little we can afford to sell it for, and our sales are growing as never before.

These prices would cause a furore in January.

Swell 42-inch Kersey Coats $9 98.

These coats are made from the best all wool Kersey—castor and tan, a beautiful new Empire model, yoke, and sleeves satin lined. Positively worth $15.00.

New 50-inch ripple back Covert Coats $12.50.
New 48-inch ripple back mixtures $10.00.
New 48 to 52 inch ripple back Kerseys $12.50 up.

Last Rain Coat Cut. $15.00 Coats $9.98.

These swell London box rain coats, the most practical as well as the prettiest rain coats we ever had on sale. Rare bargains at $15.00, now $9.98.

Any new $17.50 Rain Coat now $12.50.
Any new $20.00 Rain Coat now $15.00.

You will find them only at Frank's.

Lot odd $25 and $35 Coats now $15.

Selling lot plum, black and fancy Coats, swell garments, but one of a kind. They sold at $25.00 to $35.00, and will close out quickly at $15.00.

$50.00 black Kersey Coats, Persian lamb collars and cuffs, $22.50.

$30.00 fur lined Coats, brown fur collars, $15.00.
Full fur lined black Kersey Coats $10.00.

Last cut on Suits $5 98 and $9.75.

Lot misses' $12.50 Broadcloth Suits, with satin lined coats, blue, red, green, brown, now $5.98. Suits, one of a kind, that sold up to $39.00, are to go in this sale at $9.75. All other suits reduced.

Buy your Christmas Furs now.

And allow us to tell you why choicer Furs can be had now than later on. The best furs sell first, with the maker as well as with us. Assortments now are larger. Fact is, we have three times as many furs now as at any previous time.

We'll save you money, too, if you can decide now.

Pretty natural squirrel ties, fashion's latest fancy, $5.00 to $15.00.

Isabella opossum scarfs, long or short, $15.00 down to $2.98.

Jap mink scarfs, $10.00 to $25.00.

Isabella fox scarfs, hundreds to select from, $39.00 down to $7.50.

We have muffs to match every scarf, all kinds and shapes, $5.00 to $25.00.

D. A. FRANK & CO.

GEORGE CUBBISON IN THE WORKHOUSE

Enters a Plea of Guilty to Charge of Non-Support.

Four times George Cubbison has been arrested on the charge of non-support and as many times released. Monday evening he was arrested for the fifth time on the same charge and Justice Charles H. Conley sentenced him to ninety days in the Columbus workhouse. Cubbison must pay all costs and will be in the workhouse about four months.

The affidavit against Cubbison was filed by J. W. Fish, officer for the Marion County Humane society, who charged him with having failed to support Ethel, his thirteen-year-old daughter. His wife relates that during the past few months she has been working and providing for herself and daughter.

Cubbison was arrested in a saloon Monday night by Officer Fish and pleaded guilty when taken before Justice Conley. He was taken to Columbus Tuesday morning.

There are more suckers on dry land than in the water.

HOME OF BENJAMIN CLARK IS BURNED

An Early Morning Fire in East Marion.

A fire in the kitchen range at the home of Benjamin Clark, at the corner of Church and Charles street, set fire to the wall, Tuesday at 8:30 o'clock, and before the fire could be extinguished damage to the amount of $500 was done.

Mrs. Clark was at the home of a neighbor and when she returned home found the house filled with smoke. The alarm was sounded and all of the furniture in the lower rooms was removed. The fire department responded and soon had the fire under control.

The loss is covered by insurance.

Not in a Day.

If Russia's revolutionaries had more sense they would appreciate that the transformation from despotism to democracy cannot be made in a day.—Chicago News.

Some men have so much book learning that they have no room for common sense.

EXCURSION PARTY LEAVES FOR TEXAS

Guests of the Southwestern Land & Improvement Company.

The Southwestern Land & Improvement company of this city, of which H. R. Young is the secretary, started a personally conducted excursion out of this city, Tuesday, for a tour of the gulf coast portion of Texas.

About twenty from Marion and Wyandot counties composed the party.

Goes to Costa Rica.

Guy Stoltz, who has been conducting a mining engineer's office at Salt Lake City for the past six months, returned home Monday evening for a short visit with his parents. He will leave next week for Costa Rica, where he has accepted a position as superintendent of the Corinthian Mines & Mills. The mines are operated by an American company and Mr. Stoltz received the appointment after his ability had been thoroughly investigated.

"MANHATTAN" FOR QUALITY.

PAJAMAS

A most representative showing of perfectly tailored Pajamas.

It may seem strange to speak of tailoring Pajamas, but good ones require tailoring as well as other garments.

We're showing a wide range of new patterns in Pajamas and Night Robes.

PAJAMAS $1.50 TO $4.00.
NIGHT ROBES 48c TO $2.00.

The Manhattan.

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